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Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2009

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date \mathcal{O}

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Mr. Randy Schexnavder, Superintendent, and Members of the Vermilion Parish School Board Abbeville, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Vermilion Parish School Board (the School Board), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School Board's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School Board, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 19, 2009 on our consideration of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and important for assessing the results of our audit.

Member of: AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS The management's discussion and analysis and the other required supplementary information on pages 4 through 15 and pages 63 through 65, respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 69 through 95 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (pages 101-102) is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations", and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the School Board. Such information, except for that portion marked "unaudited" on which we express no opinion, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana November 19, 2009

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (RSI)

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VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Vermilion Parish School Board's financial performance provides an overall review of the School Board's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School Board's financial performance as a whole. The reader should read this discussion in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements, which are all included in this report, to enhance their understanding of the Vermilion Parish School Board's financial performance.

The MD&A is an element of Required Supplementary Information specified in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 (Statement). Certain comparative information between the current year (2008-09) and the prior year (2007-08) is required to be presented in the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

It has been almost four years since Hurricane Rita slammed into the Gulf Coast causing unprecedented damage to Vermilion Parish. The storm had a devastating impact on our community and in particular, the Vermilion Parish School System. The rebuilding effort began immediately after the storm and continues today. As of the date of this report, most of the renovations to existing facilities have been completed, but the construction of a new elementary school is beginning as the 2009-2010 fiscal year gets underway.

In the fall of 2008, Hurricane Ike caused flood damage once again to five of our schools. Unlike Hurricane Rita, however, the Board had adequate flood insurance coverage in place. These facilities were immediately cleaned and all students were back in school within ten days of the storm. This 2008-2009 fiscal year financial report has substantial activity related to this storm recovery.

No one could have imagined the degree of devastation that these storms could create. We are pleased to report that as of the date of this report, the Board's financial condition is strong. However, the 2009-2010 fiscal year will bring financial challenges to the Board and management.

Construction has begun on a new elementary school in the northern part of the parish. This new school will be called "LeBlanc Elementary School" and will have a capacity of 875 students. The facility is being financed primarily by FEMA reimbursements for the replacement of an elementary school in the southern part of the parish which was damaged by Hurricane Rita, and by a Community Development Block Grant intended to help in storm recovery.

The School Board's net assets increased by \$0.5 million from July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2009 (prior to a prior period adjustment of \$1.4 million) as reported in the Statement of Activities on page 19. An analysis of the major revenues components is as follows:

Operating Grants – Operating grants and contributions for the Vermilion Parish School Board were \$20.5 million for 2008-09. This is an increase of \$2.3 million over the previous 2007-08 fiscal year. This increase is the result of increased federal funding related to the Hurricane Rita recovery effort.

Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) – MFP is the funding formula from the state for school systems in Louisiana. The funding is based on a formula with many variables and two (2) basic levels of funding. Level one (1) funding is based on the number of students enrolled in the school system. Level two (2) funding is based on the dollar amount of local funding. The more local tax support received by a District, the more state support (MFP) we receive through level two funding. The School Board receives a 40 percent match in level two funding from the state for local funding

exceeding an established minimum amount. The unrestricted portion of the MFP funding was \$40.1 million during 2008-09 as compared to 39.4 million for 2007-08.

Ad Valorem Taxes – Ad valorem taxes collected for general and specific purposes, and for debt services was \$11.6 million for 2008-09 compared to \$9.9 million for the previous 2007-08 fiscal year.

Sales Taxes – Sales tax collections were \$7.9 million during the 2008-09 fiscal year which represents a 5% decrease from the prior year. Early indications are that sales tax revenues will continue to decline through the 2009-10 fiscal year.

Rentals, Leases and Royalties -16^{th} section revenues, which include oil and gas leases and royalties, as well as surface rentals, totaled \$6.9 million for the 2008-09 fiscal year compared to \$8.9 million for the 2007-08 fiscal year.

General – The other revenues of the School Board remained relatively stable when compared to prior years.

The expenses of the School Board, as reported in the Statement of Activities, were \$90.6 million in 2008-09. The major expense components are as follows:

Salaries and related benefits - Salaries and related benefits are the School Board's largest expense items. Salaries and related benefits account for \$67.3 million or 74.3% of total expenses.

State Legislation provided that not less than 50% of each school district's increased State funding from the implementation of the MFP formula is to be used to supplement and enhance full-time certificated staff salaries and retirement benefits". The State gave certificated employees throughout the state an annual raise of \$1,019 beginning with the 2008-2009 fiscal year. Vermilion Parish received less in the MFP growth than was needed to fund the raise, so the Board received the balance through supplemental funding. No additional raise, therefore, was required for the 2008-09 fiscal year.

As of April 25, 2002, the Board established a partially self-funded health insurance program which is being administered by United HealthCare, a third party administrator. On May 1, 2008 and 2009, the beginning of the last two policy years, the premiums were not adjusted. The School Board's contribution to the health insurance program increased from \$5.7 million in 2007-08 to \$5.9 million in 2008-09.

Operation & Maintenance of Plant Services – The cost of maintaining parish facilities increased from \$7.7 million in 2007-08 to \$9.2 million in 2008-09. This increase is the direct result of the recovery effort after Hurricane Ike.

Facilities acquisition and construction – The Board spent 1.0 million for facilities acquisition and construction which represents an decrease of 0.2 million from the previous year. This decrease was the result of a reduction in capital improvement projects.

Debt Service Payments - The debt service activity remained relatively consistent with the previous year.

Capital Projects – Two construction projects were accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund during the 2008-09 fiscal year. The Board is finalizing the constructing of a new gymnasium at a parish middle school and is in the process of constructing a new cafeteria at a parish elementary school.

USING THIS FINANCIAL REPORT

This financial report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Vermilion Parish School Board as a whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the School Board as a whole and present a longer-term view of the School Board's financial picture. Also included in the financial statements are the Fund Financial Statements, which report on governmental activities of the School Board.

These statements provide more detail than the government-wide financial statements about the services that were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending in the School Board's more significant funds as well as all other nonmajor funds. The General Fund is Vermilion Parish School Board's most significant fund.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL BOARD AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the School Board as a whole and its activities in a way to try to inform the reader as to how the School Board did financially during the 2008-09 fiscal year.

In short, is the School Board better off financially or is it worse off financially than it was this time last year? These statements report all assets and liabilities of the School Board on the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting considers all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School Board's net assets and the change in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School Board as a whole, the financial position of the School Board improved or declined. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors affecting the School Board include the state of the oil and gas industry, the parish's sales and property tax bases and the state and federal government's continued funding.

A change in reporting for the Statement of Net Assets is the inclusion of Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) liabilities as required by GASB Statement No. 45. These requirements are described in note 13 on page 54. The net effect of this reporting requirement is to include an additional \$3.5 million in long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Assets.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report the governmental activities of the School Board. Most of the School Board's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operating and maintenance of plant, student transportation, and child nutrition programs.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL BOARD'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School Board's major funds begins on page 22. Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about the School Board's major funds. The School Board uses many funds to account

for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School Board's most significant funds. The School Board's only major governmental funds for the 2008-09 fiscal year are the General Fund and the Special Federal Revenue Fund.

The Vermilion Parish School Board's non-major governmental funds for the 2009 fiscal year are the 1996 and 1998 Ad Valorem Tax Funds, the Titles I, II, III, IV and V Funds, the Education Excellence Fund, the IDEA Fund, the Pre-School Flow-Through Fund, the Federal and State Adult Education Funds, the School Lunch/Breakfast Fund, the Region IV Education Service Center fund, the TASC Fund, the TANF Fund, the Reading First Fund, the Debt Service Fund, and the Trust Fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the School Board's activities are reported as governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental funds' statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School Board's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

On April 25, 2002, the School Board established a partially self-insured group health insurance program. A separate internal service fund was created to accumulate funds designated for the payment of health care claims, insurance and associated costs of school system employees, retirees and their covered dependants. The School Board has procured insurance with both a specific and aggregate stop loss. Transactions related to meeting the claims incurred in these areas are accounted for in the Internal Service Proprietary Fund. Expenses in the Group Insurance Fund are recognized as claims are incurred. Liabilities are recognized for incurred but unpaid claims. The Internal Service Proprietary Fund transactions are reported on pages 27 through 29 in a separate section consisting of a Statement of Net Assets; a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets; and a Statement of Cash Flows.

THE SCHOOL BOARD AS TRUSTEE

Reporting the School Board's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School Board is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its School Activity Fund and the Sales Tax Fund. All of the School Board's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Comparative Statement of Assets and Liabilities, accompanied by supporting schedules on pages 92 through 95. These activities have been excluded from the School Board's other financial statements because the School Board cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The School Board is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Non-Expendable Trust Fund

As explained in note 17 on page 60, the Vermilion Parish School Board established the Daniel R. Dartez Education Public Trust on June 11, 1996. The Trust was established from excess oil and gas revenues and was set-up to help meet the capital outlay needs of the School System. The Trust is administered by a board of trustees which consists of individuals charged with the responsibility of maintaining a high quality investment portfolio which maximizes income within acceptable levels of risk. The trustees operate

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independent of the School Board, but the trust earnings are dedicated to the School Board. The activities of the Trust Fund are reported in a separate Comparative Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance on pages 89 and 90.

The School Board as a Whole

\$10.3 million of the \$73.5 million of net assets at June 30, 2009 were restricted. Restricted net assets are reported separately to show legal constraints from trust and debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School Board's ability to use those net assets for day-to-day operations. The following analysis focuses on the net assets (Table 1) and change in net assets (Table 2) of the School Board's governmental activities.

Table 1Governmental ActivitiesNet AssetsJune 30, 2009(In Millions)

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2008)

	Year Ended June 30		
	2009	2008	
Assets			
Current and other assets	\$ 52.9	\$ 53.3	
Capital assets	46.6	41.2	
Total assets	\$ 99.5	\$ 94.5	
Liabilities			
Current and other liabilities	\$ 14.9	\$ 13.6	
Long-term liabilities	11.1	6.3	
Total liabilities	\$ 26.0	\$ 19.9	
Net assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of debt	\$ 43.2	\$ 38.8	
Restricted	10.3	11.3	
Unrestricted	20.0	24.5	
Total net assets	\$ 73.5	\$ 74.6	

The balance of \$20.0 million in unrestricted-undesignated assets represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations.

The results of this year's operations for the School Board as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities on page 19. Table 2 reports the information from the Statement of Activities in a different format so that total revenue for the year can be more easily identifiable.

Table 2 Governmental Activities Changes in Net Assets Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Millions)

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2008)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Ended 1e 30
	2009	2008
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 0.7	\$ 0.7
Operating grants and contributions	20.5	18.2
Capital grants and contributions	0.0	0.0
General revenues:		
Ad valorem taxes	11.6	9.9
Sales taxes	7.9	8.3
State equalization	40.1	39.4
Rentals, leases and royalties	6.9	8.9
Other general revenues	3.4	3,4
Total revenues	<u>\$ 91.1</u>	<u>\$ 88.8</u>
Functions/Program Expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular programs	\$ 34.3	\$ 34.4
Special education programs	11.2	10.1
Vocational programs	2.5	2.1
Other instructional programs	4.9	4.4
Support services:		
Pupil support services	4.6	4.1
Instructional staff support services	4.0	3.8
General administration	2.9	2.5
School administration	4.3	3.8
Business services	1.5	0.7
Plant services	9.2	7.7
Student transportation services	4.6	4.2
Central services	0.7	0.6
Food services	4.8	4.3
Facilities acquisition & construction	1.1	1.2
Community services programs	0.0	0.0
Debt service -		
Interest on long-term obligations	0.0	0.0
Total expenses	<u>\$90.6</u>	<u>\$ 83,9</u>
Increase (Decrease) in net assets	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 4.9</u>

A summary of Vermilion Parish School Board's 2008-09 revenues and expenditures is presented below:

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Governmental Activities

As reported in the Statement of Activities on page 19, the net cost of governmental activities this year was \$69.5 million. The taxpayers in the parish provided \$19.5 million in ad valorem and sales tax revenues to help meet the total cost of governmental activities. The state contributed \$40.1 million through the Minimum Foundation Program (MFP), which is the main funding source for the School Board. The balance of the cost of governmental activities for the year was provided through state and Federal grants and from revenues from Board owned property.

The cost of governmental activities exceeding restricted state and Federal grants and charges for services must be paid by the citizens of Vermilion Parish and unrestricted state grants. The following presentation shows the portion of governmental activities that must be paid by the citizens of Vermilion Parish and unrestricted state grants.

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Table 3 presents the total cost of each of the School Board's five largest functions – regular programs, special education programs, other instructional programs, plant services, and food services, as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the School Board's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3 Governmental Activities Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Millions)

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2008

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
Regular programs	\$34.3	\$34.4	\$(32.8)	\$(30.8)
Special education programs	11.2	10.1	(9.4)	(8.2)
Other instructional programs	4.9	4.4	0.1	(0.6)
Plant services	9.2	7.7	(4.2)	(5.1)
Food services	4.8	4.3	(0.5)	(0.1)
Subtotal	\$64.4	\$60.9	\$(46.8)	\$(44.8)
All others	26.2	23.0	(22.7)	(20.2)
Total	\$90.6	\$83.9	\$(69.5)	\$(65.0)

The School Board Funds

The School Board uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Accounting for money for particular purposes in different funds helps the reader to determine whether the School Board is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and it may also give the reader more insight into the School Board's overall financial health.

Major Funds - The General Fund is one of the School Board's two major funds for the 2008-09 fiscal year. The General Fund's total fund balance at June 30, 2009 was \$22.7 million. The Board reserved \$12.0 million of the end of year fund balance for specific purposes. An additional \$0.2 million has been reserved for inventory.

The standard recommendation is to have at least 10% of the General Fund's budgeted expenditures in unrestricted fund balance. However, because of the Board's reliance on oil and gas, a contingent source of revenue, the goal of Vermilion Parish School Board's management has been 15%.

The other major fund this year is the Special Federal Revenue Fund. The volume of federal allocations related to Hurricane Rita recovery has caused this fund to be classified as a major fund. The revenue from this fund has increased from \$5.5 million in 2007-08 to \$6.6 million in 2008-09. The increase in revenue is directly attributable to an increase in storm recovery reimbursements.

Non-major Governmental Funds – The non-major funds' fund balances were generally stable with a small decrease in their total fund balances.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The School Board, in accordance with state law, must adopt a budget on the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds prior to September 15 of each year. In accordance with state law the School Board may have variances of 5 percent of total revenues or expenditures in a fund before it is legally required to amend the budget. The School Board adopted its 2008-09 budget on September 4, 2008, and revised the budget on June 18, 2009. In the revision, the total original General Fund budgeted revenues increased by 6.2% or \$3.5 million from \$53.2 million to \$56.7 million. The total budgeted General Fund expenditures increased from the original budget to the final budget by \$3.4 million or 4.6%.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Capital Assets of the School Board used in performance of general School Board functions are recorded in the Fund Financial Statements as expenditures when purchased. The amount represents the original cost of the assets. Depreciation of capital assets is not recognized in the Fund Financial Statements as explained in the notes to the basic financial statements. In the Government-wide Financial Statements the capital assets are recorded as assets at their original cost at the time of purchase or fair market value, if donated. Depreciation of capital assets has been recognized in the Government-wide Financial Statements.

At June 30, 2009 the School Board had \$46.7 million invested in land, buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment, net of depreciation. Net capital assets remained relatively consistent with the prior fiscal year. In accordance with State guidelines, effective with the 2002-03 fiscal year, items costing less than \$1,000 were considered supplies and are not capitalized. Beginning July 1, 2008, however, items costing less than \$5,000 are considered supplies. Table 4 presents capital assets net of depreciation at June 30, 2009.

Table 4Governmental ActivitiesCapital Assets at Year-endNet of DepreciationJune 30, 2009

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2009)

	2009	2008
Land	\$ 2,003,884	\$ 1,980,787
Construction in Progress	3,840,122	3,098,546
Buildings and improvements	37,877,712	31,843,295
Furniture and equipment	<u>2,965,161</u>	4,247,444
Total	<u>\$46.686.879</u>	<u>\$41,170,072</u>

Debt

At June 30, 2009, the school board had \$3,465,000 in certificates of indebtedness outstanding. Of this amount outstanding, \$365,000 is due within one year. Table 5 summarizes bonds and limited tax certificates of indebtedness outstanding at June 30, 2009.

Table 5 Governmental Activities Outstanding Debt June 30, 2009

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2008)

	2009	2008
Certificates of Indebtedness:		
Series 2002 – Central Facility Construction	\$ 230,000	\$ 300,000
Series 2003 – Refinanced Existing Certificates (Series 1997/1998/1999)	0	55,000
Series 2008 – Middle School Gymnasium	1,835,000	2,000,000
Series 2009 - Elementary School Cafeteria	1,400,000	0
Total	\$3,465,000	\$2,355,000

The proceeds of the Series 2002 certificates of indebtedness were used to construct a print shop/technology center at the central office. The certificates will be paid out in 2012.

The proceeds of the Series 2003 certificates of indebtedness were used to refinance the Series 1997, Series 1998 and Series 1999 certificates of indebtedness which were used to construct a cafeteria/kitchen renovation and expansion at Dozier Elementary School and multi-purpose buildings at Eaton Park Elementary School, Herod Elementary School, Kaplan Elementary School and Jesse Owens Elementary School. The certificates will be paid out in 2009.

The proceeds of the Series 2008 certificates of indebtedness were used to construct a gymnasium at Rene Rost Middle School. The certificates will be paid out in 2018.

The proceeds of the Series 2009 certificates of indebtedness were used to construct a cafeteria at Meaux. Elementary School. The certificates will be paid out in 2019.

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The state limits the amount of general obligation debt that school boards can issue to 35 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the School Board's corporate limits. At June 30, 2009, Vermilion Parish School Board's maximum legal debt limit was \$131,901,490. The District's outstanding general obligation bonded debt of \$3,465,000 is well below the maximum debt limit.

Other long-term obligations of the School Board include accrued vacation pay and sick leave and net Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB). More detailed information about our long-term obligations is presented in note 7 to the basic financial statements.

FOR THE FUTURE

As of the end of the fiscal year, the Vermilion Parish School Board was continuing to recover from the effects of Hurricanes Rita and Ike. The General Fund unreserved/undesignated fund balance of \$10.5 million as of June 30, 2009 was 14.2% of the 2009-10 budgeted expenditures. In addition to this unrestricted fund balance, the Board has reserved \$5 million to cover reductions in MFP and oil & gas revenues for the 2008-2009 fiscal year. An additional \$5 million has been reserved for hurricane recovery and \$2 million for FEMA contingencies.

The Trust Fund has an accumulated value in excess of \$10 million as of the end of the fiscal year. The Board is continuing its' long-term practice of reducing the reliance on oil and gas revenues. In 1990, oil and gas revenues represented 22% of the General Fund budgeted revenues. Beginning in 2008-09, the Board has completely removed this volatile source of revenue from the General Fund budget.

As of the date of this report, management is attempting to finalize the recovery process and construct a new elementary school. Renovations to school facilities must be completed so that students and faculty can return to normalcy and continue in the educational process that they have become accustomed to. The main financial focus however, is to stabilize our financial future.

MFP revenues are anticipated to be \$2.5 million less in 2009-10 than the previous year. After a report from the Board's mineral consultant, the rentals, leases and royalties revenue projection for 2009-10 has been revised to be \$4.0 million less than last fiscal year. Sales tax revenues are now expected to be \$1.2 million less in 2009-10 than the 2008-2009 fiscal year. State retirement systems are considering recommendations to increase required employer contributions. If approved as recommended, the cost to the Board will be in excess of \$2.5 million. As a direct result of these issues, the Board has directed management to review the entire budget and bring recommendations to stabilize the financial outlook of the Vermilion Parish School System.

As the System moves along this course, we must exercise financial caution until the revenues are on a sound financial footing. It is important that we continue conducting the financial operations of the School System in a conservative and responsible manner.

On May 2, 2009, the citizens of Vermilion Parish approved the levy of a $\frac{1}{2}$ cent sales tax dedicated to the salaries and benefits of all employees. This vote of support will allow our school system to maintain the quality of education here in the parish. It will continue to provide educational opportunities that allow our children to be successful. Additionally, the revenue generated will increase Vermilion's local contribution and will eventually increase the MFP revenues.

Although the administration has concerns about recent financial issues, if we continue in a fiscally conservative manner, we will be able to address all of those concerns.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School Board's finances and to show the School Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Phillip Sellers, Chief Financial Officer, Vermilion Parish School Board, P.O. Drawer 520, Abbeville, LA 70511-0520 or call at (337) 898-5705 or e-mail to <u>psellers@vrml.k12.la.us</u>.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

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VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

Abbeville, Louisiana

Statement of Net Assets Governmental Activities June 30, 2009

ASSETS

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Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 35,323,870
Investments	8,752,449
Receivables	8,485,384
Inventories	315,378
Prepaid expense	1,305
Capital assets, net	46,686,879
Total assets	99,565,265
LIABILITIES	
Accounts, salaries and other payables	14,546,531
Deferred revenue	335,528
Interest payable	32,756
Long-term liabilities	-
Due within one year	2,265,000
Due in more than one year	8,855,141
Total liabilities	26,034,956
	20,001,000
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	43,189,123
Restricted for:	
Trust principal	10,022,298
Debt service	285,557
Unrestricted	20,033,331
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Total net asssets	\$ 73,530,309
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

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Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

		Prog	am Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities	
Governmental activities:					
Instruction:					
Regular programs	\$ 34,253,685	s -	\$ 1,409,140	\$ (32,844,545)	
Special education programs	11,182,002	27,637	1,767,445	(9,386,920)	
Vocational education programs	2,526,658	-	147,434	(2,379,224)	
Other instructional programs	862,883	-	1,848,982	986,099	
Special programs	3,945,614	-	3,089,584	(856,030)	
Adult and continuing education programs	136,994	-	67,638	(69,356)	
Support services:	•				
Pupil support services	4,579,964	-	1,403,029	(3,176,935)	
Instructional staff support services	4,020,587	-	1,105,693	(2,914,894)	
General administration	2,839,967	-	136,948	(2,703,019)	
School administration	4,363,629	-	•	(4,363,629)	
Business services	1,464,895	-	529,400	(935,495)	
Operation and maintenance of plant services	9,219,581	-	4,969,820	(4,249,761)	
Student transportation services	4,605,170	56,651	119,140	(4,429,379)	
Central services	726,710	-	200,679	(526,031)	
Non-instructional services:					
Food services	4,756,481	596,837	3,666,982	(492,662)	
Community service programs	40,489		-	(40,489)	
Facilities acquisition and contraction	1,032,241	-	-	(1,032,241)	
Interest on long-term dobt	85,492	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(85,492)	
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 90,643,042</u>	\$ 681,125	\$ 20,461,914	(69,500,003)	

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Taxes:	
Ad valorem taxes, levied for general purposes	1,571,232
Ad valorem taxes, levied for special purposes	9,997,950
Sales and use taxes, levied for general purposes	7,901,461
State revenue sharing	139,292
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific progra	m1S:
State source - Minimum Foundation Program	40,146,429
State source - PIPS	142,352
Interest and investment earnings	(222,491)
Rentals, leases and royalties	6,884,260
Miscellaneous	3,385,493
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(5,269)
Total general revenues	69,940,709
Change in net assets	440,706
Net assets - July 1, 2008	74,539,468
Prior period adjustment	(1,449,865)
Net assets - June 30, 2009	\$ 73,530,309

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

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MAJOR FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

General Fund

The General fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Federal Revenue Fund

This Special Fund is used to account for federal grants such as Public Assistance Grants (FEMA), Technology Literacy Challenge Grants, Carl Perkings Vocational Education Grants, Job Training Partnership Act Grants and other grants which are not accounted for in other special revenue funds.

Balarice Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2009

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	General	Special Federal Revenue Fund	Other Governmental	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$25,731,262	\$ 46,791	\$ 5,793,023	\$31,571,076
Investments	-	-	8,752,449	8,752,449
Receivables	1,995,322	3,105,897	3,285,078	8,386,297
Due from other funds	5,869,770	-	29,539	5,899,309
Inventories	187,011	-	128,367	315,378
Accrued interest receivable	82,604	-	-	82,604
Prepaid expenses	1,305	•		1,305
Total assets	<u>\$33,867,274</u>	\$ 3,152,688	\$17,988,456	\$55,008,418
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilitics:				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,567,837	\$ 11,622	\$ 59,747	\$ 1,639,206
Accrued salaries payable	9,355,336	97,637	1,703,690	11,156,663
Contracts payable	-	-	118,748	118,748
Retainage payable	165,877	•	112,372	278,249
Due to other funds	29,539	3,043,429	2,826,341	5,899,309
Deferred revenue	54,612	-	280,916	335,528
Other liabilities	5,299	<u> </u>		5,299
Total liabilities	11,178,500	3,152,688	5,101,814	19,433,002
Fund balances-				
Reserved for -				
Other purposes	187,011	•	128,367	315,378
FEMA contingencies	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000
Hurricane Recovery	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000
Fiscal Year 2008-2009 Revenue Shortfall	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000
Debt service	•	-	285,557	285,557
Construction	-	-	1,106,527	1,106,527
Held in trust for capital improvements			10,022,298	10,022,298
Total fund balances reserved	12,187,011	<u> </u>	11,542,749	23,729,760
Unreserved -				10 501 663
Undesignated, reported in major funds	10,501,763	-	-	10,501,763
Undesignated, reported in nonmajor funds:			1.0.49.000	1 0 40 000
Special Revenue		<u> </u>	1,343,893	1,343,893
Total fund balances unreserved	10,501,763		1,343,893	11,845,656
Total fund balances	22,688,774	<u>_</u>	12,886,642	35,575,416
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$33,867,274	\$ 3,152,688	<u>\$17,988,456</u>	\$55,008,418

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

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Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

Total fund balances for governmental funds at June 30, 2009		\$ 35,575,416
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those		
assets consist of:		
Land	\$ 2,003,884	
Construction in progress	3,840,122	
Building, net of \$40,989,445 accumulated depreciation	18,116,697	
Improvement, net of \$18,571,037 accumulated depreciation	19,761,015	
Vehicles, net of \$3,375,034 accumulated depreciation	2,164,087	
Equipment, net of \$1,758,114 accumulated depreciation	801,074	46,686,879
Elimination of interfund assets and liabilities:		
Due from other funds	5,899,309	
Due to other funds	(5,899,309)	- ·
Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2009:		
Bonds payable	(3,465,000)	
Compensated absences payable	(4,148,716)	
Net OPEB obligation payable	(3,506,425)	•
Accrued interest payable	(32,756)	(11,152,897)
Assets and liabilities of Self - Insurance Internal Service	, ,	2,420,911
Net assets at June 30, 2009		<u> </u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

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Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

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	General	Special Federal Revenue Fund	Other Governmental	Tota]
Revenues			Gotermiteater	1014
Local sources:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,571,232	S -	\$ 9,997,950	\$ 11,569,182
Sales taxes	7,901,461	-	-	7,901,461
Food services		-	596,837	596,837
Other	10,647,828	-	(470,086)	10,177,742
Total local sources	20,120,521		10,124,701	30,245,222
State sources	42,329,374	-	2,330,555	44,659,929
Federal sources		6,628,269	9,296,419	15,924,688
Other commodities	-	-,,	263,903	263,903
Total revenues	62,449,895	6,628,269	22,015,578	91,093,742
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction -				
Regular programs	29,525,822	202,918	2,136,240	31,864,980
Special education programs	8,623,393	96,501	1,669,372	10,389,266
Vocational education programs	2,204,703	147,434	•	2,352,137
Other instructional programs	772,025	20,511	-	792,536
Special programs	504,095	-	3,149,946	3,654,041
Adult and continuing education programs	3,213	-	123,920	127,133
Support services -				
Pupil support services	2,875,532	6 6, 3 5 3	1,337,918	4,279,803
Instructional staff support services	2,667,191	489,315	61 5,682	3,772,188
General administration	2,249,382	11,519	480,895	2,741,796
School administration	4,036,548	•	-	4,036,548
Business services	866,655	529,400	•	1,396,055
Operation and maintenance of plant services	8,764,015	3,074	125,124	8,892,213
Student transportation services	4,211,489	72,643	607,233	4,891,365
Central services	558,169	146,979	53,700	758,848
Non-instructional services -				
Food services	104,873	-	4,467,734	4,572,607
Community service programs	39,342	-	-	39,342
Facilities acquisition and construction	6,855,262	-	2,779,492	9,634,754
Debt service:				'
Principal retirement	-	-	290,000	290,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	•	58,805	58,805
Legal and technical fees	<u> </u>		450	450
Total expenditures	74,861,709	1,786,647	17,896,511	94,544,867
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	<u>(12,411,814</u>)	4,841,622	4,119,067	(3,451,125)
				(continued)
	04		•	

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

	General	Special Federal Revenue Fund	Other Governmental	Total
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-	-	1,400,000	1,400,000
Transfers in	11,695,841	18,986	1,072,899	12,787,726
Transfers out	(414,727)	(4,860,608)	(7,512,391)	(12,787,726)
Total other financing sources (uses)	11,281,114	(4,841,622)	(5,039,492)	1,400,000
Net change in fund balances	(1,130,700)	-	(920,425)	(2,051,125)
Fund balances, beginning	23,819,474		13,807,067	37,626,541
Fund balances, ending	\$ 22,688,774	<u>s -</u>	\$12,886,642	\$ 35,575,416

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

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Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

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Total net change in fund balances for the year ended June 30, 2009 per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances		\$	(2,051,125)
Add: Facilities acquisition and construction costs which are considered			
as expenditures on Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and			
Changes in Fund Balance	\$ 9,722,951		
Less: Depreciation expense for year ended June 30, 2009	(2,746,285)		6,976,666
Add: Bond principal retirement considered as an expenditure on Statement			
of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance			290,000
Less: Issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and leases)			(1,400,000)
Less: Compensated absences earned for year ended June 30, 2009			(185,111)
Add: Difference between interest on long-term debt on modified accrual			
basis versus interest on long-term debt on accrual basis			(26,237)
Less: Net income of the Self - Insurance Internal Service Fund			352,932
Less: Net OPEB obligation at June 30, 2009			(3,506,425)
Less: Proceeds from sale of assets			(4,725)
Less: Losses are not presented in this financial statement because			
they do not provide or use current financial resources, but they are			(5,269)
presented in the statement of activities			
Total change in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2009 per		<u>s</u>	440,706
Statement of Activities			

Proprietary Fund Governmental Activities - Group Insurance Fund Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

ASSETS

Current assets:	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$3,752,794
Accrued interest receivable	<u> 16,483 </u>
Total current assets	3,769,277

LIABILITIES

Current liabilities: Claims payable

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NET ASSETS

Net assets: Unreserved

\$2,420,911

1,348,366

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VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

Abbeville, Louisiana

Proprietary Fund

Governmental Activities - Group Insurance Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Year Ended June 30, 2009

Operating revenue: Premiums	\$9,736,465
Operating expenses:	,
Administration	885,650
Insurance	968,453
Claims	7,573,980
Total operating expenses	9,428,083
Operating income	308,382
Nonoperating revenue:	
Interest earned on interest-bearing deposits	44,550
Change in net assets	352,932
Net assets, beginning	2,067,979
Net assets, ending	<u>\$2,420,911</u>

Proprietary Fund Governmental Activities - Group Self Insurance Statement of Cash Flows Year ended June 30, 2009

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts from customers	\$ 9,736,465
Payments to suppliers	(8,877,174)
Net cash provided by operating activities	859,291
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Purchase of interest-bearing deposits with maturity	
in excess of ninety days	(1,000,000)
Interest income	28,067
Net cash used by investing activities	<u>(971,933</u>)
Net decrease in cash and interest bearing deposits	(112,642)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	2,865,436
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 2,752,794</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Operating income	\$ 308,382
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Changes in current assets and liabilities:	
Increase in claims payable	550,909
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 859,291</u>
Reconciliation of cash and interest-bearing deposits per statement	
of cash flows to the balance sheet:	,
Cash and interest bearing deposits, beginning of period -	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 2,865,436
Cash and interest bearing deposits, end of period -	A 250 50 A
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	3,752,794
Less: Interest-bearing deposits with a maturity	
in excess of ninety days	(1,000,000)
Net decrease	<u>\$ (112,642</u>)

Vermilion Parish School Board Abbeville, Louisiana

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets June 30, 2009

ASSETS

Cash and interest bearing deposits

\$3,302,384

LIABILITIES

Accounts payable Due to other governmental units Deposits due others

Total liabilities

2

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1,794,757 1,460,227 \$3,302,384

\$ 47,400

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accompanying financial statements of the Vermilion Parish School Board (School Board) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions on or before November 30, 1989 have been applied unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>

The School Board was created by Louisiana Revised Statute (LRS-R.S.) 17:51 to provide public education for the children within Vermilion Parish. The School Board is authorized by LRS-R.S. 17:81 to establish policies and regulations for its own government consistent with the laws of the State of Louisiana and the regulations of the Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. The School Board is comprised of eight members who are elected from eight districts for terms of four years.

The School Board operates 18 schools within the parish with a total enrollment of 9,032 pupils. In conjunction with the regular educational programs, some of these schools offer special education and/or adult education programs. In addition, the School Board provides transportation and school food services for the students.

For financial reporting purposes, the School Board includes all funds and activities for which the School Board exercises financial accountability. Because the School Board members are independently elected and are solely accountable for fiscal matters, which include (1) budget authority, (2) responsibility for funding deficits and operating deficiencies, and (3) fiscal management for controlling the collection and disbursement of funds, the School Board is a separate governmental reporting entity, primary government.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School Board, the primary government, as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity, which are considered to be governmental activities. The School Board's internal service fund is a governmental activity. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the School Board are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School Board.

The various funds of the School Board are classified into three categories: governmental, and proprietary, and fiduciary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the School Board or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The School Board reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School Board. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

The Special Federal Revenue Fund is used to account for federal grants such as Public Assistance Grants (FEMA), Technology Literacy Challenge Grants, Carl Perkings Vocational Education Grants, Job Training Partnership Act Grants, and other grants which are not accounted for in other special revenue funds.
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Additionally, the School Board reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These funds account for the revenues and expenditures related to federal, state and local grant and entitlement programs.

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds, established to meet requirements of bond ordinances, are used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Proprietary Funds -

Proprietary funds are used to account for ongoing organizations and activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is based upon determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. The following is the School Board's proprietary fund type:

Internal Service Fund

The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of benefits by the School Board's group self-insurance program.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues are derived from contributions made from the employer and employees. These revenues are planned to match: (1) expenses of insurance premiums in excess of self-insurance amounts; (2) actual claims and estimated liabilities for claims incurred but not yet reported at year-end and (3) operating expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary Funds -

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of other funds within the School Board. The funds accounted for in this category by the School Board are the agency funds. The agency funds are as follows:

School Activity Fund – accounts for assets held by the School Board as an agent for the individual schools and school organizations.

Sales Tax Fund – accounts for monies collected on behalf of other taxing authorities within the parish.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Permanent Funds -

Permanent funds are used to account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the School Board's programs.

C. <u>Measurement Focus/ Basis of Accounting</u>

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary (internal service) fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net assets and statement of activities, the governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange</u> Transactions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Program revenues

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the School Board's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the School Board's general revenues.

Allocation of indirect expenses

The School Board reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions, but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means being collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures (including facilities acquisition and construction) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

Federal and state entitlements (unrestricted grants-in-aid, which include state equalization and state revenue sharing) are recorded when available and measurable. Expenditure-driven federal and state grants, which are restricted as to the purpose of the expenditures, are recorded when the reimbursable expenditures have been incurred.

Ad valorem taxes are recorded in the year the taxes are due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed in November, by the Parish Assessor, based on the assessed value and become due on December 31 of each year. The taxes become delinquent on January 1. An enforceable lien attaches to the property as of January 1. The taxes are generally collected in December, January, and February of the fiscal year. Property tax revenues are accrued at fiscal year-end to the extent that they have been collected but not received by the Vermilion Parish Tax Collector's Office. Such amounts are measurable and available to finance current operations.

Interest income on time deposits and revenues from rentals, leases, and royalties are recorded when earned.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Sales and use tax revenues are recorded in the month collected by the School Board.

Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

Expenditures

Salaries are recorded as expenditures when incurred. Nine-month employee salaries are incurred over a nine-month period but paid over a twelve-month period.

Compensated absences are recognized as expenditures when leave is actually taken or when employees (or heirs) are paid for accrued leave upon retirement or death.

Commitments under construction contracts are recognized as expenditures when earned by the contractor.

Principal and interest on general long-term obligations are not recognized until due.

All other expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

The proprietary fund utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid (or any other types, such as capital lease transactions, sales of capital assets, debt extinguishments, long-term debt proceeds, et cetera) are accounted for as other financing sources (uses). These other financing sources (uses) are recognized at the time the underlying events occur.

Deferred Revenues

Deferred revenues arise when resources are received before the School Board has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures or when tuition is received in advance of the commencement of classes.

In subsequent periods, when the School Board has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and the revenue is recognized. Recognition of revenue from ad valorem tax collections has been deferred in instances where the School Board has been advised by the tax collecting authority that certain amounts have been paid in protest. Recognition of revenue from minor federal and state grant advances has been deferred to the next fiscal year to allow proper matching of revenues and expenditures.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Equity</u>

Cash and interest bearing deposits

For purposes of the Statement of Net Assets, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the School Board. For the purpose of the proprietary fund statement of cash flows, "cash and interest bearing deposits" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Investments

Trust fund investments are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB 31. Fair value is defined as the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current asset transaction between willing parties. Fair value was determined based on quoted market prices.

Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Assets.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include ad valorem taxes, sales and use taxes, and federal and state grants.

Inventories

The cost of inventories is recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Reserves are established for an amount equal to the carrying value of inventories.

Inventory of the General Fund consists of instructional supplies maintained in the central warehouse for use of all schools and janitorial and electrical supplies maintained in the central warehouse for the use of all departments and schools. All inventory purchased are valued at cost (first-in, first-out).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Inventory of the School Lunch/Breakfast Special Revenue Fund consists of food purchased by the School Board and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture through the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry. The commodities are recorded as revenues and expenditures when consumed. All inventory items purchased are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), and donated commodities are assigned values based on information provided by the United States Department of Agriculture.

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The School Board maintains a threshold level of \$5,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities; with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful life using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and improvements	10 - 40 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 15 y c ars

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as facilities acquisition and construction expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

The School Board does not possess any material amounts of infrastructure capital assets, such as sidewalks and parking lots. Amounts expended for such items prior to June 30, 2003 were considered to be part of the cost of buildings and improvements. In the future, if such items are built or constructed, and appear to be material in cost compared to all capital assets, they will be capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives as with all other depreciable capital assets.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Compensated Absences

All 12-month employees earn from 12 to 18 days vacation leave each year, depending on their length of service with the School Board. Annual leave earned after June 30, 2002, will be accrued to a maximum of forty (40) days. Annual leave earned prior to June 30, 2002 is not subject to this limitation and will be available in full for use by employees. Leave accrued prior to June 30, 2002, may not be used until leave accrued subsequent to that date has been fully exhausted. Employees may only use 18 consecutive days if approved by the superintendent. Upon retirement or termination of employment, the employee may choose to be paid for any unused accumulated annual leave at the employee's daily rate of pay or may convert such unused accumulated annual leave to service credit for retirement purposes if allowed by the retirement system.

All employees earn from 10 to 13 days of sick leave each year, depending on the number of months of the school year they are employed by the School Board. Sick leave may be accumulated. Upon death or retirement, unused accumulated sick leave of up to 25 days is paid to employees (or heirs) at the employee's current rate of pay. Under the Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System, the total unused accumulated sick leave, including the 25 days paid, is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service for leave earned prior to July 1, 1988. For sick leave earned after July 1, 1988, under the Louisiana Teachers' Retirement system and for sick leave earned under the Louisiana School Employees Retirement System all unpaid sick leave, which excludes the 25 days paid, is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service. Employees are not compensated for unused sick leave upon resignation. However, employees who resign from Vermilion Parish School Board and begin employment in another district may transfer unused sick leave to the new district. In cases of layoffs and callbacks, employees are credited with unused sick leave balances at the time they are reinstated to service.

Act 1341 of 1999 changed the extended sick leave (gayle pay) regulations for public school employees. The Act provides that if teachers and school bus operators have no remaining sick leave, they are allowed up to 90 days extended sick leave in a six year period. During these 90 days, the employee is paid 65% of their pay at the time that the leave begins.

Act 1342 of 1999 changed the sabbatical leave regulation. The Act allows both sabbatical medical leave and professional and cultural development sabbatical for teachers. It provides for two sabbatical semesters immediately following twelve or more consecutive semesters of consecutive service or one semester immediately following six semesters of consecutive service. Sabbatical medical leave may be granted if the teacher's regular sick leave balance is twenty-five days or less at the beginning of the sabbatical. No more than 5% of the work force can be on sabbatical at the same time. During sabbatical, the employee is paid 65% of their pay at the time the leave begins.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The cost of current leave privileges is recognized as a current-year expenditure in the governmental funds when leave is actually taken. The cost of leave privileges not requiring current resources is recorded the general fund.

Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. Since the School Board's only Proprietary Fund is the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund, which has no long-term debt, all School Board long-term debt is used in governmental fund operations.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of general obligation bonds and certificates of indebtedness. For government-wide reporting, the costs associated with the bonds are recognized over the life of the bond. As permitted by GASB Statement No. 34, the amortization of the costs of bonds will be amortized prospectively from the date of adoption of GASB Statement No. 34.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources net of the applicable premium or discount and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. For fund financial reporting, issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

b. Restricted net assets – Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At June 30, 2009, the School Board reported \$10,307,855 of restricted net assets, which is restricted by debt covenants or enabling legislation.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

c. Unrestricted net assets – All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved further split between designated and undesignated. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

E. <u>Budget Practices</u>

The proposed budget for 2009 was completed and made available for public inspection at the School Board office prior to the required public hearing held for suggestions and comments from taxpayers. The School Board formally adopted the proposed fiscal year 2009 budget on September 4, 2008. In accordance with R.S.17:88(A), parish school boards must adopt the budget no later than September fifteenth of each year. The budget, which included proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, for the General and Special Revenue Funds was published in the official journal ten days prior to the public hearing.

The budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds for the fiscal year 2009 were prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The level of control over the budget is exercised at the function or program level for the General and Special Revenue. The Superintendent and/or assistant superintendents are authorized to transfer budget amounts within each fund; however, any supplemental appropriations that amend the total expenditures of any fund require School Board approval. As required by state law, when actual revenues within a fund are failing to meet estimated annual budgeted revenues by five percent or more, and/or actual expenditures within a fund are exceeding estimated budgeted expenditures by five percent or more, a budget amendment to reflect such changes is adopted by the School Board in an open meeting. Budgeted amounts included in the financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments. Amendments to the budget were not material.

F. <u>Encumbrances</u>

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation; is not employed by the School Board.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

G. <u>Revenue Restrictions</u>

The School Board has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Revenue Source	Legal Restrictions on Use
Ad valorem taxes	See Note 3
Sales taxes	See Note 8

The School Board uses unrestricted resources only when restricted resources are fully depleted.

H. Capitalization of Interest Expense

It is the policy of the School Board to capitalize material amounts of interest resulting from borrowings in the course of the construction of capital assets. At June 30, 2009, there were no borrowings for assets under construction and no capitalized interest expense was recorded on the books.

I. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(2) Cash and Investments

A. Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Under state law, the School Board may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The School Board may invest in direct obligations of the United States government, bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by federal agencies and/or the United States government, and time certificates of deposit of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At June 30, 2009, the School Board has cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$38,626,254 as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Fiduciary Funds	Total	
Demand deposits	\$	22,323,770	\$ 2,031,367	\$	24,355,137
Interest-bearing accounts		-	1,202,083		1,202,083
Time Deposits		13,000,000	68,934		13,068,934
Petty cash		100			100
Total	\$	35,323,870	\$ 3,302,384	<u>\$</u>	38,626,254

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the School Board's deposits may not be recovered or will not be able to recover the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances (bank balances) at June 30, 2009, are secured as follows:

Bank balances	\$ 37,820,126
Federal deposit insurance	312,000
Pledged securities (Category 3)	37,508,126
Total federal insurance and pledged securities	\$ 37,820,126

As of June 30, 2009, the School Board's total bank balances were fully insured and collateralized with securities held in the name of the School Board by the pledging financial institution's agent and, therefore, not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

B. Investments

At June 30, 2009, the School Board's investments (book balance) totaled \$8,752,449. The carrying amounts and approximate market values of investments at June 30, 2009 are summarized as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Cost .	Unrealized Gain/ (Loss)	Reported Amount/ Market Value
Trust fund -	i.			
FNMA	3.375% -			
obligations	7.25%	\$ 1,345,260	\$ 2,557	\$ 1,347,817
GNMA	6.50% -			
obligations	8.00%	225,649	11,349	236,998
Other government	2.50% -			
debt obligations	6.00%	1,476,487	19,582	1,496,069
Other non-government	4.00% -			
debt obligations	5.875%	4,244,374	(468,862)	3,775,512
Foreign Obligations		266,073	6,772	272,845
Equity securities	N/A	1,937,547	(314,339)	1,623,208
Total investments	•	\$ 9,495,390	<u>\$ (742,941</u>)	\$ 8,752,449

(3) Ad Valorem Taxes

6.1

The following ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, taxes were levied by the School Board in July 2008 and were billed to taxpayers by the Assessor in November. Billed taxes are due by December 31, becoming delinquent on January 1 of the following year.

The taxes are based on assessed values determined by the Tax Assessor of Vermilion Parish and are collected by the Sheriff. The taxes are remitted to the School Board net of deductions for Pension Fund contributions.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2009, taxes were levied on property with net assessed valuations totaling \$289,879,210 and were dedicated as follows:

Parishwide Taxes:		
School employee salary and benefit tax (1998)	25.00	mills
Special school maintenance and operational tax (1996)	2.00	mills
Special school improvement tax (1996)	5.00	mills
School operations tax (1996)	3.00	mills
Total Special Revenue Funds	35.00	mills
School maintenance and operational tax (General Fund)	4.51	mills
Total assessment	39.51	mills

Gross taxes levied for the current fiscal year, net of homestead exemptions, totaled \$11,453,137. After deductions for various pension distributions and uncollectible taxes and collections of back taxes, net taxes remitted to the School Board amounted to \$11,287,814.

(4) <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables at June 30, 2009 of \$8,485,384 consisted of the following:

	Grants			Accrued				
		Federal	State	Accounts	i	nterest	Totals	
General Fund	\$	-	\$ 841,079	\$ 1,154,243	\$	82,604	\$ 2,077,926	
Special Federal							·	
Revenue Fund		3,105,897	-	-		-	3,105,897	
Special Revenue Funds		3,195,389	-	-		-	3,195,389	
Group Insurance Fund		-	-	-		16,483	16,483	
Permanent Fund			-		_	89,689	89,689	
Total receivables	\$	6,301,286	\$ 841,079	\$ 1,154,243	\$	188,776	\$ 8,485,384	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(5) Capital Assets

Capital assets balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 is as follows:

	Restated Balance July 1, 2008	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2009
Capital assets not				
being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,980,787	\$ 23,097	s -	\$ 2,003,884
Construction in progress	3,198,135	3,740,533	3,098,546	3,840,122
Other capital assets:		• -		
Buildings	57,244,268	2,267,532	405,658	59,106,142
Improvements	32,659,645	5,944,323	271,916	38,332,052
Vehicles	5,102,213	606,939	170,031	5,539,121
Equipment	2,345,390	239,074	25,276	2,559,188
Total	102,530,438	12,821,498	3,971,427	111,380,509
Less accumulated depreciation:				•
Buildings	40,384,266	1,002,724	397,545	40,989,445
Improvements	17,676,352	1,166,601	271,916	18,571,037
Vehicles	3,118,327	426,737	170,030	3,375,034
Equipment	1,631,286	150,223	23,395	1,758,114
Total	62,810,231	2,746,285	862,886	64,693,630
Net capital assets	\$39,720,207	<u>\$ 10,075,213</u>	\$3,108,541	\$ 46,686,879

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Regular programs	\$ 929,029
Special education programs	302,900
Vocational education programs	68,577
Other instructional programs	23,106
Special programs	106,534
Adult and continuing education programs	3,707
Pupil support services	124,778
Instructional staff support services	109,979
General administration	79,937
School administration	117,686
Business services	40,702
Operation and maintenance of plant services	259,254
Student transportation services	142,608
Central services	22,124
Food services	133,315
Facility acquisition and construction	280,902
Community service programs.	1,147
Total depreciation expense	\$2,746,285

(6)

Accounts, Salaries, and Other Payables

At June 30, 2009, accounts, salaries, and other payables of \$14,546,531 consisted of the following:

Salaries and related benefits payable	\$ 11,156,663
Accounts payable	1,639,206
Contract payable	118,748
Retainage payable	278,249
Workers compensation and health claims payable	1,353,665
Total payables	<u>\$ 14,546,531</u>

Prior to July 1, 1999 the Vermilion Parish School Board was partially self-insured for worker's compensation claims. Under this program the School Board maintained a self-insured retention per occurrence of \$200,000 with excess insurance coverage, and a third party administrator to handle claims. The unpaid probable cost of active claims incurred while self-insured is estimated to be \$5,299 and is reported in the General Fund as a liability.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(7) Long-Term Liabilities

 \$645,000 Certificate of Indebtedness, Series 2002, due in annual installments

 of \$50,000 to \$80,000 through February 1, 2012; at an interest rate of 4.625%

 (to be retired from income derived from trust fund investments).
 \$ 230,000

 \$2,000,000 Certificates of Indebtedness, Series 2008, due in annual installments of \$165,000 to \$240,000 through February 1, 2018; at an interest rate of 3.210% (to be retired from income derived from trust fund investments).
 \$ 1,835,000

 \$1,400,000 Certificates of Indebtedness, Series 2009, due in annual installments of \$120,000 to \$165,000 through February 1, 2019; at an interest rate of 3.31% (to be retired from income derived from trust fund investments).
 1,400,000

 Total
 \$ 3,465,000

The bonds and certificates are due as follows:

	Governmenta			
Year Ending	Principal	Interest		
June 30,	payments	payments	Total	
2010	\$ 365,000	\$ 97,730	\$ 462,730	
2011	375,000	102,982	477,982	
2012	390,000	89,764	479,764	
2013	325,000	75,988	400,988	
2014	340,000	65,426	405,426	
2015-2019	1,670,000	. 152,280	1,822,280	
Totals	\$ 3,465,000	\$ 584,170	\$ 4,049,170	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Changes in General Long-Term Liabilities

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities transactions and balances:

	Balance 7/1/2008	Additions Reductions		Balance 6/30/2009	Due Within One Year	
Certificates of					·	
Indebtedness, Series 2002	\$ 300,000	s -	\$ 70,000	\$ 230,000	\$ 75,000	
Refunding Bonds,			,	,,		
Series 2003	55,000	-	55,000	-		
Certificates of						
Indebtedness,						
Series 2008	2,000,000	-	165,000	1,835,000	170,000	
Certificates of						
Indebtedness,						
Series 2009	-	1,400,000	-	1,400,000	120,000	
Compensated absences	3,963,605	185,111	-	4,148,716	-	
Net OPEB obligation	**	5,461,674	1,955,249	3,506,425	1,900,000	
	\$ 6,318,605	\$ 7,046,785	\$ 2,245,249	\$ 11,120,141	\$ 2,265,000	

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences payable consist of the portion of accumulated sick and annual leave of the governmental funds that is not expected to require current resources. The liability for compensated absences is computed only at the end of each fiscal year; therefore, the increase of \$185,111 for fiscal year 2009, is the net of leave benefits accrued and paid during those years.

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(8) Sales and Use Taxes

The School Board is authorized to collect within the parish a one percent sales and use tax. The proceeds of the tax are dedicated to supplement salaries of teachers and/or the expenditures of operating the schools, including salaries of other personnel.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Effective March 1, 1992, the School Board was appointed the central sales tax collecting agency for all taxing bodies within Vermilion Parish. The following is a summary of taxes that the School Board has the responsibility of collecting:

Taxing Bodies:	Rate
Vermilion Parish Police Jury	1.50%
Vermilion Parish Sheriff	0.75%
Town of Gueydan	1.00%
City of Kaplan	1.00%
City of Abbeville	1.25%
Town of Erath	1.00%
Town of Delcambre	1.00%
Village of Maurice	1.50%
Vermilion Parish Tourist Commission	5.00%
Vermilion Parish School Board	1.00%
Hospital Service District #1	1.00%
Economic Development District #1	0.50%
Abbeville Film and Visitors Commission	0.50%

(9) <u>Retirement Plans</u>

Eligible employees of the Vermilion Parish School Board participate in one of four multipleemployer public employee retirement systems (PERS), which are controlled and administered by a separate board of trustees. These retirement systems provide retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Pertinent information relative to each plan follows:

A. Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana - Regular

Pian members are required to contribute 8.0 percent of their annual salary to the system while the School Board is required to contribute the statutory rate of 15.5 percent of the total annual covered salary. The School Board's contributions to the system for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$6,309,674, \$6,479,378, and \$5,834,484, respectively, equal to the required contribution for each year.

A publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental financial information may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 94123, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9123.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

B. <u>Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana – Plan A</u>

Plan members are required to contribute 9.1 percent of their annual covered salary to the system while the School Board is required to contribute the statutory rate of 15.5 percent of the total annual covered salary. The School Board's contributions to the system for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$13,532, \$17,953, and \$17,370, respectively, equal to the required contribution for each year.

C. Parochial Employees' Retirement System

Plan members are required to contribute 9.5 percent of their annual salary to the system while the School Board is required to contribute the statutory rate of 12.25 percent of the total annual covered salary. The School Board's contributions to the system for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$7,424, \$7,890, and \$612, respectively, equal to the required contribution for each year.

A publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental financial information may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 94123, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, 70804-9123.

D. Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System

Plan members are required to contribute 7.5 percent of their annual covered salary to the system while the School Board is required to contribute the statutory rate of 17.8 percent of the total annual salary covered. The School Board contribution to the system for the years ended 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$665,648, \$622,574, and \$645,350, respectively.

A publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental financial information may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 44516, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, 70804.

(10) Self-insurance Group Health Insurance Program

On April 25, 2002, the School Board began a partially self-insured group health insurance program. A separate internal service fund was created to accumulate funds designated for the payment of health care claims, insurance and associated costs of school system employees, retirees and their covered dependants. The School Board has procured specific-loss insurance with a self-insured retention of \$150,000 per individual and aggregate-loss insurance with an attachment point of approximately \$12,315,335 based on projected enrollment of 1,426 subscribers.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The liability for unpaid claims of \$1,348,366 as of June 30, 2009 was determined based on reports obtained from third party administrator regarding claims incurred prior to June 30, 2009 paid out during the subsequent month period ending September 2009, and includes a \$156,966 provision for claims incurred but not reported.

Changes in the claims liability amount for the group health insurance program are as follows:

	Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability	Claims and Changes in Estimates	Benefit Payments and Claims	Balance at Fiscal Year-End
2006-2007	\$ 1,397,811	\$ 7,619,319	\$ 8,062,850	\$ 954,280
2007-2008	\$ 954,280	\$ 8,179,763	\$ 8,336,586	\$ 797,457
2008-2009	\$ 797,457	\$ 7,001,605	\$ 6,450,696	\$ 1,348,366

(11) <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>

A. <u>Litigation</u>

There are several lawsuits presently pending against the School Board. The School Board's management and legal counsel is of the opinion that any unfavorable outcome in these cases would not materially affect the financial statements.

B. Grant Audits

The School Board receives federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by governmental agencies. Such audits could result in a request for reimbursement by the grantor for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the appropriate agency. In the opinion of the School Board, such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

C. Intergovernmental Agreement

On January 19, 2000 the Vermilion Parish School Board negotiated an intergovernmental agreement with the Iberia Parish School Board to establish certain parameters for calculating annual payments that the School Board shall remit to the Iberia Parish School Board for Vermilion Parish resident students attending Iberia Parish Schools. This agreement is effective for a twenty-year period ending June 30, 2020 but is subject to renegotiation every five years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(12) Interfund Transactions

A. Interfund receivables and payables, by fund, at June 30, 2009 are as follows:

	Interfund	Interfund
Main-Emile	Receivables	Payables
Major funds:	A C C C C C C C C C C	0 00 000
General Fund	\$ 5,869,770	\$ 29,539
Special Federal Revenue	γ	3,043,429
Total major funds	5,869,770	3,072,968
Nonmajor funds:		
Title I	-	1,165,870
Title II	-	313,673
Title IV	-	26,174
Individual with Disabilities Education Act	-	704,152
Preschool Flow - Through	-	16,146
Federal Adult Education	-	81,998
School Lunch/Breakfast Fund	-	36
Truancy Assessment and Service Centers		18,634
TANF	-	268,255
Reading First	-	231,403
Permanent fund	29,539	
Total nonmajor funds	29,539	2,826,341
Total .	<u>\$ 5,899,309</u>	\$ 5,899,309

The amounts due to the General Fund from various other funds are for reimbursements owed for expenditures paid for those funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

B. Transfers consisted of the following at June 30, 2009:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Major funds:		
General Fund	\$ 11,695,841	\$ 414,727
Special Federal Revenue	18,986	4,860,608
Total major funds	11,714,827	5,275,335
Nonmajor funds:		
1998 Ad Valorem Tax	-	6,925,118
Title I	109,319	94,056
Title II	35,981	, -
Title IV	202	-
Education Excellence	3,538	-
Individual with Disabilities Education Act	55,671	57,242
Preshool Flow-Through	4,107	2,865
Federal Adult Education	-	1,815
State Adult Education	3,112	-
School Lunch/Breakfast fund	79,636	-
Region IV Education Service Center	-	696
TANF	60,362	-
Reading First	24,269	-
Debt Service	430,599	
Capital Projects	236,564	
Dr. Daniel Dartez Educational Trust	29,539	430,599
Total nonmajor funds	1,072,899	7,512,391
Total	<u>\$ 12,787,726</u>	<u>\$12,787,726</u>

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

(13) Post-Retirement Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

From an accrual accounting perspective, the cost of postemployment healthcare benefits should be associated with the periods in which the cost occurs, rather than in the future year when it will be paid. In adopting the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 during the year ended June 30, 2009, the School Board recognizes the cost of postemployment healthcare in the year when employee services are received, reports the accumulated liability from prior years, and provides information useful in assessing potential demands on the School Board's future cash flows. Because the School Board is adopting the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 prospectively, recognition of the

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

liability accumulated from prior years will be phased in over 30 years, commencing with the 2009 liability.

Plan Description: The Vermilion Parish School Board's medical benefits are provided to employees upon retirement through a comprehensive, self-insured program and are made available to employees upon actual retirement.

Retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions under the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana are as follows: 30 years of service at any age; age 55 and 25 years of service; or, age 65 and 20 years of service. Complete plan provisions are contained in the official plan documents.

"Basic" Life insurance coverage is provided to retirees at employer cost based on blended rates with the same scale of coverage as for the active at time of retirement. "Supplemental" Life insurance coverage is provided to retirees with the retiree paying 50% of the cost based on partially blended rates with the same scale of coverage as when active at time of retirement, up to a maximum of \$28,000. Beyond \$28,000, the employee pays the entire cost. We have "unblended" the blended rates by using the same mortality table as that used in the valuation for other purposes. All of the other assumptions used for the valuation of the medical benefits have been used except for the trend assumption; zero trend was used for life insurance. Basic Insurance coverage amounts are reduced by 25% at age 65 and again by another 25% at age 70.

Contribution Rates: Employees do not contribute to their post employment benefits costs until they become retirees and begin receiving those benefits. The plan provisions and contribution rates are contained in the official plan documents.

Fund Policy: Until 2008, the Vermilion Parish School Board recognized the cost of providing post-employment medical and life benefits (Vermilion Parish School Board's portion of the retiree medical and life benefit premiums) as an expense when the benefit premiums were due and thus financed the cost of the post-employment benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. In 2008/2009, Vermilion Parish School Board's portion of health care funding cost for retired employees totaled \$1,859,655, and the life insurance totaled \$95,594.

Effective with the Fiscal Year beginning July 1, 2008, Vermilion Parish School Board implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post employment Benefits Other than Pensions (GASB 45).

Annual Required Contribution: Vermilion Parish School Board's Annual Required Contribution (ARC) is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB 45. The Annual Required Contribution (ARC) is the sum of the Normal Cost plus the contribution to amortize the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL). A level dollar, closed amortization period of 30 years (the maximum amortization period allowed by GASB 43/45) has been used for the post-employment benefits. The total ARC for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2008 is \$4,925,010 for medical, and \$536,664 for life, as set forth below:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

	Medical	Life	Total
Normal Cost	\$ 1,383,975	\$ 109,503	\$ 1,493,478
30-year UAL amortization amount	3,541,035	427,161	3,968,196
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 4,925,010	\$ 536,664	<u>\$ 5,461,674</u>

Net Post-employment Benefit Obligation (Asset): The table below shows Vermilion Parish School Board's Net Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) Obligation (Asset) for fiscal year ending June30, 2009:

•	Medical	Life	Tota 1
Annual required contribution	\$ 4,925,010	\$ 536,664	\$ 5,461,674
Interest on net OPEB obligation	-	-	-
Adjustment to annual required contribution	بن ر. 		
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	4,925,010	536,664	5,461,674
Assumed contributions made	(1,859,655)	(95,594)	(1,955,249)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	3,065,355	441,070	3,506,425
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	<u> </u>		
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 3,065,355	\$ 441,070	\$ 3,506,425

The following table shows Vermilion Parish School Board's annual post employment benefits (PEB) cost, percentage of the cost contributed, and the net unfunded post employment benefits (PEB) liability (asset):

Post Employment Benefit	Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
Medical Life	6/30/2009 6/30/2009	\$ 4,925,010 536,664	37.76% 17.8 1%	\$ 3,065,365 441,070
Total		\$ 5,461,674	35.80%	\$ 3,506,435

Funded Status and Funding Progress: In the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, Vermilion Parish School Board made no contributions to its post employment benefits plan. The plan was not funded at all, has no assets, and hence has a funded ratio of zero. As of July 1, 2008, the first and most recent actuarial valuation, the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) was \$61,231,490 (medical) and \$7,385,837 (life), which is defined as that portion, as determined by a particular actuarial cost method (Vermilion Parish School Board uses the Unit Credit Cost Method), of the actuarial present value of post employment plan benefits and expenses which is not provided by normal cost. Since the plan was not funded in fiscal year 2008/2009, the entire actuarial accrued liability of \$61,231,490 (medical) and \$7,385,837 (life) was unfunded.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) Actuarial valuation of plan assets	\$ 68,617,327
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	<u>\$ 68,617,327</u>
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 51,544,270
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	133.1%

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. The actuarial valuation for post employment benefits includes estimates and assumptions regarding (1) turnover rate; (2) retirement rate; (3) health care cost trend rate; (4) mortality rate; (5) discount rate (investment return assumption); and (6) the period to which the costs apply (past, current, or future years of service by employees). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The actuarial calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan (the plan as understood by Vermilion Parish School Board and its employee plan members) at the time of the valuation and on the pattern of sharing costs between Vermilion Parish School Board and its plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between Vermilion Parish School Board and plan members in the future. Consistent with the long-term perspective of actuarial calculations, the actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial habilities and the actuarial value of assets.

Actuarial Cost Method: The ARC is determined using the Unit Credit Cost Method. The employer portion of the cost for retiree medical care in each future year is determined by projecting the current cost levels using the healthcare cost trend rate and discounting this projected amount to the valuation date using the other described pertinent actuarial assumptions, including the investment return assumption (discount rate), mortality, and turnover.

Actuarial Value of Plan Assets: Since this is the first actuarial valuation, there are no assets. It is anticipated that in future valuations a smoothed market value consistent with Actuarial Standards Board ASOP 6, as provided in paragraph number 125 of GASB Statement 45.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Turnover Rate: An age-related turnover scale based on actual experience as described by administrative staff has been used. The rates, when applied to the active employee census, produce an annual turnover of approximately 8%. The rates for each age are below:

Age	Percent Turnover
18-25	12.0%
26-40	10.0%
41-54	8.0%
54 +	6.0%

Post employment Benefit Plan Eligibility Requirements: Based on historical experience, it has been assumed that entitlement to benefits will commence three years after expected retirement (D.R.O.P. entry). The three years represents the three years in the DROP period. Therefore, an expected retirement of three years delay beyond that eligibility has been used. Medical benefits are provided to employees upon actual retirement. Retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions under the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana are as follows: 30 years of service at any age; age 55 and 25 years of service; or, age 65 and 20 years of service. Entitlement to benefits continue through Medicare to death.

Investment Return Assumption (Discount Rate): GASB Statement 45 states that the investment return assumption should be the estimated long-term investment yield on the investments that are expected to be used to finance the payment of benefits (that is, for a plan which is funded). Based on the assumption that the ARC will not be funded, a 4% annual investment return has been used. This is a conservative estimate of the expected long term return of a balanced and conservative investment portfolio under professional management.

Health Care Cost Trend Rate: The expected rate of increase in medical cost is based on projections performed by the Office of the Actuary at the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services as published in National Health Care Expenditures Projections: 2003 to 2013, National Health Expenditures, Aggregate and per Capita Amounts, Percent Distribution and Average Annual Percent Change by Source of Funds: Selected Calendar Years 1990-2013, released in January, 2004 by the Health Care Financing Administration (www.cms.hhs.gov). "State and Local" rates for 2009 through 2013 from this report were used, with rates beyond 2013 graduated down to an ultimate annual rate of 5.0% for 2016 and later.

Zero trend has been assumed for valuing life insurance.

Mortality Rate: The 1994 Group Annuity Reserving (94GAR) table, projected to 2002, based on a fixed blend of 50% of the unloaded male mortality rate and 50% of the unloaded female mortality rates, was used. This is the mortality table which the Internal Revenue Service requires to be used in determining the value of accrued benefits in defined benefit pension plans. Since GASB 45 requires the use of "unblended" rates, we have used the 94GAR mortality table described above to "unblend" the rates so as to reproduce the composite blended rate overall as the rate structure to calculate the actuarial valuation results for life insurance.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Method of Determining Value of Benefits: The "value of benefits" has been assumed to be the portion of the premium after retirement date expected to be paid by the employer for each retiree and has been used as the basis for calculating the actuarial present value of OPEB benefits to be paid. GASB 45 requires unblended rates for valuation purposes. Since the rates provided did not meet that criterion for rates before Medicare eligibility, we estimated the "unblended" retiree rates for retirees before Medicare eligibility to be 130% of the active rates. The same coverage tier has been used after retirement as before except that employee and employee/spouse were substituted after age 65 for employee/child and family, respectively.

(14) Operating Leases

The School Board is obligated under ten operating leases for portable buildings. Four of these leases are for a term of sixty months, beginning July 9, 2006 and August 9, 2006 with a monthly payment of \$800 and six of the leases are for a term of twenty-four months, beginning June 18, 2007, July 31, 2007, and August 14, 2007 with a monthly payment of \$800. Rental expense for the year ended June 30, 2009 was \$96,000.

The minimum future payments for these agreements are as follows:

2010	\$ 40,800
2011	38,400
2012	1,600
Total	\$ 80,800

(15) <u>Risk Management</u>

Commercial Insurance Coverage

The School Board purchases commercial insurance for property coverage, general liability, fleet liability, errors and omissions and flood. The deductibles per occurrence for these coverages are \$100,000, \$25,000, \$25,000 and \$25,000, respectively. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, the deductible for property coverage for named storms is 2% of total insured value per building subject to a minimum of \$500,000 per occurrence.

(16) Excess Oil and Gas Revenue Policy

The School Board has adopted a policy on excess oil and gas royalty revenues whereby mineral revenues over \$6,250,000 will be reserved in the following manner:

- A. 50% of the amount over \$6,250,000 is to be placed in the Vermilion Parish Education Public Trust.
- B. 50% of the amount over \$6,250,000 is to be used for employee salary supplements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2009 oil and gas royalty revenues did exceed the \$6,250,000 threshold, therefore a transfer was made to the trust and for employee salary supplements.

(17) Non-expendable Trust Fund

On June 11, 1996, pursuant to Louisiana Revised Statute (LSA-RS) 17:81(m), the School Board established the Vermilion Parish Education Trust (a non-expendable trust fund). Trust principal is derived from excess revenues and may not be used for expenditures. Income from the investment of fund principal is restricted to meeting the capital outlay needs of the school system.

The trust is administered by a board of trustees which consists of individuals who occupy the following positions:

- A. Vermilion Parish School Board President
- B. Vermilion Parish School Board Vice-President
- C. Vermilion Parish School System Superintendent
- D. Vermilion Parish School System Chief Financial Officer
- E. Vermilion Association of Educators President

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F. Vermilion Parish School Board legal advisor

The trustees of the Daniel R. Dartez Educational Trust believe that the following asset mixes will produce a pattern of returns over time that will conform to the desired return requirements, risk tolerance and liquidity:

Asset Class	Minimum	Target	Maximum
Intermediate Fixed Income	60%	75%	85%
Equitites	15%	25%	35%

Cash equivalents may be held in lieu of equities or intermediate fixed income at the discretion of the investment advisor.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(18) Compensation of Board Members

A detail of the compensation paid to individual board members for the year ended June 30, 2009 follows:

Ira W. Searle, Jr.	\$ 9,600
Angela Faulk	9,600
Dexter J. Callahan	9,600
Ricky LeBouef	10,200
Charles Campbell	9,600
Chris Mayard	10,200
Ricky J. Broussard	9,600
Anthony Fontana	9,600
	\$ 78,000

(19) Prior Period Adjustment

Net assets in the governmental-type financial statements at the beginning of the fiscal year August 31, 2009 has been adjusted for a change in accounting policy. In 2009, the Vermilion Parish School Board changed the capitalization threshold from \$1,000 to \$5,000; therefore prior period adjustments of \$7,272,173 and 5,722,719, respectively for cost and accumulated depreciation, are necessary to decrease net assets. The reason for this decrease is due to the removal of prior year equipment assets which fall below the capitalization threshold of \$5,000. In addition, in 2008, construction in progress was understated; therefore, a prior period adjustment of \$99,589 is necessary to increase net assets. The reason for this increase is due to the capitalization of a payment for construction in progress that was not capitalized.

OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Budget			Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Local sources:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,571,232	\$ 171,232
Sales taxes	8,200,000	8,100,000	7,901,461	(198,539)
Other	<u>1,868,000</u>	4,827,860	10,647,828	<u> </u>
Total local sources	11,368,000	14,327,860	20,120,521	5,792,661
State sources	41,798,815	42,354,022	42,329,374	(24,648)
Total revenues	53,166,815	56,681,882	62,449,895	5,768,013
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction -				
Regular programs	28,790,755	29,404,755	29,525,822	(121,067)
Special education programs	8,214,673	8,534,296	8,623,393	(89,097)
Vocational education programs	2,063,168	2,248,382	2,204,703	43,679
Other instructional programs	809,303	834,439	772,025	62,414
Special programs	340,689	358,395	504,095	(145,700)
Adult and continuing education programs	3,256	3,256	3,213	43
Support services -				•
Pupil support services	2,765,069	2,856,973	2,875,532	(18,559)
Instructional staff support services	2,580,853	2,932,277	2,667,191	265,086
General administration	2,008,902	2,116,988	2,249,382	(132,394)
School administration	3,920,389	4,055,345	4,036,548	18,797
Business services	834,600	887,694	866,655	21,039
Operation and maintenance of plant services	7,266,035	8,712,714	8,764,015	(51,301)
Student transportation services	4,477,700	4,416,007	4,211,489	204,518
Central services	547,558	560,810	558,169	2,641
Non-instructional services -				
Food services	108,415	105,415	104,873	542
Community service programs	35,000	35,000	39,342	(4,342)
Facilities acquisition and construction	5,300,000	5,370,200	6,855,262	(1,485,062)
Total expenditures	70,066,365	73,432,946	74,861,709	(1,428,763)
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(16,899,550)	(16,751,064)	(12,411,814)	4,339,250
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	9,113,273	9,599,817	11,695,841	2,096,024
Transfers out	(200,000)	(340,874)	(414,727)	(73,853)
Total other financing sources (uses)	8,913,273	9,258,943	11,281,114	2,022,171
Net change in fund balance	(7,986,277)	(7,492,121)	(1,130,700)	6,361,421
Fund balances, beginning	23,819,474	23,819,474	23,819,474	<u> </u>
Fund balances, ending	\$15,833,197	\$16,327,353	<u>\$ 22,688,774</u>	\$ 6,361,421

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Special Federal Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Bu	iget		Variance Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Federal sources	<u>\$ 4,490,680</u>	\$ 4,740,900	\$ 6,628,269	<u>\$ 1,887,369</u>	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction -					
Regular programs	228,091	206,000	202,918	3,082	
Special education programs	113,389	106,000	96,501	9,499	
Vocational education programs	133,000	148,000	147,434	566	
Other instructional programs	-	*	20,511	(20,511)	
Support services -					
Pupil support services	-	-	66,353	(66,353)	
Instructional staff support services	416,200	680,900	489,315	191,585	
General administration	-	-	11,519	(11,519)	
Business services	500,000	500,000	529,400	(29,400)	
Operation and maintenance of plant services	-	-	3,074	(3,074)	
Student transportation services			72,643	(72,643)	
Central Services	100,000	100,000	146,979	(46,979)	
Total expenditures	1,490,680	1,740,900	1,786,647	(45,747)	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,000,000	3,000,000	4,841,622	1,841,622	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	-	-	18,986	18 ,986	
Transfers out	(3,000,000)	(3,000,000)	(4,860,608)	(1,860,60 8)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,000,000)	(3,000,000)	(4,841,622)	(1,841,622)	
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-	
Fund balances, beginning			.	<u>·</u>	
Fund balances, ending	<u>s -</u>	<u>s</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>s -</u>	

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Schedule of Funding Progress For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

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Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
July 1, 2006	N/A	N/A	'N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
July 1, 2007	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
July 1, 2008	-	68,617,327	68,617,327	0.0%	51,544,270	133.1%

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OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisians Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2009 With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2008

	Special Debt Capital		Totals			
	Revenue	Service	Projects	Permanent	2009	2008
ASSETS						
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 3,009,685	\$285,557	\$1,339,466	\$ 1,158,315	\$ 5,793,023	\$ 5,507,165
hrvestments	-	-	-	8,752,449	8,752,449	9,058,023
Receivables	3,195,389	-	-	89,689	3,285,078	8,545,889
Due from other funds		-	-	29,539	29,539	-
Inventories	128,367				128,367	108,529
Total assets	<u>\$ 6,333,441</u>	\$285,557	\$1,339,466	<u>\$10,029,992</u>	\$17,988,456	\$23,219,606
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 50,234	5 -	\$ 1,819	\$ 7,694	\$ 59,747	\$ 92,162
Accrued salaries and related benefits	1,703,690	-	-	-	1,703,690	1,749,688
Contract payable	-	-	118,748	•	118,748	83,916
Retainage payable	-	-	112,372	-	112,372	78,3 95
Due to other funds	2,826,341	-	-	-	2,826,341	7,116,602
Deferred tevenue	280,916	R		<u> </u>	280,916	291,776
Total liabilities	4,861,181		232,939	7,694	5,101,814	9,412,539
Fund balances:						·
Reserved for inventory	128,367	-	•	-	128,367	108,529
Reserved for debt retirement	-	285,557	-	-	285,557	202,334
Reserved for construction	-	-	1,106,527	-	1,106,527	1,558,753
Reserved for trust principal	•	-	· .	10,022,298	10,022,298	11,062,611
Unreserved	1,343,893		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1,343,893	<u>874,840</u>
Total fund balances	1,472,260	285,557	1,106,527	10,022,298	12,886,642	13,807,057
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 6,333,441</u>	<u>\$285,557</u>	\$1,339,466	\$10,029,992	<u>\$17,988,456</u>	<u>\$23,219,606</u>

VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Governmental Funds

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Combining Statement of Revenues, Expanditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2009 With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Special	Debt	Capital		Toi	tals
	Revenue	Service	Projects	Permanent	2009	2008
Revenues				·		
Local sources -						
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 9,997,950	s -	s -	5 -	\$ 9,997,950	\$ 8,583,933
Investment carnings	22,092	1,879	-	(608,778)	(584,807)	70,997
Food services	596,837	-	-	-	596,837	634,641
Other	114,721	-	-	-	114,721	302,670
State sources	2,330,555	-	-	•	2,330,555	2,531,571
Federal sources	9,296,419	-	-	-	9,296,419	9,038,770
Other commodities	263,903		-		263,903	200,049
Total revenues	22,622,477	1,879		(608,778)	22,015,578	21,362,631
Expenditures						
Current:						
Instruction -						
Regular programs	2,136,240	-	-	•	2,136,240	2,111,384
Special education programs	1,669,372	-	-	•	1,669,372	1,685,603
Special programs	3,149,946		-	-	3,149,946	2,889,701
Adult and continuing education programs	123,920	-	-	•	123,920	122,780
Support services -						
Pupil support services	1,337,918	-	-	-	1,337,918	1,137,190
Instructional staff support services	615,682	~	-	-	615,682	645,574
General administration	450,420	-	-	30,475	480,895	423,261
Operation and maintenance of plant services		-	-	- ,	125,124	123,690
Student transportation services	607,233	-	-	-	607,233	550,682
Central services	53,700	-	-	•	53,700	51,924
Non-instructional services -				•	4 467 774	4 100 014
Food service operations	4,467,734	-	-	-	4,467,734	4,183,314
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:	690,702	-	2,088,790	-	2,779,492	1,999,502
Principal retirement	-	290,000	-	-	290,000	305,000
Interest and fiscal charges		58,805	-	-	58,805	25,436
Legal and technical fees	·····	450	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	450	250
Total expenditures	15,427,991	349,255	2,088,790	30,475	17,896,511	16,255,291
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	7,194,486	(347,376)	(2,088,790)	(639,253)	4,119,067	5,107,340
Other financing sources (uses)						
Proceeds from issuance of debt		-	1,400,000	-	1,400,000	2,000,000
Transfers in	376.197	430,599	236.564	29,539	1,072,899	1,433,506
Transfers out	(7,081,792)	400,000		(430,599)	(7,512,391)	(6,577,554)
	(6,705,595)	430,599	1,636,564	(401,060)	(5,039,492)	(3,144,048)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(0,700,595)	420,035	1,030,004	(401,000)		(3,144,040)
Net change in fund balances	488,891	83,223	(452,226)	(1,04 0,313)	(920,425)	1,963,292
Fund balances, beginning	983,369	202,334	1,558,753	11,062,611	13,807,067	11,843,775
Fund balances, ending	\$1,472,260	<u>\$285,557</u>	<u>\$1,106,527</u>	\$10,022,298	\$12,886,642	\$13,807,067

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for special revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for expenditures for specific purposes.

1998 Ad valorem Tax Fund

In January, 1998 Vermilion Parish voters approved a 25.00 mills ad valorem tax dedicated solely for the purpose of increasing the salaries and benefits of school employees to a level comparable with surrounding parishes.

1996 Ad valorem Tax Fund

In April, 1996 Vermilion Parish voters approved a rededication of a 10.00 mills ad valorem tax. The proposition provided that 3.00 mills be used for acquiring and maintaining equipment and supplies for educational and instructional services including library books and textbooks, 5.00 mills for maintaining and improving public school buildings including roof replacement, and heating and air conditioning systems, and 2.00 mills for acquiring and maintaining school buses.

No Child Left Behind (NCLB):

Title I

Title I of the NCLB is a program for economically and educationally deprived school children that is federally financed, state administered, and locally operated by the School Board. Title I services are provided through various projects that are designed to meet the special needs of educationally deprived children. The activities supplement, rather than replace, state and locally mandated activities.

Title II

Title II of the NCLB is a program by which the federal government provides funds to the School Board for projects that are designed to improve the skills of teachers in the areas of mathematics, science, computer learning, and to increase the accessibility of such instructions to all students.

Title III

Title III of the NCLB is a program to help ensure that children who are limited English proficient, including immigrant children and youth, attain English proficiency, develop high levels of academic attainment in English, and meet the same challenging State academic content and student academic achievement standards as all children are expected to meet.

Title IV

Title IV of NCLB is a program by which the federal government provides funds to the School Board for the Drug Free Schools program.

(continued)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (continued)

Title V

Title V of NCLB purpose is to support local education reform efforts that are consistent with and support statewide education reform efforts. To provide funding to enable State educational agencies and local educational agencies to implement promising educational reform programs and school improvement programs based on scientifically based research. To provide a continuing source of innovation and educational impovement, including support programs to provide library services and instructional and media materials. To meet the educational needs of all students, including at-risk youth. To develop and implement education programs to improve schools, student, and teacher performance, including professional development activities and class size reduction programs.

Education Excellence Fund

The Education Excellence Fund accounts for restricted revenues derived from the state's tobacco settlement. Expenditures from this fund are restricted to instructional enhancements for pre-kindergarten to twelfth grade students.

Individuals With Disabilities Education Act Fund

The IDEA Fund is a federally financed program of free education in the least restricted environment to children with exceptionalities.

Preschool Flow-Through Fund

Vermilion School Board for providing a free appropriate public education to preschool-age handicapped children.

Federal and State Adult Education Funds

The Federal and State Adult Education Funds are programs for the education of adults, who have not received a high school education. These programs are federally and state financed, state administered, and locally operated by the Vermilion Parish School Board.

School Lunch/Breakfast Fund

The School Lunch/Breakfast Fund is a program that provides nourishing morning and noon meals for students in all grades. This fund is supplemented by both federal and state funds that are based on reimbursement and participation.

(continued)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (continued)

Region IV Education Service Center Fund

Pursuant to an interagency agreement with the State Department of Education Executive Office, the School Board serves as the fiscal agent for the Region IV Education Service Center.

Truancy Assessment and Service Centers (TASC) Fund

The TASC Fund accounts for programs to provide for early identification and assessment of truants and the delivery of coordinated interventions to prevent unauthorized school absences.

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Fund

The TANF Fund accounts for the Early Childhood Development program for four year old children considered to be at risk of achieving academic success. The fund also accounts for a Pre GED/Skills Option program designed to provide exit options for students sixteen years or older.

Reading First Fund

The Reading First Fund accounts for programs to provide assistance to school districts to establish researchbased reading programs for students in kindergarten through third grade. Districts receive support to apply scientifically based reading research to ensure that all children learn to read well by the end of the third grade.

VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2009 With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2008

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	1998	1996	No (No Child Left Behind		
	Ad valorem	Ad valorem	Title I	Title II	Title III	
	Tax Fund	Tax Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	
ASSETS						
Cash and interest bearing deposits Receivables Inventories	\$ 192,962 23,226	\$1,093,711 9,291 	\$ 379,254 1,306,187	\$ 126,977 337,100 	\$ 3,306 - -	
Total assets	\$ 216,188	\$1,103,002	<u>\$1,685,441</u>	\$ 464,077	<u>\$ 3,306</u>	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	s -	\$ 6,2 70	\$ 11,372	s -	S -	
Accrued salaries and related benefits	-	10,200	508,199	150,404	3,306	
Retainage payable	-	-	-	-	-	
Due to other funds	+	-	1,165,870	313,673	-	
Deferred revenue	200,654	80,262	-			
Total liabilities	200,654	96,732	1,685,441	464,077	3,306	
Fund balances:						
Reserved for inventory	-	-`	-	-	-	
Unreserved	15,534	1,006,270	<u></u>	<u> </u>		
Total fund balances	15,534	1,006,270			<u> </u>	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 216,188	\$1,103,002	\$1,685,441	<u>\$ 464,077</u>	\$ 3,306	

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No Child Left Behind Title IV Fund	Education Excellence Fund	Individuals With Disabilities Educaton Act Fund	Pre-School Flow-Through Fund	Federal Adult Education Fund	State Adult Education Fund
\$ 63 26,386 <u>\$ 26,449</u>	\$ 14,038 <u>\$ 14,038</u>	\$ 185,605 815,201 \$ 1,000,806	\$ 6,442 18,819 <u>\$ 25,261</u>	\$ 372 82,192 \$ 82;564	\$ 8,033 <u>\$ 8,033</u>
\$ 83 192 26,174 	\$ 14,038 	\$ 29,243 253,679 - 704,152 	\$ 9,115 16,146 25,261	\$ 195 371 - 81,998 	\$ - 8,033 - - - 8,033
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	13,7 <u>32</u> 13,7 <u>32</u> \$ 1,000,806	<u>-</u> <u>\$ 25,261</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 8,033 (continued)

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VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Balance Sheet (continued) June 30, 2009 With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2008

	School Lunch/ Breakfast Fund	Region IV Education Service Center Fund	TASC Fund	TANF Fund	Reading First Fund
ASSETS					
Cash and interest bearing deposits Receivables Inventories	\$651,384 	\$ - -	\$ 1,159 18,634 	\$ 227,157 306,673	\$ 119,222 251,680
Total assets	\$779,751	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 19,793</u>	<u>\$ 533,830</u>	<u>\$ 370,902</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 3,071	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -
Accrued salaries and related benefits	339,920	-	1,159	265,575	139,499
Retainage payable	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	36	-	18,634	268,255	231,403
Deferred revenue				-	
Total liabilities	343,027		19,793	533,830	370,902
Fund balances:					
Reserved for inventory	128,367	-	-	-	-
Unreserved	308,357	-		<u> </u>	<u></u>
Total fund balances	436,724	*			
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$779,751</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 19,793</u>	<u>\$ 533,830</u>	\$ 370,902

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Totals					
2009	2008				
<u>_</u>					
\$ 3,009,685 3,195,389 128, <u>367</u>	\$ 1,724,622 8,453,654 108,529				
\$ 6,333,441	\$10,286,805				
\$ 50,234	\$ 81,624				
1,703,690	1,749,688				
-	63,746				
2,826,341	7,116,602				
280,916	291,776				
4,861,181	<u>9,303,436</u>				
128,367 <u>1,343,893</u> <u>1,472,260</u>	108,529 <u>874,840</u> 983,369				
<u>\$ 6,333,441</u>	\$10,286,805				

VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

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Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2009 With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2008

			No	No Child Left Behind		
	1998 Ad valorem Tax Fund	1996 Ad valorem Tax Fund	Title I Fund	Title II Fund	Title III Fund	
Revenues						
Local Sources:			·			
Taxes:				۱,		
Ad valorem tax	\$7,141,393	\$2,856,557	S -	s -	S -	
Interest income	12,292	5,670	-	-	-	
Food services	-	-	-		-	
Other	-	-	-	-	-	
State sources	-	· · -	•	-	-	
Federal sources		-	3,046,554	861,857	37,714	
Other commodities	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total revenues	7,153,685	2,862,227	3,046,554	<u>861,857</u>	37,714	
Expenditures						
Current:						
Instruction -						
Regular programs	-	905,749	-	669,311	•	
Special education programs	-		-	-	-	
Special programs		~	1,856,212	24,358	-	
Adult and continuing education programs	-	-	-	۳	-	
Support services -	-					
Pupil support services	-	•	716,374	-	37,714	
Instructional staff support services	-	-	289,341	165,111	-	
General administration	232,136	92,855	83,371	39,058	-	
Operation and maintenance of plant services	-	-	48,194	-	•	
Student transportation services	-	560,736	14,625	•	•	
Central services	-	-	53,700	•	-	
Non-instructional services -		•				
Food service operations	-	<00 700	-	•	•	
Facility acquisition and construction		690,702				
Total expenditures	232,136	2,250,042	3,061,817	897,838	37,714	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	6,921,549	612,185	(15,263)	(35,981)		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	-	-	109,319	35,981	-	
Transfers out	(6,925,118)		(94,056)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(6,925,118)	<u> </u>	15,263	35,981	<u> </u>	
Net change in fund balances	(3,569)	612,185	-	-	-	
Fund balances, beginning	19,103	394,085		<u> </u>		
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 15,534</u>	\$1,006,270	<u>s</u>	<u>s</u>	<u>\$</u>	

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No Child Left Behind Title IV Fund	Education Excellence Fund	Individuals With Disabilities Education Act Fund	Pre-School Flow-Through Fund	Federal Adult Education Fund	State Adult Education Fund
s - '	\$ -	\$ -	, 5 -	s -	S -
•	•			¥ -	
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	13,573	-	-	5,750
-	201,062	•	-	-	35,089
36,182	-	2,180,582	80,431	82,192	. •
-					-
36,182	201,062	2,194,155	80,431	\$ 82,192	40,839
•	44,083	-	-	-	•
-	*+ 106 761	1,661,625	-	-	•
•	106,761	-	-	- 79,969	43,951
-	-	•	-	/9,909	45,951
36,384	42,755	358,545	53 ,97 3	-	-
	-	114,414	27,700	408	-
-	-	3,000	-		-
-	11,001	23,128	-	-	•
-	-	31,872	-	-	• ,
-	-	•	-	-	-
			•		
-	-	-	-	-	
					<u>`</u>
36,384	204,600	2,192,584	81,673	80,377	43,951
(202)	(3,538)	1,571	(1,242)	1,815	(3,112)
202	3,538	55,671	4,107	-	· 3,112
		(57,242)	(2,865)	(1,815)	
202	3,538	(1,571)	1,242	(1,815)	3,112
-	-	•	- `	-	
		13,732		·	
<u>s -, </u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 13,732</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>s</u>
					(continued)

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VBRMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2009

With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2008

	School Lunch/ Breakfast Fund	Region IV Education Service Center Fund	TASC Fund	TANF	Reading First Fund
Revenues					
Local Sources:					
Taxes:					•
Ad valorem tax.	S -	s -	\$-	\$ -	5 -
Interest income	4,130	-	•	-	•
Food services	596,837	-	-	-	-
Other	424	. •	94,974	-	-
State sources	925,000	19,404	-	1,150,000	-
Federal sources	2,478,079	-	-	-	492,828
Other commodities	263,903				
Total revenues	4,268,373	19,404	94,974	1,150,000	492,828
Expenditures Current Instruction -					
Regular programs	-	-	-	-	517,097
Special education programs	-	-	-	7,747	- '
Special programs	-	-	•	1,162,615	-
Adult and continuing education programs	-	-	-	-	-
Support services -					
Pupil support services	-	-	92,173	-	- ·
Instructional staff support services		18,708	-	•	-
General administration	-	-	•	•	-
Operation and maintenance of plant services	•	•	2,801	40,000	-
Student transportation services	•	-	-	-	-
Central services	-	-	-	-	-
Non-instructional services -			-		
Food service operations	4,467,734	-	-	-	-
Facility acquisition and construction					
Total expenditures	4,467,734	18,708	94,974	1,210,362	517,097
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(199,361)	696	. <u>-</u>	(60,362)	(24,269)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	79,636	-	-	60,362	24,269
Transfers out	<u> </u>	(696)			.
Total other financing sources (uses)	79,636	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	60,362	24,269
Net change in fund balances	(119,725)	-	-	-	-
Fund balances, beginning	556,449	<u>_</u>		·	
Fund balances, ending	\$ 436,724	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>s -</u>
	_				

То	tals
2009	2008
\$ 9,997,950	\$ 8,583,933
22,092	66,955
596,837	634,641
114,721	101,458
2,330,555	2,531,571
9,296,419	9,038,770
263,903	200,049
22,622,477	<u>21,157,377</u>
• .	
2,136,240	2,111,384
1,669,372	1,685,603
3,149,946	2,889,701
123,920	122,780
1 407 010	1 127 100
1,337,918 615,682	1,137,190 645,574
450,420	391,172
125,124	123,690
607,233	550,682
53,700	51,924
50,100	<i>••••••</i>
4,467,734	4,183,314
690,702	1,558,2 <u>55</u>
15,427,991	15,451,269
~_ <u></u>	
7,194,486	5,706,108
376,197	-
(7,081,792)	(6,144,048)
_ <u>(6,705,595</u>)	(6,144,048)
488,891	(437,940)
983,369	1,421,309
\$ 1,472,260	\$ 983,369

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NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of bonded debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Certificates of Indebtedness, Series 2002

To accumulate monies for the payment of the Certificates of Indebtedness, Series 2002 issued in the amount of \$645,000. The certificates were issued for the purpose of capital improvements to the print shop/technology center. The bonds are financed by the Dr. Daniel R. Dartez Educational Trust Fund.

Refunding Bonds, Series 2003

To accumulate monies for the payment of the Refunding Bonds, Series 2003 in the amount of \$1,475,000. The Certificates were issued for the purpose of refunding Certificates of Indebtedness, Series 1997, 1998 and 1999. The Certificates are financed by the interest earnings of the Dr. Daniel R. Dartez Educational Trust Fund.

Certificates of Indebtedness, Series 2008

To accumulate monies for the payment of the Certificates of Indebtedness, Series 2008 issued in the amount of \$2,000,000. The certificates were issued for the purpose of contructing and equipping a new gymnasium at Rene Rost Middle School. The certificates are secured by and payable from a pledge and dedication of the excess of annual revenues.

Certificates of Indebtedness, Series 2009

To accumulate monies for the payment of the Certificates of Indebtedness, Series 2009 issued in the amount of \$1,400,000. The certificates were issued for the purpose of contructing and equipping a new cafeteria at Meaux Elementary School. The certificates are secured by and payable from a pledge and dedication of the excess of annual revenues.

VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Debt Service Fund

Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2009 and 2008

· · · ·	2009	2008
ASSETS		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$285,557	<u>\$202,334</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities	\$-	\$ -
Fund balance: Reserved for debt retirement	285,557	202,334
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$285,557</u>	<u>\$202,334</u>

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VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Debt Service Fund

Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

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	2009	2008
Revenues		
Local Sources:		
Interest income	<u>\$ 1,879</u>	\$ 4,042
Expenditures		
Debt service:		
Principal retirement	290,000	305,000
Interest and fiscal charges	58,805	25,436
Legal and technical fees	450	250
Total expenditures	349,255	330,686
Deficiency of revenues		
over expenditures	(347,376)	(326,644)
Other financing sources:		
Transfers in	430,599	433,506
Net change in fund balances	83,223	106,862
Fund balance, beginning	202,334	95,472
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$285,557</u>	<u>\$ 202,334</u>

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS

Capital projects are used to account for capital asset acquisition, construction, and improvements of public school facilities and is currently funded by \$2,000,000 of proceeds from a Certificate of Indebtedness, Series 2008 and \$1,400,000 of proceeds from a Certificate of Indebtedness, Series 2009 which is being used for constructing and equipping a new gymnasium at Rene Rost Middle School and a new cafeteria at Meaux Elementary.

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VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund

Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2009

	2009	2008
ASSETS		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	<u>\$ 1,339,466</u>	<u>\$1,659,494</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		,
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,819	\$ 2,176
Contract payable	118,748	83,916
Retainage payable	112,372	14,649
Total liabilities	232,939	100,741
Fund balance:		
Reserved for construction project	1,106,527	1,558,753
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 1,339,466</u>	\$1,659,494

VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Capital Projects

Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

Revenues	<u> 2009 </u>	
Expenditures Facility acquisition and construction	2,088,790	441,247
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(2,088,790)	(441,247)
Other financing sources: Proceeds from issuance of debt Transfers in Total other financing sources	1,400,000 	2,000,000
Net change in fund balance	(452,226)	1,558,753
Fund balance, beginning	1,558,753	-
Fund balance, ending	\$1,106,527	\$1,558,753

NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUND

Non-expendable trust

Dr. Daniel R. Dartez Educational Public Trust Fund

On June 11, 1996 pursuant to Louisiana Revised Statute LSR-R.S. 17:81(m), the School Board established a nonexpendable trust fund. Trust principal is derived from surplus revenues and may not be used for expenditures. Income from the investment of fund principal is restricted to meeting the capital outlay needs of the Vermilion Parish School System.

VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Permanent Fund

Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2009 and 2008 ٠,

	2009	2008
ASSETS		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 1,158,315	\$ 1, 920, 715
Investments	8,752,449	9,058,023
Receivables	89,689	92,235
Due from other funds	29,539	
Total assets	<u>\$10,029,992</u>	<u>\$11,070,973</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 7,694	\$ 8,362
Fund balance:		
Reserved for trust principal	10,022,298	11,062,611
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$10,029,992</u>	<u>\$11,070,973</u>

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VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Permanent Fund

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Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

	2009	2008	
Operating revenues: Investment earnings: Interest Net decrease in fair value of investments Total operating revenues	\$ 439,103 (1,047,881) (608,778)	\$ 386,577 (185,365) 201,212	
Operating expenses: Administration	30,475	32,089	
Operating (loss) income	(639,253)	354,488	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	29,539 (430,599) (401,060)	1,000,000 (433,506) 566,494	
Net (loss) income	(1,040,313)	735,617	
Fund balance, beginning	11,062,611	10,326,994.	
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$10,022,298</u>	<u>\$11,062,611</u>	

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FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore can not be used to support the School Boards own programs.

Agency Funds

School Activity Fund

The School Activity Fund accounts for monies generated by the individual schools and school organizations within the parish. While the school activity accounts are under the supervision of the School Board, they belong to the individual schools or their student bodies and is not available for use by the School Board.

Sales Tax Fund

The Sales Tax Fund accounts for the collection and distribution of sales tax that the School Board has the responsibility of collecting. Effective March 1, 1992, the School Board was appointed the central sales tax collecting agency for all taxing bodies within Vermilion Parish. The cost of collecting the taxes is divided among all of the taxing bodies based upon their respective sales and use tax in relation to the combined total.

Vermilion Parish School Board Abbeville, Louisiana Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2009 With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2008

	School	Sales	Totals	
	Activity	Tax	2009	2008
ASSETS				
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$1,271,567	\$2,030,817	\$3,302,384	\$ 3,776,866
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 47,400	\$-	\$ 47,400	\$ 13,000
Due to other governmental units	-	1,794,757	1,794,757	1,965,866
Deposits due others	1,224,167	236,060	1,460,227	1,798,000
Total liabilities	\$1,271,567	\$2,030,817	\$3,302,384	\$ 3,776,866

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VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisiana School Activity Agency Fund

Schedule of Changes in Deposits Due Others For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Schools	Balance July 1, 2008	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2009
Abbeville High	\$ 101,751	\$ 446,779	\$ 470,289	\$ 78,241
Dozier Elementary	74,933	114,112	123,665	65,380
Eaton Park Elementary	38,014	116,841	119,581	35,274
Erath High	142,907	91,511	92,429	141,989
Erath Middle	168,412	609,240	622,280	155,372
F.I./E. Broussard Elementary	74,581	293,606	327,773	40,414
Gueydan High	74,270	121,566	110,867	84,969
James Herod Elementary	23,088	206,865	182,970	46,983
Indian Bayou Elementary	66,18 1	51,990	52,677	65,494
J. H. Williams Middle	81,211	108,287	92,457	97,041
Jesse Owens Elementary	26,163	121,874	117,139	30,898
Kaplan Elementary	23,402	45,351	41,340	27,413
Kaplan High	125,413	. 99,426	86,983	137,856
Maurice Elementary	41,538	609,281	622,297	28,522
Meaux Elementary	10,882	87,439	91,088	7,233
North Vermilion High	99,248	658,545	648,102	109,691
Rene A. Rost Middle	27,742	159,900	155,995	31,647
Seventh Ward Elementary	46,487	74,109	80,846	39,750
Total balances	\$1,246,223	\$4,016,722	\$4,038,778	\$1,224,167

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VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisiana Sales Tax Agency Fund

Schedule of Cash Receipts and Disbursements Years Ended June 30, 2009 With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2008

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	2009	2008
Deposits due others - beginning	\$ 551,777	\$ 45,210
Additions:		
Sales tax collections - parishwide	33,374,291	33,921,776
Interest earnings	21,768	56,014
Total Additions	33,396,059	33,977,790
Beginning balance plus additions	33,947,836	34,023,000
Deductions:		
Transfers to:		
General Fund:	۲_	
Sales tax	7,914,233	7,910,317
Sales tax administrative allowance	253,227	263,513
Refunds	146, 99 4	133,420
Interest Earnings	5,214	13,831
Vermilion Parish Police Jury:		
Sales Tax	11,669,054	12,308,111
Interest Earnings	7,821	20,746
Vermilion Parish Sheriff:		
Sales Tax	5,732,947	6,028,683
Interest Earnings	3,824	10,156
City of Kaplan:		
Sales Tax	618,415	583,389
Interest Earnings	419	967
City of Abbeville:	,	
Sales Tax	3,536,034	3,410,134
Interest Earnings	2,314	5,688
Town of Gueydan:		1
Sales Tax	179,099	218,339
Interest Earnings	124	369
Town of Erath:	1	
Sales Tax	261,170	271,450
Interest Earnings	171	460
Town of Delcambre:		
Sales Tax	167,003	153,915
Interest Earnings	110	256

(continued)

VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisiana Sales Tax Agency Fund

Schedule of Cash Receipts and Disbursements (Continued) Years Ended June 30, 2009 With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2008

	2009	2008
Deductions:		
Village of Maurice:		
Sales Tax	389,703	495,814
Interest Earnings	269	805
Vermilion Parish Tourist Commission:		
Sales Tax	179,719	132,675
Interest Earnings	115	234
Hospital Service District #1:		
Sales Tax	1,445,053	1,505,449
Interest Earnings	975	2,502
Hospital Service District #2:		
Sales Tax	1,164,809	-
Interest Earnings	400	-
Economic Development District #1		
Sales Tax	. 25,675	-
Interest Barnings	9	-
Abbeville Film and Visitors Commision		
Sales Tax	6,873	-
Interest Earnings	3	
Total deductions	33,711,776	33,471,223
Deposits due others - ending	<u>\$ 236,060</u>	<u>\$551,777</u>

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INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH <u>GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</u>

Mr. Randy Schexnayder, Superintendent, and Members of the Vermilion Parish School Board Abbeville, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Vermilion Parish School Board, (the School Board) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 19, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School Board's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the School Board's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the School Board's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the School Board's internal control. A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the School Board's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School Board's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Directors, other within the entity, the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana November 19, 2009

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Mr. Randy Schexnayder, Superintendent and Members of the Vermilion Parish School Board Abbeville, Louisiana

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Vermilion Parish School Board (the School Board), with the types of compliance requirements described in the <u>U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular</u> <u>A-133 Compliance Supplement</u> that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009. The School Board's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the School Board's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the School Board's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing</u> <u>Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of</u> <u>States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School Board's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School Board's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the School Board complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the School Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School Board's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Directors, others within the entity, the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana November 19, 2009

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Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2009

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Project Number	CFDA Number	Expenditures
United States Department of Agriculture			
Passed through Louisiana Department of			
Agriculture and Forestry :			
Food Distribution Program *	N/A	10.555	263,903
Passed through Louisiana Department of Education			
School Breakfast Program *	N/A	10.553	604,683
National School Lunch Program *	N/A	10.555	1,873,396
Total for Child Nutrition Cluster			2,478,079
Total United States Department of Agriculture			2,741,982
United States Department of Education			
Passed through State Department of Education:			
Adult Education State Grant Program	.28-08-44-57	84.002	82,192
Title 1 Grant to Local Education Agencies	N/A	84.010	3,046,554
Special Education - Grants to States (IDBA, Part B)	N/A	84.027	2,180,582
Special Education - District School Improvement	28-09-PD-57	84.027	101,231
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	N/A	84.173	80,431
Total for Special Education Cluster			2,362,244
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	28-09-02-57	84.048	140,794
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities - State Grants (Title IV)	N/A	84.186	36,182
State Wide Positive Behavior	22482	84.323	67,768
English Language Acquisition Grants	N/A	84.365	37,714
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants *	N/A	84.367	861,857
Education Technology State Grants (Enhancing Education through Technology Program)			
Consortium Professional Development	28-09-14-57	84.318	. 214,207
Technology Improvement	28-09-49-57	84.318	27,832
Total for Education Technology State Grants			242,039
Rural Education Achievement Program	28-08-RE-57	84.358	212,627
Reading First State Grants	28-08-RF-57	84.357	502,810
Hurricane Education Recovery - Restart *	28-08-1R-57	84.938	986,532
Total United States Department of Education			8,579,313

(continued)

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Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2009

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Project Number	CFDA Number	Expenditures
United States Department of Health & Human Services			
Passed through Louisiana Department of Education: Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) - LA4 Starting Points	28-09-JE-57	93.558	18,984
United States Department of Homeland Security Passed through State Department of Homeland Security			
Emergency Preparedness:			
Public Assistance Grants *	N/A	97.036	4,848,312
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS	1		\$16,188,591

* Denotes major programa.

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Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2009

(1) <u>General</u>

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal financial assistance programs of the Vermilion Parish School Board (the School Board). The School Board's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2009. All federal financial assistance received directly from federal agencies is included on the schedule as well as federal financial assistance passed through other government agencies. The following programs are considered major federal programs of the School Board: Food Distribution Program, School Breakfast Program, National School Lunch Program, Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, and Hurricane Education Recovery - Restart.

(2) Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the School Board's basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2009

Part I. <u>Summary of Auditor's Results</u>:

- 1. An unqualified report was issued on the basic financial statements.
- 2. No significant deficiencies in internal control were disclosed by the audit of the basic financial statements.
- 3. There were no material instances of noncompliance.
- 4. No significant deficiencies in internal control over the major programs were disclosed by the audit of the basic financial statements.
- 5. An unqualified opinion was issued on compliance for the major programs.
- 6. The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported under Section 510(a) of Circular A-133.
- The following programs were considered to be major programs:
 U.S. Department of Education/Louisiana Department of Education Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, CFDA 84.367 Hurricane Education Recovery - Restart, CFDA 84.938
 - U.S. Department of Agriculture/Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry Food Distribution Program, CFDA 10.555
 - U.S. Department of Agriculture/Louisiana Department of Education School Breakfast Program, CFDA 10.553 and National School Lunch Program, CFDA 10.555
- 8. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs, as described in Section 520(b) of Circular A-133 was \$485,658.
- 9. The auditee did qualify as a low-risk auditee under Section 530 of Circular A-133.

Part II. Findings which are required to be reported in accordance with generally accepted Governmental Auditing Standards:

A. Compliance Findings –

There were no compliance findings.

B. Internal Control Findings –

There were no internal control findings.
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2009

III. Findings and questioned costs for Federal awards which include audit findings as defined in Section 510(a) of Circular A-133:

There are no findings and questioned costs related to federal programs.

VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

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Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Anticipated	Completion	Date	
	Name of	Contact	Person	
			Corrective Action Planned	
	Corrective	Action	Taken	
			Description of fluding	
Fiscal Year	Finding	Initially	Occurred	
			Ref. No.	

CURRENT YEAR (6/30/09) -

Endines which are required to be reported in accordance with generally accepted Goyernmental Auditing Standards

Compliance

There are no compliance fundings to be reported.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting There are no findings to be reported.

Findings and questioned costs for Federal awards which include audit findings as defined in Section 510(a) of Circular A-133. There are no findings that are required to be reported.

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PRIOR YEAR (6/30/08) --

Findings which are required to be reported in accordance with generally accepted Governmental Auditurg Standards

Compliance

There are no compliance findings to be reported.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting There are no findings to be reported.

Findings and questioned costs for Federal awards which include audit findings as defined in Section 510(a) of Circular A-133. There are no findings that are required to be reported. SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES OF PERFORMANCE MEASURES

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Mr. Randy Schexnayder, Superintendent and Members of the Vermilion Parish School Board Abbeville, Louisiana

We have performed the procedures included in the Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide and enumerated below, which were agreed to by the management of Vermilion Parish School Board and the Legislative Auditor. State of Louisiana, solely to assist users in evaluating management's assertions about the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of Vermilion Parish School Board and to determine whether the specified schedules are free of obvious errors and omissions as provided by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE). This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in the report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

Our procedures and findings are as follows:

General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue I. Sources (Schedule 1)

- We selected a random sample of 25 transactions and reviewed supporting 1. documentation to determine if the sampled expenditures/revenues are classified correctly and are reported in the proper amounts for each of the following amounts reported on the schedule:
 - Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures,
 - Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures,
 - Total Local Taxation Revenue,
 - Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property,
 - Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes,
 - Nonpublic Textbook Revenue, and
 - Nonpublic Transportation Revenue.

There were no exceptions noted.

II. Education Levels of Public School Staff (Schedule 2)

2. We reconciled the total number of full-time classroom teachers per the schedule "Experience of Public Principals and Full-time Classroom Teachers" (Schedule 4) to the combined total number of full-time classroom teachers per this schedule and to school board supporting payroll records as of October 1st.

There was one exception noted.

3. We reconciled the combined total of principals and assistant principals per the schedule "Experience of Public Principals and Full-time Classroom Teachers" (Schedule 4) to the combined total of principals and assistant principals per this schedule.

There were no exceptions noted.

4. We obtained a list of full-time teachers, principals, and assistant principals by classification as of October 1st and as reported on the schedule. We traced a random sample of 25 teachers to the individual's personnel file and determine if the individual's education level was properly classified on the schedule.

There were no exceptions noted.

III. Number and Type of Public Schools (Schedule 3)

5. We obtained a list of schools by type as reported on the schedule. We compared the list to the schools and grade levels as reported on the Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies (CFDA 84.010) application and/or the National School Lunch Program (CFDA 10.555) application.

There were no exceptions noted.

IV. Experience of Public Principals and Full-time Classroom Teachers (Schedule 4)

6. We obtained a list of full-time teachers, principals, and assistant principals by classification as of October 1 and as reported on the schedule and traced the same sample used in procedure 4 to the individual's personnel file and determined if the individual's experience was properly classified on the schedule.

There were no exceptions noted.

V. Public Staff Data (Schedule 5)

7. We obtained a list of all classroom teachers including their base salary, extra compensation, and ROTC or rehired retiree status as well as full-time equivalent as reported on the schedule and traced a random sample of 25 teachers to the individual's personnel file and determined if the individual's salary, extra compensation, and full-time equivalents were properly included on the schedule.

There were no exceptions noted.

8. We recalculated the average salaries and full-time equivalents reported in the schedule.

There were no exceptions noted.

VL Class Size Characteristics (Schedule 6)

9. We obtained a list of classes by school, school type, and class size as reported on the schedule and reconciled school type classifications to Schedule 3 data, as obtained in procedure 5. We then traced a random sample of 10 classes to the class roster as of the MFP date for those classes and determined if the class was properly classified on the schedule.

There were no exceptions noted.

VII. Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) for the 21st Century (Schedule 7)

10. We obtained test scores as provided by the testing authority and reconciled scores as reported by the testing authority to scores reported in the schedule by Vermilion Parish School Board.

There were no exceptions noted.

VIII. The Graduation Exit Exam for the 21st Century (Schedule 8)

11. We obtained test scores as provided by the testing authority and reconciled scores as reported by the testing authority to scores reported in the schedule by Vermilion Parish School Board.

There were no exceptions noted.

IX. <u>iLEAP Tests (Schedule 9)</u>

12. We obtained test scores as provided by the testing authority and reconciled scores as reported by the testing authority to scores reported in the schedule by Vermilion Parish School Board.

There were no exceptions noted.

We were not engaged to, and did not, conduct an audit, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion, on management's assertions. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management of Vermilion Parish School Board, the Louisiana Department of Education, the Louisiana Legislature, and the Legislative Auditor, State of Louisiana, and should not be used by those who have not agreed to the procedures and taken responsibility for the sufficiency of the procedures for their purposes. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

> Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana November 19, 2009

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Schedule 1 General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources For the Year Buded June 30, 2009

General Fund Instructional and Equipment Expenditures	1 	
General fund instructional expenditures:	•	
Teacher and student interaction activities -		
Classroom teacher salaries	\$ 28,260),666
Other instructional staff salaries	3,168	,795
Employee benefits	8,499	,533
Purchased professional and technical setvices		,012
Instructional materials and supplies	1,022	,376
Instructional equipment		,340
Total teacher and student interaction activities		\$ 41,109,722
Other instructional activities		520,319
Pupil support activities	2,875	532
Less: Equipment for pupil support activities		•
Net pupil support activities	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,875,532
Instructional staff services	2,667	(191
Less: Equipment for instructional staff services	2,007	-
Net instructional staff services	·	2,667,191
	4.01/	, ,
School Administration	4,036	·, > 47
Less: Equipment for School Administration		
Net School Administration	- - -	4,036,547
Total general fund instructional expenditures		\$ 51,209,311
Total general fund equipment expenditures	· · ·	\$ 88,989
Certain Local Revenue Sources		
Local taxation revenue:		
Constitutional ad valorem taxes	ł	\$ 1,289,863
Renewable ad valorem tax	3	9,9 9 7,951
Debt service ad valorem tax		•
Up to 1% of collections by the Sheriff on taxes other than sch	ool taxes	281,368
Sales and use taxes		7,901,461
Total local taxation revenue		<u>\$ 19,470,643</u>
Local earnings on investment in real property:		
Barnings from 16th section property		\$ 6,884,260
State revenue in lieu of taxes:	4	
Revenue sharing - constitutional tax		<u>\$ 139,292</u>
Nonpublic textbook revenue	· • •	\$ 19,718
Nonpublic transportation revenue	-	\$ 56,651
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Schedule 2 Education Levels of Public School Staff As of October 1, 2008

	Full	-time Class	room Teac	hers	Princi	pals & Ass	istant Princ	ipals
	Certif	icated	Uncert	ificated	Certii	ficated	Uncerti	ficated
Category	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Less than a bachelor's degree		0%	1	33%	-	0%	-	0%
Bachelor's degree	. 517	80%	2	67%	-	0%	-	0%
Master's degree	94	14%	-	0%	13	39%	-	0%
Master's degree + 30	33	5%	- ,	0%	15	46%	-	0%
Specialist in education	5	1%	-	0%	5	15%	-	0%
Ph. D. or Ed. D.	-	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-	0%
. Total	649	100%	3	100%	33	100%		0%

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Schedule 3 Number and Type of Public Schools For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Туре	Number
Elementary	10 .
Middle/Junior high	3
Secondary	5
Combination	0
Total	18

Note: Schools opened or closed during the fiscal year are included in this schedule.

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Schedule 4 Experience of Public Principals and Full-time Classroom Teachers As of October 1, 2008

	0-1 Yr.	2-3 Yrs.	4-10 Yrs.	11-14 Yrs.	15-19 Yrs.	20-24 Yrs.	25+ Yrs.	Total
Assistant principals	-	-	-	1	4	2.	8	15
Principals	-	+	-	-	5	3	10	18
Classroom teachers	60	56	150	98	. 86	59	143	652
Total	60	56	150	99	95	64	161	685

Schedule 5 Public School Staff Data For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	All Classroom Teachers	Classroom Teachers Excluding ROTC and Rehired Retirees
Average classroom teachers' salary including extra compensation	\$47,887	\$47,870
Average classroom teachers' salary excluding extra compensation	\$46,961	\$46,940
Number of teacher full-time equivalents (FTEs) used in computation of average salaries	642	640

Note: Figures reported include all sources of funding (i.e., federal, state, and local) but exclude employee benefits. Generally, retired teachers rehired to teach receive less compensation than non-retired teachers; some teachers may have been flagged as receiving reduced salaries (e.g., extended medical leave); and ROTC teachers receive more compensation because of a federal supplement. For these reasons, these teachers are excluded from the computation in the last column. This schedule excludes day-to-day substitutes, temporary employees and any teacher on sabbatical leave during any part of the school year.

Schedule 6 Class Size Characteristics As of October 1, 2008

				Class Siz	e Range			
	1 -	20	21 -	- 26	27 -	• 33	3.	4+
School Type	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
Elementary	68.5%	980	29.1%	416	2.4%	34	0.0%	-
Elementary activity classes	68.2%	150	26.8%	59	4.5%	10	0.5%	1
Middle/Junior high	61.2%	355	37.8%	219	1.0%	6	0.0%	- 1
Middle/Junior high activity classes	44.4%	51	30.4%	35	23.5%	27	1,7%	2
High	68.0%	694	27.1%	276	4.8%	49	0.1%	1
High activity classes	80.2%	142	8.5%	· 15	9.0%	16	2.3%	4
Combination	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-
Combination activity classes	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	

Note: The Board of Elementary and Secondary Education has set specific limits on the maximum size of classes at various grade levels. The maximum enrollment in grades K-3 is 26 students and maximum enrollment in grades 4-12 is 33 students. These limits do not apply to activity classes such as physical education, chorus, band, and other classes without maximum enrollment standards. Therefore, these classes are included only as separate line items.

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Schedule 7 Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) for the 21st Century For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

District Achievement		臣	English Lar	Language Arts	3				Mathe	Mathematics		
Level Results	2009	60	20	2008/	2007	07	20	2009	50	2008	50	2007
Students	Number	Number Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 4			e.									
Advanced	37	5%	30	4%	19	3%	33	4%		5%		4%
Mastery	661	26%	159	22%	161	25%	92	12%	131	18%	66	15%
Basic	382	49%	345	48%	295	45%	387	50%		49%	;	48%
Approaching basic	113	15%	129	18%	110	17%	1 <u>5</u>	21%		16%		%61
Unsatisfactory	47	6%	55	8%	2	10%	102	13%		11%		14%
Total	778		718		649		778		718		648	

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ults 2009 2008 Number Percent Number Percent 70 9% 14 2% 163 21% 137 19% 385 50% 389 54% asic 125 16% 140 19%	District Achievement			Science	nce					Social Studies	Studies		
Number Percent Number Percent N d 70 9% 14 2% 163 21% 137 19% 385 50% 389 54% anng basic 125 16% 140 19%	el Results	200	6	20	08	2007	07	50	2009	20	2008	2007	7
4 ced 70 9% 14 ry 163 21% 137 385 50% 389 aching basic 125 16% 140		umber	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
ry 163 21% 14 ry 163 21% 137 385 50% 389 aching basic 125 16% 140													
ry 163 21% 137 385 50% 389 aching basic 125 16% 140	ر	70	%6		2%	24	4%		3%	17	2%		3%
385 50% 389 aching basic 125 16% 140		163	21%		%61	131	20%	140	18%		18%	121	%61
125 16% 140		385	50%	•••	54%	315	49%	,	54%		52%		55%
74 401 70	hing basic	125	16%		19%	130	20%		17%	136	19%		13%
47/0	actory	34	4%		5%	48	7%		8%		%6		10%
Total 7/77 718 1	otal	<i>LLL</i>		718		648		777		218		648	

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Schedule 7 (Continued) Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) for the 21st Century

71st C	
ALT) IOT UNC	2009
rogram (L.	ed June 30,
al Assessment Frogram (LEAF) for the 21st U	For the Year Ended June 30, 2009
siana Educanonal A	Fort
siana	

District Achievement		H	nglish Lan	English Language Arts	ts				Mathe	Mathematics		
Level Results	2009	6	20	2008	2007	07	20	2009	20	2008	30	2007
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 8												
Advanced	6	2%	17	3%	9	1%	30	5%		3%	31	5%
Mastery	89	15%	6	16%	96	15%	33	6%		5%	33	5%
Basic	311	53%	296	53%	339	54%	313	54%	352	63%	• •	55%
Approaching basic	149	25%	129	23%	162	26%	127	22%		22%	148	23%
Unsatisfactory	28	5%	25	4%	26	4%	81	14%		8%		12%
Total	586		557		631		584		558		631	-
												Į

District Achievement			Science	nce					Social	Social Studies		
Level Results	200	60	2008	38	2007	17	20	2009	20	2008	2007	07
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 8												
Advanced	28	. 5%		1%	16	3%	9	2%	2	%0		2%
Mastery	113	%61	-	26%	121	19%		15%		12%		13%
Basic	236	41%		42%	289	46%		47%		51%	• •	51%
Approaching basic	155	27%	130	23%	155	25%	149	26%	142	25%	150	24%
Unsatisfactory	50	%6		7%	50	8%	i	11%		11%		11%
Total	582		557		631		582		557		631	

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Schedule 8 The Graduation Exit Exam for the 21st Century For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

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District Achievement		Ð	English Lar	anguage Arts	ts				Mathe	Mathematics		
Level Results	2009	60	20	2008	2007		20	2009	50	2008	20	2007
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 10												
Advanced	ŝ	%1	9	1%	4	%1		12%		13%		6%
Mastery	19	12%		15%	50	9%6		15%		22%		20%
Basic	269	53%	287	56%	267	49%	277	55%	211	41%	225	41%
Approaching basic	138	27%		20%	152	28%		12%		13%		17%
Unsatisfactory	30	6%		9%6	69	13%		6%9		11%		16%
Total	503		516		542		505		517		543	

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District Achievement			Science	ace					Social	Social Studies		
Level Results	200	2009		8	20	2007	20	2009	20	2008	. 50	2007
Students	Number	Percent	Num	ber Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 11												
Advanced	4	8%	14	3%	20	4%	S	1%	-	%0	4	1%
Mastery	106	23%	83	16%	6 8	17%	65	14%		7%		8%
Basic	211	45%		43%	242	46%	273	58%	284	56%	284	54%
Approaching basic	62	17%	124	25%	114	22%	88	19%		23%		23%
Unsatisfactory	35	7%		13%	62	12%	42	%6		14%		14%
Total	471		506		527		473		505		527	

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Schedule 9 iLEAP Tests For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

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District Achievement Level Results 2009 Number Perc	20 t Number	38 Percent	2007	2						-
Number Perc	t Number	Percent		5	20	2009	8	2008	2007	1
			Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
c,										
		5%	33	5%	61	8%	£	10%	40	6%9
		20%	154	24%		23%	125	17%		20%
Basic 322 44	44% 364	49%	295	46%	311	42%	348	46%	311	48%
		19%	117	18%	_	16%	118	16%		17%
	4% 60	8%	44	7%		10%	85	11%		%6
Total 736	749		643		736		749		643	

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ILEAP District Achievement Level Results 2009 2008 2008 Students Number Percent Number Percent Nu Grade 3 32 4% 34 5% Advanced 157 21% 125 17% Mastery 355 48% 366 49% Approaching basic 154 21% 170 23% Unsatisfactory 38 5% 53 7%	Science				Social Studies	ndies		
Number Percent Number Percent 32 4% 34 157 21% 125 355 48% 365 1sic 154 21% 170 38 5% 53		2007	2009	6	2008	~	2007	7
32 4% 34 157 21% 125 355 48% 365 154 21% 170 38 5% 53	mber Percent Number Percent	Number Percent	it Number	Percent	Number P	ercent	Number	Percent
32 4% 34 157 21% 125 355 48% 366 154 21% 170 38 5% 53			-					
157 21% 125 355 48% 366 154 21% 170 38 5% 53	4% 34	25	8 2%	1%	41	5%	16	2%
355 48% 366 - 154 21% 170 3 38 5% 53	21% 125	125	- •	32%	141	19%	150	23%
Isic 154 21% 170 38 5% 53	48% 366	318	49% 346	47%	361	48%	323	50%
38 5% 53	21% 170	138		13%	133	18%	100	16%
	5% 53	37		6%	71	10%	¥	8%
Total 736 748		643	736		747		643	

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Schedule 9 (Continued) ii.EAP Tests For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

			inglish La	English Language Arts	rts				Mathematics	matics		
iLEAP District Achievement Level Results	2009	8	2008	38	2007	7	2009		2008	80	2007	07
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number F	ercent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 5									•			
Advanced	71	3%	10	2%	10	2%	41	6%9	44	8%	33	5%
Mastery	120	18%		22%	98	15%	6 6	10%	96	17%	86	13%
Basic	314	47%	260	46%	299	45%	337	50%	275	48%	319	48%
Approaching basic	146	22%	•	20%	159	24%	125	19%	16	16%	112	17%
Uncatisfactory	69	10%		10%	94	14%	101	15%	62	11%	110	17%
Total	2 670		568		660		670		568		660	
								i				

			Sci	Science					Social Studies	Studies		ſ
iLEAP District Achievement Level Results	20	2009	2008	08	20	2007	20	2009	20	2008	2007	24
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 5		:										
Advanced	56	4%	19	3%		2%	ន	3%	¥	6%]	39	6%9
Mastery	123	18%	118	21%		17%		18%		25%	113	17%
Basic	347	52%	271	48%	310	47%	331	49%	288	51%	348	23%
Approaching basic	139	21%	123	22%		26%		20%		12%	8	15%
Unsatisfactory	35	5%	37	7%		8%	Î	10%		6%	61	9%6
Total	670		568		660		670		5695		660	

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Schedule 9 (Continued) iLEAP Tests For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

		ш	English Lar	oguage Arts	铅				Mathe	Mathematics		
iLEAP District Achievement Level Results	20	2009	2008	80	20	2007	20	2009	20	2008	50	2007
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 6			-									
Advanced	21	3%		2%		2%		8%		%L		4%
Mastery	129	21%		16%		13%		16%		%6		13%
Basic	291	48%	325	50%	340	54%	343	56%	361	56%	347	55%
Approaching basic	114	19%		22%		22%		12%		16%		17%
Unsatisfactory	2	%6		10%		8%		8%		12%		10%
Total	609		645		628		609		645		628	

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			Sci	Science					Social Studies	Studies		
iLEAP District Achievement Level Results	20	2009	20	8003	20	2007	20	2009	20	2008	2007	77
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 6												
Advanced	28	5%	21	3%	12	2%		11%	4	%L	\$	%6
Mastery	127	21%	118	18%	110	18%		16%	8	15%	11	12%
Basic	271	45%	325	50%	304	48%	279	46%	327	51%	314	50%
Approaching basic	134	22%	134	21%	159	25%		19%	105	16%	113	18%
Unsatisfactory	48	. 8%	47	7%	43	%L		%8	73	11%	20	11%
Total	608		645		628		809		645		628	

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Schedule 9 (Continued) iLEAP Tests For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

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iI.EAP District Achievement Level Results 2009 Students Number Percent Grade 7 20 3% Machany 07 1.6%			3	•			Mathe	Mathematics		•
d 20 3%	2008		2007	7	2009	8	20	80	2007	1
ed 20 3% 07 1.6%	Number P	ercent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
ed 20 3%	,									
01 160		3%	ส	4%	27	4%	9	1%		3%
		15%	111	19%	53	%01		6%		11%
50%		46%	280	47%	355	57%		. 55%		57%
asic 145 23%	171	28%	142	24%	113	18%	146	24%	601	18%
8%		7%	4	7%	. 61	10%		14%		10%
Total 618 618	616		600		619		616		600	

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			Sci	Science					Social Studies	Studies		
il.EAP District Achievement Level Results	20	2009	20	2008	2007	11	20	2009	20	2008	2007	6
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 7								Ì				
Advanced	14	2%	12	2%	6	1%		4%	7	1%	9	1%
Mastery	129	21%		12%		15%	118	19%		11%	95	16%
Bassic	282	46%	5 80	47%	112	45%		52%	336	55%	321	54%
Approaching basic	150	24%		28%		27%		19%	•	19%	112	19%
Unsatisfactory	43	7%		12%		12%	_	6%	ĺ	14%	65	11%
Total	618		616		600		618		616		599	

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Schedule 9 (Continued) iLEAP Tests For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

		ш	English La	nguage Arts	rts				Mathe	Mathematics		
iLEAP District Achievement Level Results	2009	6	2008	80	2007	07	20	2009	20	2008	2007	07
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 9												
Advanced	ŝ	1%	6	1%	ŝ	1%		%6	¥	6%		7%
Mastery	69	13%	85	15%	62	13%		16%		%6		16%
Basic	313	59%	324	57%	314	54%	296	56%	321	56%	288	49%
Approaching basic	121	23%	128	23%	139	24%		12%		17%		16%
Unsatisfactory	22	4%	24	4%	49	8%		8%		11%		11%
Total	528		567		586		528		569		585	

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