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ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2008

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date /2/8//08

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Eliana DeFrancesch St. John the Baptist Parish Clerk of Court Edgard, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of St. John the Baptist Parish Clerk of Court (hereinafter "Clerk of Court"), a component unit of the St. John the Baptist Parish Government, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Clerk of Court's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Clerk of Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

The Clerk of Court has not reconciled certain individual suit docket balances in the Advance Deposit Agency Fund with the related cash deposits at June 30, 2008. The unreconciled deposits represent 0.24 percent of the fiduciary fund type's assets and liabilities at June 30, 2008. Because the Clerk of Court has not reconciled these deposits, it was not practical for us to determine the amount of fees, if any, due to the Advance Deposit Agency Fund from litigants or the amount due to the General Fund from the Advance Deposit Agency Fund for fees earned resulting from suit activity at June 30, 2008. The effects of not reconciling these deposits on the financial statements cannot be reasonably determined.

^{*} A Professional Accounting Corporation

In our opinion, except for the effects of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had we been able to perform the necessary audit procedures had the Clerk of Court reconciled the deposits accounted for in the Advance Deposit Agency Fund, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clerk of Court, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 7, 2008 on our consideration of the Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards, and important in assessing the results of our audit.

The required supplementary information on pages 27 through 29 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express any opinion on it.

The Clerk of Court has not presented management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clerk of Court's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial information listed as "Other Supplementary Information" in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Morgan City, Louisiana October 7, 2008 **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Edgard, Louisiana

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 413,145
Receivables, net	26,137
Due from other governments	18,421
Prepaid expenses	2,791
Total current assets	460,494
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets, net	131,432
Total assets	591,926
LIABILITIES	
Accounts, salaries, and other payables Long term liabilities	20,212
Due in more than one year	16,086
Total liabilities	36,298
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	131,432
Unrestricted	424,196
Total net assets	\$ 555,628

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2008

Net (Expense) / Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	\$ (97,893)	78,092	(19,801)	575,429	\$ 555,628
Program Revenues Charges for Services	\$ 1,640,190	eneral revenues: Interest and investment earnings	Change in net assets	Net assets - July 1, 2007, as restated	ie 30, 2008
Expenses	\$ 1,738,083	General revenues: Interest and inve	Change	Net assets - July	Net assets - June 30, 2008
Activities	Governmental activities: General government				

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MAJOR FUNDS' DESCRIPTIONS

GENERAL FUND

To account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVNUE FUND East Bank Expense Fund

To account for the additional costs assessed in all criminal matters of which the Fortieth Judicial District Court has jurisdiction to be expended for the support of the Clerk's branch office on the east bank of the Mississippi River.

ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Edgard, Louisiana

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2008 Total

East Bank Governmental Expense Funds		33,660 \$ 413,145	7,912 26,137	2,791	41,572 \$ 460,494			- \$ 19,289	- 810	- 113	- 20,212			398,710	41,572	41,572	41,572 \$ 460,494
General		\$ 379,485 \$	18,225	2,791	\$ 418,922			\$ 19,289 \$	810	113	20,212			398,710	•	398,710	\$ 418,922
	ASSETS	Cash and interest-bearing deposits Receivables:	Accounts receivable Due from other covernments	Prepaid expenses	Total assets	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	Liabilities:	Accounts payable	Accrued payroll liabilities	Other	Total liabilities	Fund balance:	Unreserved, reported in	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total fund balance	Total liabilities and fund balance

Balance Sheet (Continued) Governmental Funds June 30, 2008

Reconciliation of	the governmental	funds balance	sheet to the s	statement of
of net assets:				

OT HEE MADE OF		
Total fund balance for the governmental fund at June 30, 2008		\$ 440,282
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of		
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 416,965 (285,533)	131,432
Compensated absences are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the		
funds.		(16,086)
Total net assets of governmental activities at June 30, 2008		\$ 555,628

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2008

	General	East Bank Expense	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:				
Licenses and permits	\$ 11,362	\$ -	\$ 11,362	
Fees, charges and commissions -				
Court costs, fees and charges	315,119	93,980	409,099	
Fees for recording legal documents	1,045,696	-	1,045,696	
Fees for certified copies	63,351	-	63,351	
Intergovernmental	110,682	-	110,682	
Interest earnings	77,661	431	78,092	
Total revenues	1,623,871	94,411	1,718,282	
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government:			•	
Personnel services and related benefits	1,299,217	82,741	1,381,958	
Operating services	225,849	8,793	234,642	
Material and supplies	87,137	3,964	91,101	
Capital outlay	23,495	-	23,495	
Total expenditures	1,635,698	95,498	1,731,196	
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(11,827)	(1,087)	(12,914)	
Fund balance, beginning, as restated	410,537	42,659	453,196	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 398,710	\$ 41,572	\$ 440,282	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2008

Reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances of governmental funds to the statement of activities:

Total net change in fund balances for the year ended June 30, 2008 per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	3	(12,914)
Add: Capital outlay costs which are considered as expenditures on Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	\$ 23,495	
Less: Depreciation expense for year ended June 30, 2008	(47,929)	(24,434)
Compensated absenses are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available		
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Less: Current year	(16,086)	
Add: Prior year	33,633	17,547
Total change in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2008 per Statement of Activities		\$ (19.801)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets June 30, 2008

•	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 2,532,074
LIABILITIES	
Due to litigants and others	\$ 2,532,074

Notes to Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the St. John the Baptist Parish Clerk of Court (Clerk of Court) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, issued in June, 1999.

Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:513 and to the industry audit guide, Audits of State and Local Governments.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As provided by Article V, Section 28 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, a Clerk of Court serves as the ex-officio notary public, the recorder of conveyances, mortgages and other acts, and shall have other duties and powers provided by law. A Clerk of Court is elected for a term of four years.

These financial statements only include funds and activities that are controlled by the Clerk of Court as an independently elected parish official. The Clerk of Court is a component unit of the St. John the Baptist Parish Government. The Clerk of Court is fiscally dependent on the St. John the Baptist Parish Government since the Clerk of Court's offices are located in the Parish Courthouse, the upkeep and maintenance of the courthouse is paid by the Parish Government and certain operating expenditures of the Clerk of Court's office are paid by the Parish Government.

As an independently elected official, the Clerk of Court is solely responsible for the operations of her office, which includes the hiring or retention of employees, authority over budgeting, responsibility for deficits, and the receipt and disbursement of funds. Certain units of local government over which the Clerk of Court exercises no oversight responsibility, such as the parish school board, other independently elected officials, and municipalities within the parish, are excluded from the accompanying financial statements. These units of government are considered separate reporting entities and issue financial statements separate from that of the Clerk of Court.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity, which are considered to be governmental activities. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets at the fund financial statement level.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Clerk of Court's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients for goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Clerk of Court are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The various funds of the Clerk of Court are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental funds. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the entity or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

The major funds of the Clerk of Court are described below:

Governmental Funds -

General Fund

The General Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:781, is the principal fund of the Clerk of Court and is used to account for the operations of the Clerk of Court's office. The various fees and charges due to the Clerk of Court's office are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund.

East Bank Expense Special Revenue Fund

As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:851, an additional cost is assessed in all criminal cases of which the Fortieth Judicial District Court has jurisdiction. This additional cost provides support for the Clerk's branch office located on the east bank of the Mississippi River. The collection of the additional cost and related expenses of the east bank office are accounted for in this fund.

Additionally, the Clerk of Court reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary Funds -

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of other funds within the Clerk of Court. The funds accounted for in this category by the Clerk of Court are the agency funds. The agency funds are as follows:

Advance Deposit Fund – accounts for advance deposits on suits filed by litigants.

Registry of the Court Fund – accounts for funds which have been ordered by the court to be held until judgment has been rendered in court litigation.

Criminal Juror Fund- accounts for funds from the parish for criminal court proceedings pending court actions.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net assets and the statement of activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. The governmental fund utilizes a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on its balance sheet. Their operating statement presents sources and uses of available expendable financial resources during a given period. This fund uses fund balance as its measure of available expendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The government-wide financial statement utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery) and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with its activities are reported. Government-wide fund equity is classified as net assets.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net assets and statement of activities, the governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net assets, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Clerk of Court.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include furniture, fixtures, and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Clerk of Court maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing capital assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Furniture, fixtures and equipment

5-10 years

Compensated Absences

Employees of the Clerk of Court's office earn 5 to 20 days of vacation leave each year depending on length of service. In addition, employees earn 12 days of sick leave each year. Employees may carry over 5 days of vacation leave based on their anniversary date. Sick leave may accumulate indefinitely up to two hundred forty (240) hours. Upon resignation or retirement, employees may, at the discretion of the Clerk of Court, be paid for unused vacation at the employee's current rate of pay.

In prior years, compensated absences have typically been liquidated by the Clerk of Court's General Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net assets consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved further split between designated and undesignated.

E. Expenditures, and Expenses

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function. In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified by character and function.

F. Budgetary and Budgetary Accounting

The Clerk of Court follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. A proposed budget is prepared and submitted to the Clerk of Court for the fiscal year no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for a hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is legally adopted prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 6. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the Clerk of Court. Such amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

G. Bad Debts

Uncollectible amounts due for receivables are recognized as bad debts by direct write-off at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. Although the specific charge-off method is not in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), no allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable was made due to immateriality at June 30, 2008.

(2) <u>Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits</u>

Under state law, the Clerk of Court may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States. The Clerk of Court may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At June 30, 2008, the Clerk of Court has cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$2,945,219 as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Fiduciary Funds	Total	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 413,145	\$ 2,532,074	\$ 2,945,219	

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Under state law, deposits, (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or similar federal security or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the Sheriff or the pledging fiscal agent bank by a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances (bank balances) at June 30, 2008, are secured as follows:

Bank Balances	\$ 3,154,207
Federal Insurance Pledged Securities	\$ 400,000 2,754,207
Total federal insurance and pledged securities	\$ 3,154,207

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Clerk of Court's deposits may not be recovered or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2008, the Clerk of Court's total bank balances were fully insured and collateralized with securities held in the name of the Clerk of Court by the pledging financial institution's agent and therefore not exposed to custodial credit risk.

(3) Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2008 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/07	Additions	Deletions	06/30/08
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	\$ 393,470	\$ 23,495	\$ -	\$ 416,965
Less: Accumulated depreciation	237,604	47,929	-	285,533
Net Capital Assets	\$ 155,866	\$ (24,434)	\$ -	\$ 131,432

Depreciation expense of \$47,929 was charged to the general government function.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

(4) <u>Due From Other Governments</u>

Amounts due from other governments consist of the following at June 30, 2008:

Government-wide and fund financial statements:

St. John the Baptist Parish Sheriff's Department - criminal fees	\$ 7,930
State of Louisiana - child support fund	8,448
District Attorney	1,050
Judges	255
Department of Public Safety	 <u>738</u>
Total	\$ 18,421

(5) Accounts and Other Payables

The accounts and other payables consisted of the following at June 30, 2008:

	Govern		
Accounts	Activities \$ 19,28		
Accrued Payroll Liabilities	Ψ	755	
Other		168	
Total	\$	20,212	

(6) Changes in Long-term liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liability transactions of the Clerk of Court for the year ending June 30, 2008:

	07/01/07	Additions	06/30/08		
Compensated Absences	\$ 33,633	\$ 16,086	\$ 33,633	\$ 16,086	

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

(7) Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. – Substantially all employees of the Clerk of Court are members of the Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief Fund (System), a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees.

All regular employees who are under the age of 60 at the time of original employment are required to participate in the System. Employees who retire at or after age 55 with at least 12 years of credited service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3% of their final-average salary for each year of credited service, not to exceed 100% of their final-average salary. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least 12 years of service and do not withdraw their employee contributions may retire at or after age 55 and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established and amended by state statute.

The Clerk of Court Retirement and Relief Fund issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Clerk of Court Retirement and Relief Fund, 11745 Bricksome Ave., Suite B-1, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70816.

Funding Policy. - Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 8.25% of their annual covered salary and the St. John the Baptist Parish Clerk of Court is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 11.75% of annual covered payroll. Contributions to the System also include one-fourth of one percent of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish. The contribution requirements of plan members and the St. John the Baptist Parish Clerk of Court are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by R.S. 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The St. John the Baptist Clerk of Court pays one hundred percent (100%) of pension contributions. The St. John the Baptist Parish Clerk of Court's contributions to the System for the years ending June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$172,899, \$200,499, and \$171,004, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

(8) <u>Post-Retirement Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits</u>

The Clerk of Court provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for retired employees. Substantially all of the Clerk's employees become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Clerk of Court. These benefits for retirees and similar benefits for active employees are provided through an insurance company whose monthly premiums are paid jointly by the employees and the Clerk of Court. The Clerk of Court recognizes the cost of providing these benefits (the Clerk's portion of premiums) as an expenditure when the monthly premiums are due.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

The cost benefits for 5 retirees for the year ended June 30, 2008 was \$11,255.

(9) Changes in Agency Fund Balances

A summary of changes in agency fund unsettled deposits follows:

	Year Ended June 30, 2008				
	Unsettled			Unsettled	
	Deposits at Beginning of Year	Additions	Reductions	Deposits at End of Year	
Agency funds:					
Advance Deposit	\$ 1,700,280	\$1,076,905	\$ 805,924	\$1,971,261	
Registry of Court	646,118	57,163	144,176	559,105	
Criminal Juror	1,669	46,281	46,242	1,708	
Totals	\$ 2,348,067	\$1,180,349	\$ 996,342	\$2,532,074	

(10) Deferred Compensation Plan

The Clerk of Court offers its employees participation in the Louisiana Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan adopted by the Louisiana Deferred Compensation Commission and established in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Complete disclosures relating to the Plan are included in the separately issued audit report for the Plan, available from the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, Post Office Box 94397, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9397.

The Clerk of Court's contributions to the Plan for the year ending June 30, 2008 and 2007, were \$27,752 and 25,758, respectively.

(11) Risk Management

The Clerk of Court is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of auto liability, professional liability and workers' compensation. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

(12) Excess Fund Balance

LSA-RS 13:785 requires that every four years (at the close of the term of office), the Clerk of Court must pay the parish treasurer the portion of the General Fund's fund balance that exceeds one-half of the revenues of the Clerk's last year of her term of office. The potential liability to the parish is limited to amounts received by the Clerk of Court from the parish for necessary office furniture, equipment, and record books. At June 30, 2008 there was no amount due the parish treasurer because fund balance did not exceed one-half of recorded revenues.

(13) Expenditures of the Clerk of Court Paid by the St. John the Baptist Parish Government

The Clerk of Court's office is located in the St. John the Baptist Parish Courthouse. The upkeep and maintenance of the courthouse are paid by the St. John the Baptist Parish Council. In addition, the Parish Council also pays some of the Clerk's operating expenditures. These expenditures are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

(14) Prior Period Adjustments

An error in the recognition of governmental fund activity resulting in the overstatement of fund balance in the Clerk of Court's previously issued financial statements has been corrected in the current year. This correction resulted in the following change to beginning fund balance/net assets:

	Governmental Activities		General Fund
As previously reported	\$	585,608	\$ 420,716
Restatement:			
Improper recognition of prepaid expense	s	(10,179)	(10,179)
As restated	<u>.\$</u>	<u>575,429</u>	<u>\$ 410,537</u>

(15) New Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2004, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement 45 "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." This statement requires the accrual of postemployment benefits for retired employees. The Clerk of Court is required to implement this standard for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010. The Clerk of Court has not yet determined the full impact that adoption of GASB Statement 45 will have on the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Buc	lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Licenses and permits	\$ 7,500	\$ 11,000	\$ 11,362	\$ 362	
Fees, charges and commissions -	4 ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	•	+	•	
Court costs, fees and charges	430,000	522,000	315,119	(206,881)	
Fees for recording legal documents	1,049,500	956,000	1,045,696	89,696	
Fees for certified copies	65,000	61,000	63,351	2,351	
Intergovernmental	50,000	94,000	110,682	16,682	
Interest earnings	1,000	150	77,661	77,511	
Total revenues	1,603,000	1,644,150	1,623,871	(20,279)	
Expenditures:					
Current -					
General government:					
Personnel services and related benefits	1,265,600	1,256,100	1,299,217	(43,117)	
Operating services	247,000	268,350	225,849	42,501	
Material and supplies	84,500	121,400	87,137	34,263	
Debt service	20,000	20,000	-	20,000	
Capital outlay	20,000	35,000	23,495	11,505	
Total expenditures	1,637,100	1,700,850	1,635,698	65,152	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(34,100)	(56,700)	(11,827)	44,873	
Fund balance, beginning, as restated	172,527	277,027	410,537	(238,010)	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 138,427	\$ 220,327	\$ 398,710	\$ (193,137)	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule East Bank Expense Fund Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Ruc	lget				Fin	ance with al Budget ositive
		Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Fees, charges and commissions -								
Court costs, fees and charges	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	\$	93,980	\$	13,980
Interest earnings		-		-		431		431
Total revenues		80,000		80,000		94,411		14,411
Expenditures:								
Current -								
Personnel services and related benefits		58,000		58,000		82,741		(24,741)
Operating services		4,700		4,700		8,793		(4,093)
Material and supplies		8,300		8,300		3,964		4,336
Capital outlay		5,000		_5,000				5,000
Total expenditures		76,000	_	76,000		95,498		(19,498)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		4,000		4,000		(1,087)		33,909
Fund balance, beginning		17,558		42,659		42,659		<u>.</u>
Fund balance, ending	\$	21,558	\$	46,659	\$	41,572	\$	33,909

Note to Budgetary Comparison Schedules

(1) Basis of Accounting

The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the Clerk.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund

To account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVNUE FUND

East Bank Expense Fund

To account for the additional costs assessed in all criminal matters of which the Fortieth Judicial District Court has jurisdiction to be expended for the support of the Clerk's branch office on the east bank of the Mississippi River.

General Fund Schedule of Revenues Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Bud	lget		Variance - Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Licenses and permits:						
Marriage licenses	\$ 7,500	\$ 11,000	\$ 11,362	\$ 362		
Total licenses and permits	7,500	11,000	11,362	362		
rotat needses and permits	7,500	11,000	11,302			
Fees, charges and commissions:						
Court costs, fees and charges -						
Criminal costs	150,000	190,000	108,097	(81,903)		
UCC Fees	30,000	32,000	34,158	2,158		
Other	250,000	300,000	172,864	(127,136)		
Total court costs, fees						
and charges	430,000	522,000	315,119	(206,881)		
<u> </u>						
Fees for recording legal documents -						
Recordings	600,000	470,000	488,222	18,222		
Advance deposit fees	415,000	475,000	533,270	58,270		
Cancellations	20,000	6,000	6,753	753		
Birth Certificates	8,000	-	11,856	11,856		
Mortgage certificates	6,500	5,000	5,595	595		
Total fees for recording						
legal documents	1,049,500	956,000	1,045,696	89,696		
· ·		<u></u>				
Fees for copies -						
Xerox copies	40,000	40,000	41,678	1,678		
Certified copies	25,000	21,000	21,673	673		
Total fees for copies	65,000	61,000	63,351	2,351		
•						
Intergovernmental:						
Child support income	50,000	94,000	110,682	16,682		
Total Intergovernmental	50,000	94,000	110,682	16,682		
2	<u></u>					
Interest earnings	1,000	150	77,661	77,511		
Total revenues	\$1,603,000	\$1,644,150	\$1,623,871	\$ (20,279)		

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Buc	dget		Variance - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures:				
Current -				
Personnel services and related benefits -				
Salaries:				
Clerk	\$ 94,750	\$ 128,500	\$ 125,136	\$ 3,364
Deputy clerks	687,750	640,000	675,523	(35,523)
Other	50,000	43,500	49,713	(6,213)
Clerk's expense allowance	2,100	2,100	2,100	-
Clerk's supplemental fund	22,500	26,000	25,738	262
Employee training	6,000	1,500	1,393	107
Group insurance	255,000	220,000	212,055	7,945
Pension	138,000	185,000	193,133	(8,133)
Medicare tax	9,500	9,500	14,426	(4,926)
Total personnel services				
and related benefits	1,265,600	1,256,100	1,299,217	(43,117)
Operating services -				
Automobile expense	4,900	2,700	2,664	36
Battered women	4,500	4,200	4,385	(185)
Professional fees	29,500	37,200	34,516	2,684
Insurance	3,500	11,000	10,740	260
Record keeping	17,000	6,000	5,484	516
Microfilm	30,000	34,500	24,749	9,751
Other	20,100	12,500	9,295	3,205
Telephone	8,500	9,250	12,418	(3,168)
Travel	4,000	10,000	2,167	7,833
Uniforms	1,000	13,000	13,139	(139)
Worker's comp insurance	7,500	9,500	9,330	170
Equipment lease and maintenance	100,000	75,000	74,305	695
Secretary of state - UCC	9,500	10,000	11,303	(1,303)
Election expense	7,000	33,500	11,354	22,146
Total operating services	247,000	268,350	225,849	42,501

(continued)

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures Compared to Budget (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2008

•	Bue	lget		Variance - Positive	
	Original Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Materials and supplies -					
Office supplies and expense	60,000	89,500	68,555	20,945	
General repairs and maintenance	19,000	20,000	7,058	12,942	
Dues and conventions	5,500	11,900	11,524	376	
Total materials and supplies	84,500	121,400	87,137	34,263	
Debt Service:					
Capital lease principal	20,000	20,000	-	20,000	
Capital Outlay:	20,000	35,000	23,495	11,505	
Total expenditures	\$1,637,100	\$1,700,850	\$1,635,698	\$ 65,152	

ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Edgard, Louisiana Special Revenue Fund

East Bank Expense Fund Schedule of Revenues Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budget						Variance - Positive	
		Original	_	Final		Actual	<u>(N</u>	legative)
Fees, charges and commissions: Court costs, fees and charges - Criminal costs	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	\$	93,980	\$	13,980
Interest earnings		-	-			431		431
Total revenues	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	<u>\$</u>	94,411	<u>\$</u>	14,411

ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Edgard, Louisiana Special Revenue Fund

East Bank Expense Fund Schedule of Expenditures Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Buc	dget		Variance - Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Expenditures:					
Current -					
Personnel services and related benefits -					
Salaries:					
Deputy clerks	\$ 43,000	\$ 43,000	\$ 64,336	\$ (21,336)	
Group Insurance	4,000	4,000	10,605	(6,605)	
Pension	11,000	11,000	7,800	3,200	
Total personnel services					
and related benefits	58,000	58,000	<u>82,741</u>	(24,741)	
Operating services -					
Telephone	4,500	4,500	907	3,593	
Travel	200	200	7,886	(7,686)	
Total operating services	4,700	4,700	8,793	(4,093)	
Materials and supplies -					
Office supplies and expense	7,000	7,000	3,308	3,692	
General repairs and maintenance	1,300	1,300	656	644	
Total materials and supplies	8,300	8,300	3,964	4,336	
Capital Outlay:	5,000	5,000		5,000	
Total expenditures	\$ 76,000	\$ 76,000	\$ 95,498	\$ (19,498)	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Advance Deposit Fund -

The Advance Deposit Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:842, is used to account for advance deposits on suits filed by litigants. The advances are refundable to the litigants after all costs

Registry of Court Fund -

The Registry of Court Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:475, is used to account for funds which have been ordered by the court to be held until judgement has been rendered in court litigation. Withdrawals of the funds can be made only upon order of the court.

Criminal Juror Fund -

The Criminal Juror Fund, is used to account for funds from the parish for criminal court proceedings pending court actions.

Agency Funds Combining Schedule of Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2008

	Advance Deposit	Registry of Court	Criminal Juror Fund	Total	
ASSETS					
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	<u>\$1,971,261</u>	\$ 559 <u>,105</u>	<u>\$ 1,708</u>	\$ 2,532,074	
LIABILITIES					
Due to litigants and others	\$1,971,26 <u>1</u>	\$ 559,105	\$ 1,70 <u>8</u>	\$ 2,532,074	

Agency Funds Combining Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Advance Deposit	Registry of Court	Criminal Juror	Total
ASSETS				
Balances, beginning of year	\$ 1,700,280	\$ 646,118	\$ 1,669	\$ 2,348,067
Additions:				
Suits and successions	1,076,905	•	46,281	1,123,186
Judgments	-	32,992	-	32,992
Interest earned		24,171		24,171
Total additions	1,076,905	57,163	46,281	1,180,349
Total	2,777,185	703,281	47,950	3,528,416
Reductions:				
Clerk's costs (transferred to General Fund)	533,507	-	-	533,507
Refunds to litigants	109,958	144,176	•	254,134
Sheriff fees	68,210	-	-	68,210
Juror costs	2,787	-	39,124	41,911
Judge's expense fund	27,630	-	-	27,630
Jury commissioners	3,330	-	7,118	10,448
Parish council	18,432	-	-	18,432
Judge's supplemental compensation fund	36,515	-	-	36,515
Other	<u>5,555</u>			5,555
Total reductions	805,924	144,176	46,242	996,342
Balances, end of year	<u>\$_1,971,261</u>	\$ 559,105	\$ 1,708	<u>\$ 2,532,074</u>
LIABILITIES				
Due to litigants and others, beginning of year	\$ 1,700,280	\$ 646,118	\$ 1,669	\$ 2,348,067
Additions	1,076,905	57,163	46,281	1,180,349
Reductions	805,924	144,176	46,242	996,342
Due to litigants and others, end of year	\$ 1,971,261	\$ 559,105	\$ 1,708	\$ 2,532,07 <u>4</u>

INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE, AND OTHER INFORMATION

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER
MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED
IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Eliana DeFrancesch St. John the Baptist Parish Clerk of Court Edgard, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the St. John the Baptist Parish Clerk of Court (hereinafter "Clerk of Court"), a component unit of the St. John the Baptist Parish Government, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated October 7, 2008. In our report, our opinions were qualified because the Clerk of Court has not reconciled certain individual suit docket balances in the Advance Deposit Agency Fund with the related cash deposits at June 30, 2008. Except as discussed in the previous sentence, we conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

^{*} A Professional Accounting Corporation

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Clerk of Court's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Clerk of Court's financial statements that is more that inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Clerk of Court's internal control. We consider the deficiencies identified as items 2008-1, 2008-2, and 2008-3 and described in the accompanying schedule of audit results and findings to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Clerk of Court's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe that of the significant deficiencies described above, items 2008-1 and 2008-2 are material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk of Court's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which is described in the accompanying schedule of audit results and findings as item 2008-4.

The Clerk of Court's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying corrective action plan for current year findings. We did not audit the Clerk of Court's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and others within the organization and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Although the intended use of this report may be limited under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 44:6.

Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Morgan City, Louisiana October 7, 2008

Schedule of Audit Results and Findings Year Ended June 30, 2008

Part I. Summary of Auditor's Results:

A qualified opinion was issued on the financial statements because the Clerk of Court has not reconciled certain individual suit docket balances in the Advance Deposit Agency Fund with the related cash deposits.

Significant deficiencies in internal control were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements and some of the conditions are considered material weaknesses.

The audit disclosed an instance of noncompliance which is material to the financial statements.

A management letter was not issued.

Part II. Findings required to be reported in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards:

A. Internal Control

2008-1 Segregation of duties

CONDITION: Accounting and financial functions are not adequately segregated.

<u>CRITERIA</u>: SAS109, Understanding the Entity and its Environment and Assessing the Risks of Material Misstatement, AU §314.43 defines internal control as follows:

"Internal control is a process – effected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel – designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Additionally, Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements (SSAE) AT §501.03 states:

An entity's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that pertain to an entity's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions embodied in either annual financial statements or interim financial statements, or both."

<u>CAUSE</u>: The cause of the conditions is the failure to design and implement policies and procedures necessary to achieve adequate internal control.

<u>EFFECT</u>: Failure to adequately segregate accounting and financial functions increases the risk that errors and/or irregularities including fraud and/or defalcations may occur and not be prevented and/or detected.

<u>RECOMMENDATION</u>: The additional costs required to achieve the desired benefit may not be economically feasible.

Schedule of Audit Results and Findings (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2008

2008-2 Reconciliation of docket balances

<u>CONDITION</u>: Certain individual suit docket balances in the Advance Deposit Agency Fund have not been reconciled with the related cash deposits.

<u>CRITERIA</u>: SAS109, Understanding the Entity and its Environment and Assessing the Risks of Material Misstatement, AU §314.43 defines internal control as follows:

"Internal control is a process - effected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel - designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Additionally, Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements (SSAE) AT §501.03 states:

An entity's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that pertain to an entity's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions embodied in either annual financial statements or interim financial statements, or both."

<u>CAUSE</u>: The cause of the condition is the failure to design and implement policies and procedures necessary to achieve adequate internal control.

EFFECT: Failure to reconcile docket balances with the related cash deposits increases the risk that errors and/or irregularities including fraud and/or defalcations may occur and not be prevented and/or detected.

<u>RECOMMENDATION</u>: We recommend that the Clerk of Court attempt to reconcile the individual suit dockets with the related cash balances.

Schedule of Audit Results and Findings (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2008

2008-3 Application of GAAP (generally accepted accounting principles)

<u>CONDITION</u>: Management and staff lack the training and expertise in the selection and application of GAAP in the financial statement preparation process.

<u>CRITERIA</u>: SAS112, Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit, AU §325.18, states in pertinent part:

"Deficiencies in the following areas ordinarily are at least significant deficiencies in internal control:

Controls over the selection and application of accounting principles that are
in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Having
sufficient expertise in selecting and applying accounting principles is an
aspect of such controls."

Furthermore, AU §325.32 identifies the following as a deficiency in the design of (internal) controls:

"Employees or management who lack the qualifications and training to fulfill their assigned functions. For example, in an entity that prepares financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the person responsible for the accounting and reporting function lacks the skills and knowledge to apply generally accepted accounting principles in recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements."

<u>CAUSE</u>: The cause of the conditions is the result of a failure to design and implement policies and procedures necessary to achieve adequate internal control.

<u>EFFECT</u>: Financial statements and related supporting transactions may reflect a material departure from generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>RECOMMENDATION</u>: The additional costs required to achieve the desired benefit may not be economically feasible.

Schedule of Audit Results and Findings (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2008

B. Compliance

2008-4 Budget variances in excess of 5% were incurred.

CONDITION: Budget variances in excess of 5% were incurred.

<u>CRITERIA:</u> LSA-RS 39:1311 et seq, Budgetary Authority and Control, provides for the following:

- "A. The adopted budget and any duly authorized adopted amendments shall form the framework from which the chief executive or administrative officers and members of the governing authority of the political subdivision shall monitor revenues and control expenditures. The chief executive or administrative officer shall advise the governing authority or independently elected official in writing when:
 - (1) Revenue collection plus projected revenue collections for the remainder of the year, within a fund fail to meet estimated annual revenues by five percent or more.
 - (2) Actual expenditures plus projected expenditures for the remainder of the year, within a fund are exceeding estimated budgeted expenditures by five percent or more.
 - (3) Actual beginning fund balance, within a fund, fails to meet estimated beginning fund balance by five percent or more and beginning fund balance is being used to fund current expenditures."

<u>CAUSE</u>: The condition results from a failure to properly monitor revenues exacerbated by incorrect/improper coding of transactions.

<u>EFFECT</u>: The Clerk may not prevent and/or detect compliance violations due to overexpenditure of the appropriated budget, and/or errors or irregularities on a timely basis. Also, the Clerk may be subject to the penalty provisions of LSA-RS14:134.

<u>RECOMMENDATION</u>: We recommend that the Clerk of Court prepare and review budget to actual comparisons and amend the budget in effect upon determination of significant variances.

Schedule of Audit Results and Findings (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2008

Part III. Findings and questioned costs for federal awards required to be reported in accordance with Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133:

The requirements of OMB Circular A-133 do not apply to the Clerk of Court.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

A. Internal Control -

. . . .

2007-1 - Segregation of Duties

CONDITION: Accounting and financial functions are not adequately segregated.

<u>RECOMMENDATION</u>: Due to the size of the operation and the cost-benefit of additional personnel, it may not be feasible to achieve complete segregation of duties.

CURRENT STATUS: See schedule of audit results and findings item 2008-1.

2007-2 - Reconciliation of docket balances

<u>CONDITION</u>: Certain individual suit docket balances in the Advance Deposit Agency Fund has not been reconciled with the related cash deposits.

<u>RECOMMENDATION</u>: We recommend that the Clerk of Court attempt to reconcile the individual suit dockets with the related cash balances.

CURRENT STATUS: See schedule of audit results and findings item 2008-2.

2007-3 - Application of GAAP

<u>CONDITION</u>: Management and staff lack the training and expertise in the selection and application of GAAP in the financial statement preparation process.

<u>RECOMMENDATION</u>: The additional costs required to achieve the desired benefit may not be economically feasible.

CURRENT STATUS: See schedule of audit results and findings item 2008-3.

B. Compliance –

There were no findings previously reported under this section.

C. OMB A-133 -

This section was not applicable.

Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

2008-1 - Segregation of Duties

. . . .

CONDITION: Accounting and financial functions are not adequately segregated.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE: Not Applicable

2008-2 - Reconciliation of Docket Balances

<u>CONDITION:</u> Certain individual suit docket balances in the Advance Deposit Agency Fund has not been reconciled with the related cash deposits.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE: The Clerk of Court is in the process of identifying unknown balances and reconciling such balances to the corresponding suit dockets in the Advance Deposit Fund. These procedures have identified a portion of the unknown balances. The Clerk of Court will seek the opinion of legal counsel regarding balances which may not be identifiable.

2008-3 - Application of GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles)

<u>CONDITION:</u> Management and staff lack the training and expertise in the selection and application of GAAP in the financial statement preparation process.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE: Not Applicable

2008-4 - Budget Variance

<u>CONDITION:</u> Budget variance in excess of 5% was incurred in the Eastbank Expense Fund.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE: We will more closely monitor budget to actual comparisons and adopt the necessary amendments to insure compliance with state statute.