FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 7/13/11

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Required Supplemental Information (Part I) Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2010

As management of the Caldwell Parish Police Jury, we offer readers of the Police Jury's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the police jury for the year ended December 31, 2010. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here, in conjunction with the basic financial statements, and the supplementary information provided in this report in assessing the efficiency and effectiveness of our stewardship of public resources.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Police Jury's basic financial statements. The Police Jury's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Police Jury's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Police Jury's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Police Jury is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Police Jury's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, carned but not taken annual leave).

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Police Jury, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the current funds of the Police Jury are included in one category - governmental funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds' balance sheet and the governmental funds' statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
December 31, 2010

The Police Jury maintains thirteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds' balance sheet and in the governmental funds' statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Road Maintenance, Solid Waste, and Blacktop Road special revenue funds, and the Bayou Dechene Reservoir, a capital projects fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining schedules in the other supplemental information section of the report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis. As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following tables focus on net assets (Table 1) and changes in net assets (Table 2) for the Police Jury's governmental activities.

Table 1 Net Assets Governmental Activities

	2010	2009
Current and other assets	\$ 8,159,528	\$ 8,088,308
Capital assets (net)	9,885,736	9,779,597
Total assets	18.045,264	17,867,905
Long-term obligations (compensated		
absences)	111,312	96,370
Other liabilities	1.088,549	243,891
Total liabilities	1,199,861	340,261
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of debt	9,885,736	9,779,597
Unrestricted	6,959,667	7.748,047
Total net assets	\$ 16,845,403	\$17,527,644

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
December 31, 2010

Table 2
Changes in Net Assets
Governmental Activities

		2010		2009
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	285,549	\$	225,110
Federal grants		553,750		637,363
State grants and entitlements		885,885		644,331
General revenues:				
Property taxes		1,289,183		1,073,470
Sales taxes		1.823,040		2,311.649
Unrestricted grants and contributions		356,044		403,317
Other general revenues		364,181		243,092
Roads brought back into the parish system				499,265
Total revenues	_	5,557.632		6.037,597
Program expenses				
General government		1,429,352		1,184,156
Public safety		615,003		911,775
Public works		3,738,527		2.127,325
Health and welfare		94,959		408,737
Culture and recreation		232,663		178,109
Economic development and assistance		129,367		167,765
Transportation		-		1,818
Total expenses		6,239,871		4,979,685
Increase (decrease) in net assets	<u>s</u>	(682,239)	<u>\$</u>	1,057,912

At the close of the fiscal year, assets of the Police Jury exceeded liabilities by \$16,845,403. Of those net assets, \$9,885,736 represents the Police Jury's investment in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and related debt. These assets are not available for future spending. The remaining net assets consist of bank balances and receivables.

Nets assets decreased by \$682,241 in 2010. Current and other assets increased slightly due to a slight decrease in cash and cash equivalents and an offsetting increase in receivables. Capital assets (net) increased by \$106,139 primarily because of upgrades to the Dixie Youth Baseball Field lighting totaling \$351,419. Additions were offset by depreciation of \$463,638. Revenues from federal grants decreased from 2009 by \$83,613. Sales taxes decreased in 2010 by \$488,609 primarily due to pipeline construction in the parish that was ongoing during 2009. Program expenses in the general government category increased by \$245,196 due primarily to increased costs for goods and services obtained. Program expenses associated with public safety decreased by \$296,772 due mostly to changes in projects funded by the Office of Homeland Security. Public works expenses increased in 2010 by \$1,611,202 due to major road improvement projects.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
December 31, 2010

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the Police Jury's major functions as well as the net cost for each function (total cost less revenues generated by those functions). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the parish's taxpayers for each of those functions.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

Total Cost	of Services	Net Cost (Revenue)		
2010	2009	2010	2009	
1.429.352	\$ 1,184,156	\$ 1,247,822	\$ 878,350	
615.003	911.775	(320,953)	492.810	
3.738.527	2,127,325	3,517,859	1,402.099	
94,959	408,737	(269,774)	364,978	
232.663	178.109	210,366	165,061	
129,367	167.765	129,367	167,765	
	1.818	<u> </u>	1.818	
6,239,871	\$ 4.979,685	S 4,514,687	\$ 3.472.881	
	2010 1.429,352 615,003 3,738,527 94,959 232,663	1.429.352 \$ 1,184.156 615.003 911.775 3,738.527 2,127,325 94,959 408,737 232.663 178.109 129.367 167.765 - 1.818	2010 2009 2010 1.429,352 \$ 1,184,156 \$ 1,247,822 615,003 911,775 (320,953) 3,738,527 2,127,325 3,517,859 94,959 408,737 (269,774) 232,663 178,109 210,366 129,367 167,765 129,367 - 1,818 -	

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds. The Police Jury uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the governmental funds is to provide information on near-term revenue, expenditures, and balances of expendable resources. This information is used in assessing the financing requirements of the police jury. Unreserved fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2010, combined governmental fund balances of \$7,070.979 showed a decrease of \$773,438 from December 31, 2009. The General Fund's fund balance increased from \$1,287,218 to \$1,302,829 during the year ended December 31, 2010 while the Road Fund and Solid Waste Fund increased by \$569,478 and \$72,425, respectively. The increase in the Road Fund is due to FEMA grants reimbursing the parish for flood damage that occurred during 2009. The Blacktop Road Fund's fund balance decreased by \$1,320,906 due to major road improvement projects.

Budgetary Highlights. The Police Jury's budgets were amended twice during the year – on August 20, 2010 and December 22, 2010. The primary changes were to adjust grant revenues and related expenditures to expectations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
December 31, 2010

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Police Jury's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2010, amounts to \$9,885,736 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, infrastructure roads and bridges, furniture, and equipment. The increase in capital assets for the year was \$106,139. Major purchases during the year consisted of a vibratory compactor and trailer for road repairs and new lights at the baseball field complex.

Long-Term Debt. At the end of the year, the Police Jury had total long-term debt of \$111,311, which consisted entirely of compensated absences. This represents an increase of \$14,941 over the previous year. During 2010, the Jury had no long-term debt related to heavy equipment or real estate.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets. The Police Jury's financial plan for this upcoming 2011 year is well underway with the adoption of a realistic budget that meets the needs of the Parish while protecting the long-term financial stability of the Parish. At the end of 2010, the Parish has basically no long-term debt, outside of compensated absences which total \$111,311. The Police Jury, at December 31, 2010, had cash and investments totaling \$6,581,843 which represented a decrease of \$173,328 over the period ended December 31, 2009, which totaled \$6,755,171.

During the year ending December 31, 2011, the police jury will complete a major chip and seal project estimated to require \$700,000 for engineering and construction.

Requests for Information. This financial report is designed to be a summary of the Caldwell Parish Police Jury's finances. If there are any questions regarding any information, a request can be made in writing to

Caldwell Parish Police Jury P.O. Box 1737 Columbia, Louisiana 71418

Our telephone number is (318) 649-2681.

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report

Caldwell Parish Police Jury Columbia, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Caldwell Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the police jury's primary government financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Caldwell Parish Police Jury's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

The financial statements do not include financial data of the police jury's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for these component units to be reported with the financial data of the parish's primary government unless the police jury also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The police jury has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. Because of this departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the statement of net assets and the statement of activities are understated by the amount of assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, and expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component units. In addition, the aggregate remaining fund information is understated by the amount of assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, and expenditures of the omitted component units. The amounts by which this departure would affect the financial statements are not reasonably determinable.

Caldwell Parish Police Jury Columbia, Louisiana Independent Auditor's Report December 31, 2010

In our opinion, because of the omission of the discretely presented component units, as discussed above, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of Caldwell Parish Police Jury as of December 31, 2010, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended.

In addition, in our opinion, except for the effects of omitting the blended component units as discussed above, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the aggregate remaining fund information for the primary government of Caldwell Parish as of December 31, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Further, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Caldwell Parish Police Jury as of December 31, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 28, 2011, on our consideration of Caldwell Parish Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary information on pages 1 through 5 and 30 through 33 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Caldwell Parish Police Jury Columbia, Louisiana Independent Auditor's Report December 31, 2010

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Caldwell Parish Police Jury's primary government financial statements as a whole. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of compensation paid police jurors and the summary schedule of prior audit findings listed in the table of contents are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

HULSEY, HARWOOD & SHERIDAN, LLC

Habey, Harwood & Sheridan

June 28, 2011

Basic Financial Statements

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2010

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,581,843
Receivables	1,577,685
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	 9,885.736
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 18,045,264
LIABILITIES	
Accounts, salaries, and other payables	\$ 1,068,263
Due to other agencies	100
Deferred revenue	20,186
Compensated absences payable	 111,312
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 1,199,861
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	\$ 9,885,736
Unrestricted	6,959,667
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 16,845,403

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

					PROGR	AM REVENUES			N	ET (EXPENSE)						
		_			OI	PERATING		CAPITAL.	R	EVENUE AND						
			CH	ARGES FOR	GR	ANTS AND	GF	EANTS AND	(HANGES IN						
FUNCTIONS				SERVICES								\$ 1.447		TRIBUTIONS		VET ASSETS
General government	\$ 1	.429,352	\$	166,709	\$	1.447	\$	13,374	S	(1,247,822)						
Public safety		615,003		103,894		75,250		756,812		320.953						
Public works	3	3.738,527		-		220,668		-		(3,517,859)						
Health and welfare		94,959		-		80,528		284,205		269,774						
Culture and recreation		232,603		14,946		-		7,351		(210,366)						
Economic development and assistance		129,367		-		-		-		(129,367)						
Total governmental activities	\$ (5.239,871	.\$	285,549	\$	377.893	Ş	1,061,742		(4,514,687)						
General revenues:																
Property taxes levied for:																
General purposes										334,237						
Public works										378,850						
Health and welfure										94,385						
Culture and recreation										239,027						
Economic development and assistance	:									242,684						
Sales and use taxes levied for:																
General purposes										250,482						
Public works										1,572,558						
Other taxes, penalties and interest										11,364						
Grants and contributions not restricted to	specific	programs								356,044						
Licenses and permits	•	•								167,214						
Unrestricted investment earnings										72,855						
Other										112,748						
Total general revenues										3,832,448						
Change in net assets										(682,239)						
Net assets at beginning of year										17.527,642						
Net assets at end of year									S	16.845,403						

CALDWELL PARISH POLICE JURY COLUMBIA, LOUISIANA

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BALANCE SHEET AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2010

					BAYOU	OTHER	TOTAL.
		ROAD	SOLIB	BLACKTOP	DECHENE	GOVERNMENTAL	COVERNMENTAL
ASSETS	GENERAL.	MAINTENANCE	WASTF	ROAD	RESERVOIR	FUNDS	FUNDS
Cash and cash equivalents	698,708,1 \$	\$ 864,462	\$ 1,425,290	\$ 1,858,802	\$ 54,987	\$ 1,070,433	\$ 6,581,843
Receivables	287,110	414,626	189,374	•	•	686,575	1,577,685
Due from other funds	2,700	36,402	•	•	•	•	39,102
TOTAL ASSETS	8 1,597,679	\$ 1,315,490	\$ 1,614,664	\$ 1,858,802	\$ 54,987	\$ 1,757,008	\$ 8,198,630
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			;				
Liabilities:							
Accounts, salaries, and other payables	\$ 283,601	\$ 24,868	\$ 40,403	\$ 3,163		\$ 34,138	\$ 386,173
Confracts payable	11,249	•	•	670,841		•	682,090
Due to other agencies	•	•	•	•	•	001	100
Deferred tevenue	•	•		1	20,186		20,186
Due to other funds	•	2,700	•	Ī	•	36,402	39,102
Total habilnies	294,850	27,568	40.403	674,004	20,186	20,640	1,127,651
Fund balances							
Reserved for solid waste collection and disposal	•	•	500,000		•	•	900,000
Unreserved - undesignated	1.302,829	1,287,922	1,074,261	1,184,798	34,801	1,686,368	6,570,979
Total fund bulances	1,302,829	1,287,922	1,574,261	1,184,798	34,801	1,686,368	976,070,7
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,597,679	\$ 1,315,490	\$ 1.614,664	\$ 1,858,802	\$ 54,987	\$ 1,757,008	\$ 8,198,630

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS' BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Total fund balance - governmental funds	s	7,070,979
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources.		9,885,736
Some liabilities, such as compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and are therefore not reported in the funds.		(111,312)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$	16,845,403

CALDWELL PARISH POLICE JURY COLUMBIA, LOUISIANA

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

		ž	KOAD	SOUP	BLACKTOP	BAYOU	OTHER GOVERNVENTAL	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL
	GENERAL.	MAINT	MAINTENANCE	WASTE	RUAD	RESERVOIR	FUNDS	FUNDS
REVENUES								
Taxes:								
Ad valorem	\$ 189,448	 69	378,850		⊌3	, 64	\$ 720,882	\$ 1,289.180
Sales and use	250,482		172,865	1,399,693	•	•	•	1,823,040
Other taxes, penalties, and interest	11,364			1	1	,		11,364
Licenses and permits	159,564			•	•	,	7.650	167,214
Intergovernmental revenues								
Federal funds	346,919		542,407	ì	1	•	20,470	962,406
State funds.								
Severance taxes	263,843			•	•		Į	263,843
State revenue sharing	13,085		26.200	1	1	Ī	16,515	55,800
Parish transportation	•		161,180		•	Ī	•	161,180
Other state funds	301,820		95.890	•	٠	7,350		405,060
Fees, charges, and commissions	2,050			•	1	11,672	115,249	128,971
Fines and forfeitures	•		,	•	•	•	154,880	154,880
Use of money and property	17,450		2,092	12,137	30,093	•	11,083	72,855
Other revenues	1,376		76.090	•	•	129	1,858	79,453
Total revenues	1,557,401	-	1,455,574	1.411.830	30,093	19,151	1,048,587	5,522,636
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government:								
Legislative	15,651			,	•	•	•	15,651
Judicial	11,103				•	•	187,414	198,517
Elections	319			•	•	•	ī	319
Finance and administrative	20,000		•	ı	•	ı	•	20,000
Other general government	1,074,763		1	ŀ	•	•	92,976	1,170,739
Public safety	394,419				•	•	133,874	528,293
Public works	•	-	970,357	547,304	1,870,624	ı	•	3,388,285

Health and welfare	15,034	•	•	•		78,092	93,126
Culture and recreation	•	•			467	206,532	206,999
Economic development and assistance		•	1	•	•	129,367	129,367
Capital outlay	12,680	56,130	•	906,68	7,350	378,712	544,778
Total expenditures	1,543,969	1,026,487	547,304	1,960,530	7,817	1,209,967	6,296,074
Exects (deliciency) of revenues over expenditures	13,432	429,087	864,526	(1,930,437)	11,334	(161,380)	(773,438)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Operating transfers in	42,179	140,391	•	780,000	•	80,000	1,042,570
Operating transfers out	(40,000)		(792,101)	(170,469)		(40,000)	(1,042,570)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,179	140.391	(792,101)	609,531		40,000	
Net change in fund balances	15,611	569,478	72,425	(1,320,906)	11,334	(121,380)	(773,438)
Fund balances at beginning of vear	1,287,218	718,444	1.501,836	2,505,704	23,467	1,807,748	7,844,417
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,302,829	\$ 1,287,922	\$ 1.574,261	\$ 1.184,798	\$ 34,801	\$ 1,686,368	626,070,7

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(773,438)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays (\$579,777) exceeded depreciation (\$463,638) for the current period.		116,139
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (e.g. sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net assets.		(10,000)
Some items reported in the statement of activities, such as a net decrease or increase in compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources, nor do they provide any, and therefore are not reported as expenditures or revenues in the governmental funds.		(14,940)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	s	(682,239)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Introduction

Caldwell Parish Police Jury is the parish governing authority governed by an elected board referred to as the "police jury" (similar to county boards in other states) and is a political subdivision of the State of Louisiana. The police jury is governed by seven police jurors representing the various districts within the parish. The jurors are elected by the voters of their respective districts and serve four-year terms. The current terms of jurors expire in January 2012. Jurors receive compensation for their service on the police jury as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 33:1233.

Caldwell Parish, established by act of the Louisiana Legislature in 1838, is located in the northeast part of the state and occupies 529 square miles of land with a population of 10,132 residents, based on the last census. State law gives the police jury various powers and functions in regulating and directing the affairs of the parish and its inhabitants. The more notable of those are the power to make regulations for their own government, the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges, drainage systems, sewerage, solid waste disposal, fire protection, recreation and parks, parish prison construction and maintenance, road lighting and marking, water works, health units, hospitals, provide for the health and welfare of the poor, disadvantaged, and unemployed, economic development, tourism and regulate the sale of alcoholic beverages in the parish. The police jury also houses and maintains the Courts and the offices of the Assessor, Clerk of Court, Registrar of Voters, District Attorney, and the Sheriff. Funding to accomplish these tasks is provided by ad valorem taxes, sales taxes, beer and alcoholic beverage permits, parish licenses, state revenue sharing, severance taxes, and various other state and federal grants.

In accomplishing its objectives, the police jury has approximately 30 full and part-time employees (3 in the central office, 1 in the courthouse, 2 in the 911 office, 11 in the recreation department, and 13 in public works). In addition to maintaining drainage and bridges in the parish, the police jury currently maintains 405 miles of parish roads, comprised of 150 miles of asphalt and 255 miles of gravel.

The police jury also has the authority to create special districts (component units) within the parish to help in fulfilling its functions. Some districts perform specialized functions, such as fire protection, water distribution, sewerage collection and disposal, and drainage control. Other districts provide specialized facilities and services such as libraries and health care facilities.

GASB Statement No. 14, *The Reporting Entity*, established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this Statement, the jury is considered a primary government, since it is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 14, fiscally independent means that the police jury may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt. In accordance with GASB Statement 14, the reporting entity for Caldwell Parish consists of (a) the primary government (police jury), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Introduction (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of Caldwell Parish Police Jury for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and:
 - a. The ability of the police jury to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the police jury.
- 2. Organizations for which the police jury does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the police jury.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based on the previous criteria, the police jury has determined that the following component units are part of the Caldwell Parish reporting entity:

	Fiscal	Criteria
Component Units:	Year End	Used
Caldwell Parish:		
Sheriff	June 30	2 & 3
Tax Assessor	December 31	2 & 3
Clerk of Court	December 31	2 & 3
Library	December 31	1 & 3
Hospital Service District #1	December 31	1 & 3
Housing Authority	December 31	1 & 3
Airport Authority	December 31	1 & 3
Fire Protection District #1	December 31	1 & 3
Recreation District	December 31	1 & 3
Thirty-Seventh Judicial District Criminal Court	December 31	2 & 3
Gravity Drainage District #1	December 31	1 & 3
Columbia Heights Waterworks District #1	December 31	1 & 3
East Columbia Waterworks District	December 31	1 & 3
Columbia Heights Sewerage District	December 31	1 & 3
Kelly Waterworks District	October 31	1 & 3
Crossroad Water System	December 31	1 & 3
East Columbia Sewerage District	December 31	1 & 3
Columbia Heights Fire District	December 31	1 & 3
Columbia Eastside Fire District	December 31	1 & 3

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Introduction (Continued)

Considered in the determination of component units of the reporting entity were the Caldwell Parish School Board, the District Attorney for the Thirty-Seventh Judicial District, the Thirty-Seventh Judicial District Court, and the various municipalities in the parish. It was determined that these governmental entities are not component units of Caldwell Parish reporting entity because they have separately elected governing bodies, are legally separate, and are fiscally independent of Caldwell Parish Police Jury.

GASB Statement No. 14 provides for the issuance of primary government financial statements that are separate from those of the reporting entity. However, the primary government's (police jury's) financial statements are not a substitute for the reporting entity's financial statements. The accompanying primary government financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units.

The police jury has chosen to issue financial statements of the primary government (police jury) only; therefore, none of the previously listed component units, except as discussed in the following paragraph, is included in the accompanying primary government financial statements. These financial statements are not intended to and do not report on the Caldwell Parish reporting entity but rather are intended to reflect only the financial statements of the primary government (police jury).

The primary government financial statements include all funds, account groups, and organizations for which the police jury maintains the accounting records. The organizations for which the police jury maintains the accounting records are considered part of the primary government (police jury) and include the Caldwell Parish Recreation District and the Thirty-Seventh Judicial District Criminal Court.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. At this time, the police jury has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and, where applicable, proprietary and fiduciary funds, even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and, where applicable, major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements, where applicable. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Ad valorem taxes, state revenue sharing, and federal and state grants are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the police jury.

The police jury's current year financial statements include the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the police jury's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Road Maintenance Fund accounts for the maintenance of parish highways, roads, bridges, and drainage systems. Financing is provided by the State of Louisiana Parish Transportation Fund, sales and use taxes, a specific Parish wide ad valorem tax, state revenue sharing funds, and interest earned.

The Solid Waste Fund accounts for the collection and disposal of solid waste in the parish. Financing is provided by a specific parish-wide sales and use tax. In accordance with the tax proposition, any available revenues of the fund in excess of \$500,000 are transferred to the Blacktop Road Fund to be used for asphalt road maintenance and improvements.

The Blacktop Road Fund accounts for transfers from the Solid Waste Fund, as noted above. Monies in the fund support the police jury's annual capital improvement program and normal maintenance and repairs to existing asphalt roads.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

The Bayou Dechene Reservoir Capital Projects Fund accounts for engineering and construction work at Bayou Dechene. Construction of the Bayou Dechene reservoir is funded by the Louisiana Department of Transportation through a cooperative endeavor agreement with the police jury.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The police jury has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for good, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contribution. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the police jury's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Deposits and investments

The police jury's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State law allows the police jury to invest in collateralized certificates of deposits, government-backed securities, commercial paper, the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (a state-sponsored investment pool), and mutual-funds consisting solely of government-backed securities. Currently, all investments of the police jury consist of short-term certificates of deposit with local banks. Investments for the police jury are reported at fair value.

Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (for the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (for the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

Receivables and payables (continued)

All property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and attach as an enforceable lien and become due and payable on the date the tax rolls are filed with the recorder of mortgages. Louisiana Revised Statute 47:1993 requires that the tax roll be filed on or before November 15. Ad valorem taxes become delinquent if not paid by December 31. The taxes are normally collected in December of the current year and January and February of the ensuing year. The following is a summary of authorized and levied ad valorem taxes:

	Authorized	Levied	
	Millage	Millage	Expiration
Parishwide taxes:			
General maintenance	4.00	4.3 l	Indefinite
Health unit maintenance	2.01	2.14	2017
Road maintenance and construction	8.14	8.63	2019
Courthouse and jail maintenance	3.11	3.29	2010
Industrial park and E911 operation	2.06	2.18	2010
Recreation maintenance	5.00	5.44	2015
Economic development	3.08	3.33	2017

The difference between authorized and levied millage is the result of reassessments of taxable property within the parish as required by Article 7, Section 18 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974.

The following are the principal taxpayers for the parish and their 2010 assessed valuation:

	Assessed Valuation	Percent of Total Assessed Valuation
Regency Intrastate	\$ 9.508,910	16.53%
Texas Gas Transmission Corp.	2,999,700	5.21%
Entergy Louisiana, Inc.	2,221,950	3.86%
Homeland Federal Savings Bank	1.485,760	2.58%
Plum Creek Southern Timber Co.	1.405,990	2.44%
Precision Drilling Oilfield Services	1,412,880	2.46%
Union Pacific Railroad Company	1.134.520	1.97%
Caldwell Bank & Trust Company	855,850	1.49%
Bellsouth Telecommunications	798,960	1.39%
XTO Energy, Inc.	722,040	1.26%
Total	\$ 22,546,560	39.19%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

Receivables and payables (continued)

Caldwell Parish has a four-percent sales and use tax, of which one percent (parish-wide) is dedicated to the Caldwell Parish School Board; one percent (parish-wide) to debt service and the operations of the parish hospital, Citizens' Medical Center; one-quarter percent (parish-wide, excluding the Town of Columbia) to fire protection and the maintenance and construction of roads and bridges; three-quarters percent (parish-wide, excluding the Town of Columbia) to blacktop roads and the collection and disposal of solid waste; one-quarter percent (parish-wide) to the operations of the parish General Fund; and three-quarters percent (parish-wide) to the collection and disposal of solid waste, with any surplus, after establishing a reserve of \$500,000 for solid-waste purposes, to be used for the establishment of a blacktop road fund for constructing, maintaining, improving, and resurfacing hard-surface roads. The parish hospital tax was passed by voters on April 2, 1977, for an indefinite period. The road, bridge, fire protection, and solid waste tax was passed on October 19, 1985, for an indefinite period. The solid waste and General Fund tax was passed on October 3, 1992, for an indefinite period and was rededicated to the above purposes at a special election held on March 12, 1996.

The police jury has an agreement with the Concordia Parish School Board to collect parish sales taxes. The school board's tax department provides collection services for a fee of one and one-quarter percent of amounts actually collected plus the cost of travel, supplies, and postage. Taxes collected for maintaining and constructing roads and bridges, fire protection, collection and disposal of solid waste, and operations of the General Fund are deposited directly in the police jury's sales tax account. The police jury's Sales Tax Agency Fund distributes the taxes to other funds and agencies on a monthly basis, after deducting the above costs of collection.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, etc., are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The police jury maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend their useful lives are not capitalized. All capital assets, other than land and construction in progress, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Infrastructure roads and bridges	30 - 40 Years
Infrastructure road improvements	5 - 30 Years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 40 Years
Furniture and fixtures	5 - 10 Years
Vehicles	3 - 7 Years
Heavy equipment	5 - 10 Years
Other equipment	5 - 15 Years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

Compensated absences

The following policies relating to vacation and sick leave are currently in effect:

Employees of the police jury and recreation district receive 18 days of annual leave each year with a maximum accumulation of 30 to 45 days, depending on their length of service. Employees earn 10 days of sick leave each year and may accumulate sick leave without limitation. Upon termination, retirement, or resignation, employees are paid for accumulated unused annual and sick leave combined up to a maximum of 90 or 105 days, depending on their years of service.

Employees of the Thirty-Seventh Judicial District Criminal Court earn from one to two weeks of annual leave and 10 to 15 days of sick leave each year, depending on their length of service. Annual and sick leave cannot be accumulated.

The entire compensated absence liability, determined in accordance with the provisions of GASB Codification Section C60, is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported in the governmental funds.

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations, such as compensated absences and capital leases, are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize long-term obligations only to the extent that they will be paid with current resources.

Fund equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Budgets

Preliminary budgets for the ensuing year are prepared by the secretary/treasurer during October of each year. During November, the finance committee reviews the proposed budgets and makes changes as it deems appropriate. The availability of the proposed budgets for public inspection and the date of the public hearing on the proposed budgets are then advertised in the official journal. During its regular December meeting, the police jury holds a public hearing on the proposed budgets in order to receive comments from residents of the parish. Changes are made to the proposed budgets based on the public hearing and the desires of the police jury as a whole. The budgets are then adopted during the police jury's regular December meeting, and a notice of the adoption is then published in the official journal.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

Budgets (continued)

During the year, the finance committee receives monthly budgetary comparison statements, which are used as a management tool to control operations of the parish. The secretary/treasurer presents necessary budget amendments to the police jury during the year when, in her judgment, actual operations are differing materially from those anticipated in the original budget. During a regular meeting, the police jury reviews the proposed amendments, makes changes as it deems necessary, and formally adopts the amendments. The adoption of the amendments is included in police jury minutes published in the official journal. The police jury exercises budgetary control at the functional level. Within function levels, the secretary/treasurer has the discretion to make amendments as she deems necessary for proper control. The police jury does not utilize encumbrance accounting; however, the original budgets and any subsequent amendments are incorporated into the accounting system. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end and must be reappropriated in the next year's budget to be expended. For the year ended December 31, 2010, the police jury adopted cash based budgets for the General Fund and all special revenue funds except the Criminal Court Fund.

Budget comparison statements included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budgets and all subsequent amendments. The following schedule reconciles the net change in fund balances on the budgetary statements to the same amount on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances:

	General Fund		Road Fund		Solid Waste Fund		Blacktop Road Fund	
Net change in fund balance - budget basis	\$	162,115	\$	521,403	s	24,318	S	(646,902)
Adjustments:								
Receivables		37,955		55,768		38.077		-
Payables		(184,459)		(7,693)		10,030		(674.004)
Net change in fund balance - GAAP basis	<u>s</u>	15.611	\$	569,478	S	72,425	\$	(1,320,906)

The following schedule reconciles actual ending fund balances as shown on the budgetary statements to cash on the balance sheet:

	General Fund	Road Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Blacktop Road Fund
Fund balance at end of year - budget basis	\$ 1,299.594	\$ 900,863	\$ 1,425,290	\$ 1,858,802
Payroll cash (withholdings)	8,275	-	•	-
Cash held in another fund		(36,401)		
Cash on balance sheet	\$ 1,307,869	\$ 864,462	\$ 1,425,290	\$ 1,858,802

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

Extraordinary and special items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events within the control of the police jury, which are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - BUDGET VARIANCES

The following presents a summary of major funds' budget variances for the year ended December 31, 2010:

	Revenues and Other Sources				Expenditures and Other Uses				
Fund	Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance	Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance			
General	\$1,378.328	\$1,631,259	S 252,931	\$1,439,462	\$1,469.144	\$ (29,682)			
Road Maint.	1,547,694	1,585,215	37,521	1.049,926	1,063,812	(13,886)			
Solid Waste	1,377,516	1,373,755	(3,761)	1.337,336	1,349,437	(12,101)			
Blacktop Road	810,100	810,093	(7)	1,426,920	1,456,995	(30,075)			
Total	\$ 5.113,638	\$5,400,322	S 286,684	\$5,253,644	\$5,339,388	\$ (85,744)			

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the police jury's deposits may not be returned to it. The police jury's policy to ensure that there is no exposure to this risk is to require each financial institution to pledge its own securities to cover any amount in excess of Federal Depository Insurance Coverage. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the police jury that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

At December 31, 2010, the police jury has cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling #NAME?, as follows:

Demand deposits	\$2,307,117
Time deposits	4,274,725
Total	\$6,581,842

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

As of December 31, 2010, \$5,787,707 of the police jury's bank balances of \$6,637,040 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Insured by FDIC	_\$_	849,333
Uninsured and uncollateralized	<u></u>	
Collateralized by pledged securities not in the police jury's name		5.787,707
Total balances exposed to custodial credit risk		5.787,707
Total bank balances	\$	6.637.040

NOTE 4 – RECEIVABLES

The receivables of \$1,577.686 at December 31, 2010, are as follows:

			Due	From Other			Α	ecounts		
			Go	vernments	Fi	ies and		and		
		Taxes		State		Forfeitures		Other		Total
General	S	206.712	S	66,009	S	-	-\$	14.389	\$	287.110
Road Maintenance		371,075		42.714		-		838		414,627
Solid Waste		189,374		-		-		-		189,374
Other governmental		659.031		16.538		11.006				686,575
Total	S	1,426,192	S	125.261	\$	11.006	<u>S</u>	15,227	S	1,577.686

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND BALANCES

At December 31, 2010, the Road Maintenance Fund and the nonmajor funds owed the General Fund and the Road Maintenance Fund \$2,700 and \$36,402, respectively.

The following details interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2010:

					Transfers -	out					
					Solid	В	lacktop		Other		
		Gc	neral		Waste		Road	Gov	ernmental	_	Total
암	General	\$	-	S	12,101	S	30,077	S	-	\$	42,178
ransfers	Road Maintenance		-		-		140,391		-		140,391
필	Blacktop Road		-	•	780,000		-		-		780,000
•	Other governmental	4	000,01						40,000		80,000
	Total	S 4	0,000	\$ 7	792,101	S	170,468	\$	40,000	SI	,042,569

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

Transfers from the Solid Waste Fund to the Blacktop Road Fund are made in accordance with the sales tax proposition to fund asphalt road construction and improvements. All other transfers are made to provide additional support.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	_Additions_	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 417,415	\$ 2,680	S -	\$ 420.095
Construction in progress	6,570.590	37.820	(000,01)	6,598,410
Total capital assets not being depreciated	6,988,005	40.500	(10,000)	7.018.505
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Infrastructure:				
Roads	46,904,128	-	-	46,904,128
Bridges	642,997	-	-	642,997
Buildings and improvements	2,660,055	35,000	-	2,695,055
Land improvements	337,296	351,418	-	688,714
Heavy equipment	1,287,772	121,406	-	1,409,178
Vehicles	1,101,144	24.630	-	1,125,774
Public works equipment	101,005	-	-	101,005
Office furniture and equipment	550,111	6,823		556,934
Total capital assets being depreciated	53,584,508	539.277	-	54,123,785
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure:				
Roads	(45,393,505)	(251,724)	•	(45,645,229)
Bridges	(640,972)	(594)	-	(641,566)
Buildings and improvements	(2.557.901)	(7.866)	-	(2,565,767)
Land improvements	(69,205)	(28,120)	-	(97,325)
Heavy equipment	(992,299)	(55,793)	-	(1,048,092)
Vehicles	(797,388)	(71.592)	-	(868,980)
Public works equipment	(47,302)	(7,844)	-	(55,146)
Office furniture and equipment	(294,344)	(40.105)		(334,449)
Total accumulated depreciation	(50,792,916)	(463,638)		(51.256.554)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,791,592	75,639		2,867,231
Total capital assets, net	\$ 9.779,597	5 116,139	\$ (10,000)	5 9.885,736

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Additions for the year ended December 31, 2010, include a donated building valued at \$35,000.

Depreciation expense for the year was charged to the following governmental functions:

Depreciation expense by function:		
General government		9.812
Public safety		86,543
Public works		342.313
Health and welfare		1.833
Culture and recreation		23.137
	S	463,638

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of the long-term obligation transactions for the year ended December 31, 2010:

	Total
Compensated absences payable, beginning of year	S 96,370
Additions	76,527
Deductions	(56.694)
Adjustment	(4.891)
Compensated absences payable, end of year	\$ 111,312

As discussed in Note 1, upon separation from service, employees are paid for accumulated vacation leave at their then current rate of pay. The adjustment to compensated absences is for the purpose of adjusting the ending liability for ending pay rates and limitations on the hours for which an employee will be paid.

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Substantially all employees of the Caldwell Parish Police Jury are members of the Parochial Employees Retirement System of Louisiana (System), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined-benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees. The System is composed of two distinct plans. Plan A and Plan B, with separate assets and benefit provisions. All employees of the police jury are members of Plan A.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

All permanent employees working at least twenty-eight hours per week who are paid wholly or in part from parish funds and all elected parish officials are eligible to participate in the System. Under Plan A, employees who retire at or after age 60 with at least 10 years of creditable service, at or after age 55 with at least 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with at least 30 years of creditable service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3 percent of their final average salary for each year of creditable service. However, for those employees who were members of the supplemental plan only before January 1, 1980, the benefit is equal to one percent of final average salary plus \$24 for each year of supplemental-plan-only service carned before January 1, 1980, plus 3 percent of final average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least the amount of creditable service stated above and do not withdraw their employee contributions may retire at the ages specified above and receive the benefits accrued to their date of termination. The system also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute.

The System issues an annual publicly available report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana. Post Office Box 14619, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70898-4619, or by calling (504) 928-1361.

Under Plan A, members are required by state statute to contribute 9.50 percent of their annual covered salary and the Caldwell Parish Police Jury is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 15.75 percent of annual covered payroll. Contributions to the system also include one-fourth of one percent (except Orleans and East Baton Rouge Parishes) of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish. These tax dollars are divided between Plan A and Plan B based proportionately on the salaries of the active members of each plan. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Caldwell Parish Police Jury are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Caldwell Parish Police Jury's contributions to the System under Plan A for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$109,456, \$76,185, and \$88.815, respectively, substantially equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The police jury is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; liability; and injuries to employees and others. To handle such risk of loss, the police jury maintains commercial insurance policies covering: automobile liability and medical payments, workers compensation, general liability, and surety bond coverage on the secretary/ treasurer and other employees handling money. No claims were paid on any of the policies during the past three years which exceeded the policies' coverage amounts.

NOTE 10 - LITIGATION

At December 31, 2010, the police jury was not involved in any lawsuits, the resolution of which would materially affect the financial position of the police jury.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

NOTE 11 - COOPERATIVE ENDEAVOR

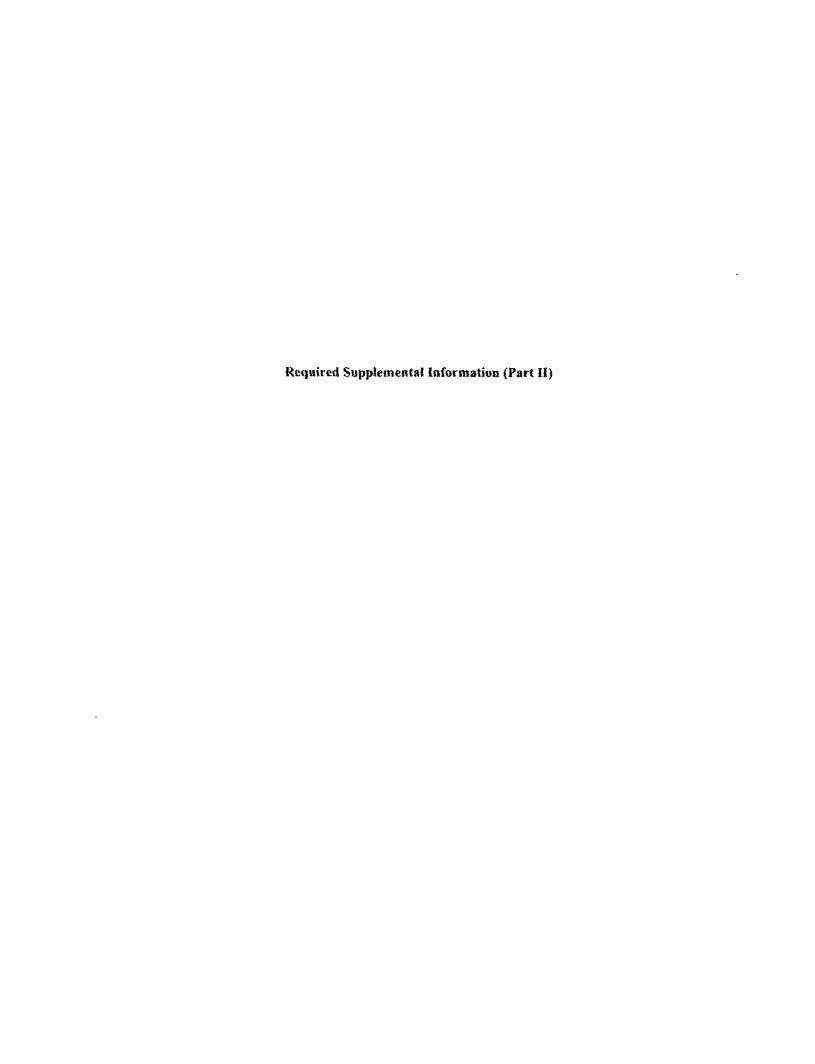
As discussed in Note 1, the police jury has a cooperative endeavor agreement with the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development whereby the police jury is constructing the Bayou Dechene Reservoir with grant funds provided by the department. Once construction is complete, the police jury will transfer title to the reservoir, including all responsibility and liability, to the Louisiana Department of Culture and Tourism, which will assume responsibility for operation and maintenance of the facility. At December 31, 2010, the police jury had expended a total of \$5.821,598 of grant funds on the project, which is included in construction in progress in Note 6.

NOTE 12 – NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD

The requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, are effective for the police jury's financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2011. The police jury has not yet determined the effect that implementation of the requirements of the statement will have on its financial statements.

NOTE 13 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through June 28, 2011, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND - CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS			VARIANCE WITH FINAL
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem taxes	S 161,102	\$ 162,324	\$ 162,324	S -
Sales taxes	220,000	243,852	243,852	-
Other taxes, penalties, and interest	11,700	11,600	11,364	(236)
Licenses and permits	135,000	138.002	138,002	-
Intergovernmental	1,251,219	784,299	993,654	209,355
Fees, charges, and commissions	2,600	2,100	2,050	(50)
Use of money and property	19,100	16,373	59,629	43,256
Other revenues	21,000	19,778	20,384	606
Total revenues	1,821,721	1,378.328	1,631,259	252,931
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government:				
Legislative	9,756	12,140	15,980	(3,840)
Judicial	51,200	27,460	26,413	1,047
Elections	24,000	20	319	(299)
Finance and administrative	=	-	20,000	(20,000)
Other general government	1,082,239	875,890	881,575	(5,685)
Public safety	439,546	380,808	391,713	(10,905)
Capital outlay	26,000	26,313	16,313	10,000
Total expenditures	1,632,741	1,322,631	1,352,313	(29,682)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	188,980	55,697	278,946	223,249
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Operating transfers out	<u> </u>	(116.831)	(116,831)	
Net change in fund balance	188,980	(61,134)	162,115	223,249
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,085,516	1,287,218	1,137.479	(149,739)
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,274,496	S 1,226.084	\$ 1,299,594	\$ 73,510

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - ROAD MAINTENANCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CASH BASIS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL
	ORIGINAL	<u> FINAL</u>	ACTUAL	BUDGET
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem taxes	S 317,274	\$ 324,540	\$ 324,540	s -
Sales taxes	135,000	168,016	168,016	-
Intergovernmental	271,784	792,675	829,076	36,401
Use of money and property	1.400	1,841	2,092	251
Other revenues	20.000	120,230	121,099	869
Total revenues	745,458	1,407,302	1,444,823	37,521
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public works	899,571	990,296	1.007,682	(17,386)
Capital outlay	_	59,630	56.130	3,500
Total expenditures	899,571	1,049,926	1,063,812	(13,886)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(154,113)	357,376	381,011	23,635
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Operating transfers in	<u></u>	140,392	140,392	-
Net change in fund balance	(154,113)	497,768	521,403	23.635
Fund balance at beginning of year	200,000	718,444	379,460	(338,984)
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 45,887	S 1,216.212	\$ 900,863	\$ (315.349)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - SOLID WASTE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Sales taxes	\$ 1,081,836	\$ 1,361,616	\$ 1.361,616	S -
Use of money and property	3,981	15,900	12,139	(3,761)
Total revenues	1.085,817	1.377,516	1,373,755	(3,761)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government:				
Public works	523,649	557,336	557.336	
Total expenditures	523,649	557.336	<u>557.336</u>	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	562,168	820,180	816,419	(3.761)
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Operating transfers out	(500,000)	(780,000)	(792,101)	(12.101)
Net change in fund balance	62,168	40.180	24,318	(15,862)
Fund balance at beginning of year	655,154	1,501,836	1,400,972	(100,864)
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 717,322	\$ 1,542,016	\$ 1,425,290	S (116,726)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BLACKTOP ROAD SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CASH BASIS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

		AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL_	BUDGET
REVENUES				
Use of money and property	\$ 50,855	S 30,100	S 30,093	\$ (7)
Total revenues	50,855	30,100	30,093	(7)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public works	623,288	1,337.014	1,337,011	3
Capital outlay	_	89,906	89,906	_
Total expenditures	623,288	1,426,920	1,426,917	3
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(572,433)	(1,396,820)	(1,396,824)	(4)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers in	500,000	780,000	780,000	-
Operating transfers out	-	-	(30,078)	(30.078)
Total other financing sources (uses)	500,000	780,000	749,922	(30.078)
Net change in fund balance	(72,433)	(616,820)	(646,902)	(30,082)
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,334,756	2,505,704	2,505,704	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,262,323	5 1,888,884	\$ 1,858.802	\$ (30,082)



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - COMBINING BALANCE SHEET AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2010

ASSETS	SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS • FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,034,031	S 36,402	S 1,070,433
Receivables	686,575		686,575
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,720,606	\$ 36,402	S 1,757,008
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts, salaries, and other payables	\$ 34,138	\$ -	\$ 34,138
Due to other agencies	100	_	100
Due to other funds	-	36,402	36,402
Total liabilities	34,238	36,402	70,640
Fund balances:			
Upreserved - undesignated	1,686,368	-	1,686,368
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND	\$ 1,720,606	S 36,402	S 1,757,008

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	-	PECIAL EVENUE	PR	APITAL OJECTS (FUND	NO	TOTAL ONMAJOR ERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES						
Taxes:						
Ad valorem taxes	S	720,882	\$	-	\$	720.882
Licenses and permits		7,650		-		7,650
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Federal funds		_		20,470		20,470
State funds:				•		·
State revenue sharing		16,515		_		16.515
Fees, charges, and commissions		115,249		-		115,249
Fines and forfeitures		154,880		_		154,880
Use of money and property		11,083		-		11,083
Other revenues		1.858		-		1,858
Total revenues		1.028,117		20.470		1,048,587
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government:						
Judicial		187,414		-		187,414
Other general government		95,976		-		95,976
Public safety		133,874		-		133,874
Health and welfare		78,092		-		78,092
Culture and recreation		206,532		-		206,532
Economic development and assistance		129,367		-		129,367
Capital outlay		358,242		20,470		378,712
Total expenditures		1,189,497		20,470	_	1,209,967
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		(161,380)				(161,380)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating transfers in		80.000		-		000,08
Operating transfers out		(40,000)				(40,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		40,000				40,000
Net change in fund balances		(121,380)		-		(121,380)
Fund balances at beginning of year		1,807,748				1,807,748
Fund balances at end of year	<u>_S</u>	1,686,368	<u>S</u>		<u>\$</u>	1,686,368

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULES AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Courthouse and Jail Maintenance Fund

The Courthouse and Jail Maintenance Fund accounts for the maintenance and operation of the parish courthouse and jail. Financing is provided by a parish-wide ad valorem tax.

Industrial Operation Fund

The Industrial Operation Fund accounts for the maintenance of the parish-owned industrial district. Financing is provided by a parish-wide ad valorem tax. Any excess of funds over a \$50,000 reserve in the fund can be used for improving, maintaining, and operating the parish 911 emergency communications system.

Recreation Fund

The Recreation Fund accounts for the maintenance of the parish-owned recreation facility. Financing is provided by a parish-wide ad valorem tax, state revenue sharing, interest, dues, fees, and commissions.

Health Unit Maintenance Fund

The Health Unit Maintenance Fund accounts for the maintenance and operation of the parish health unit. Financing is provided by a parish-wide ad valorem tax.

Criminal Court Fund

The Criminal Court Fund is established under Section 571.11 of Title 15 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, which provides that fines and forfeitures imposed by the district courts and district attorney and conviction fees in criminal cases be transferred to the parish treasurer and deposited into a special Criminal Court Fund account to be used for the expenses of the criminal court of the parish. Expenditures are made from the fund on motion of the district attorney and approval of the district judge. The statute also requires that one-half of the fund balance remaining in the Criminal Court Fund at December 31 of each year be transferred to the parish General Fund.

Witness Fee Fund

The Witness Fee Fund accounts for witness fees as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 15:255. Witness fees are paid from special court costs levied in criminal cases and fund the payment of witness fees to off-duty law enforcement officers who, in their official capacity, are required to be present as a witness in criminal court cases.

911 Emergency Fund

The 911 Emergency Fund accounts for the establishment, maintenance, and operation of the 911 emergency telephone system for Caldwell Parish. Financing is provided by a five-percent service charge on local telephone service within the parish.

CALDWELL PARISH POLICE JURY COLUMBIA, LOUISIANA								
NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - COAIBINING AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2010		BALANCE SHEET						
	COURTHOUSE			HEALTH				
A SANTA	AND JAH.	OPERATION	RECREATION	UNIT	CRIMINAL.	WITNESS	911 FMERCENCY	TOTAL
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 89,554	\$ 268,099	\$ 265,499	\$ 189.734	8.948	\$ 1.581	\$ 210,616	S 1.034,031
Receivables	132,368	221,690	235,410	86.101	10,931	75	•	686,575
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 221,922	\$ 489,789	\$ \$00,909	\$ 275.835	\$ 19,879	\$ 1,656	\$ 210,616	\$ 1,720,606
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts, salaries, and other payables	\$ 5,661	\$ 3,370	\$ 11,477	\$ 5,207	\$ 5,155	, 69	\$ 3,268	\$ 34,138
Due to other agencies	•	•		•	•	100		100
Total liabilities	5,661	3,370	11,477	5.207	5.155	100	3.268	34,238
Fund balances						•		
Unreserved - undesignated	216,261	486,419	489,432	270,628	14,724	1,556	207.348	1,686.368
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 221,922	\$ 489,789	\$ 500,909	\$ 275.835	8 19,879	\$ 1,656	\$ 210,616	S 1,720,606

CALDWELL PARISH POLICE JURY COLUMBIA, LOUISIANA

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, ENPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	COLIR	COURTHOUSE				HEA	HEALTH					
	NAINI	AND JAHL	OPERATION	RECI	RECREATION	U. MAIN'I	UNIT MAINTENANCE	CRIMINAL	WITNESS FEE	911 EMERGENCY	TOTAL	د
REVENUES					;							
Taxes.												
Ad valorem taxes	<u>~</u>	144,788	\$ 242,684	5 71	239,025	÷n	94,385	, s	, 64		\$ 720,882	882
Licenses and permits		•	,		ı		ì	,	•	7,650	7,6	7,650
Intergovernmental revenues												
State funds:												
State revenue sharing		,	٠		16.515			,			16.5	16,515
Fees, charges, and commissions			•		14.946			•		100,303	115,3	115,249
Fines and forfeitures			•					152,930	1,950		154,880	088
Use of money and property		720	1.086		5.054		2,534	Š	ς.	1.679	11.6	11.083
Other revenues		160	•		ı		•	58	•	1,640	_	858
Total revenues		145,668	243,770		275.540		616'96	152,993	1,955	111,272	1,028,117	=
ENPENDITURES												
Current												
General government												
Judicial			•		,			187,414	,	,	187,	187,414
Other general government		92636	,					•		1	95,	92,976
Public safety		•	1					•	1,275	132,599	133,874	874
Health and welfare		,	•		•		78,092	ı	•	1	78.0	78,092
Culture and recreation			,		206,532			•		•	206,532	532
Economic development and assistance		,	129,367				,	•		•	129	129,367
Capital outlay		6.823	•		351,419		•	•	•	•	358,242	,242
Total expenditures		102,799	129,367		557,951		78,092	187,414	1,275	132,599	1,189,497	197
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		42,869	114,403		(282,411)		18,827	(34,421)	080	(21,327)	(161,380)	380)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								000		000		Ş
Operating transfers in		• 1	(40,000)					000,04	• ,	40,000	070	000 07
Total other financing sources (uses)			(40,000)					40,000		40,000	40.	40,000
Net change in fund balances		42.869	74.403		(282,411)		18.827	5.579	089	18,673	[]	(121,380)
Fund balances at beginning of year		173,392	412,016		771.843		251,801	9,145	876		-1	748
Fund balances at end of year	\$	216,261	\$ 486.419	9A	489,432	έn	270.628	\$ 14,724	\$ 1,556	\$ 207,348	\$ 1,686,368	368

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULES AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Compensation Paid Police Jurors

The schedule of compensation paid to police jurors is presented in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature. Compensation of the police jurors is included in the legislative expenditures of the General Fund. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute-33:1233, the police jury has elected the monthly payment method of compensation. Under this method, the president receives \$900 per month and the other jurors receive \$800 per month.

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION PAID POLICE JURORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	_
Charles Braddock	\$ 9,600
Lanny Dark, President	10,800
Jimmy Gaylor	9,600
Kenneth Graham	9,600
Bobbie Harrison	9.600
Eddie Hearns	9,600
Archie Williams	9,600
Total	\$ 68,400

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

FEDERAL GRANTOR/		PASS-THROUGH	
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR NAME/ PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	GRANTOR'S NUMBER	EDERAL ENDITURES
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT			
Passed through Office of the Governor, Division of Administration - Community Development Block Grant (States Program)	14.228	685220	\$ 20,470
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR			
Passed through Louisiana Department of the Treasury - In Lieu of Taxes	15.000	N/A	 2,044
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND DEVELOPMENT			
Passed through Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development: Public Transportation Operating Assistance Program	20.509	741-11-0119	80,528
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY			
Passed through Louisiana Department of Natural Resources:			
ARRA - Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant	81.128	EEA-1010	 70,000
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			
Passed through Louisiana Governor's Office of Homeland Security			
and Emergency Preparedness -			
Public Assistance Grant	97.036	N/A	542,408
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	2008-EM-E8-0047	22,455
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	2009-EP-E9-0004	23,186
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	2010-EP-F0-0068	10,184
State Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	2007-GE-T7-0019	63,002
State Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	2009-SS-T9-0059	66,959
Citizen Corp Program	97.067	2008-GE-T8-0013	6,000
Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program	97.067	2008-IO-T8-0011	 2,560
Total United States Department of Homeland Security			736,754

General

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal award programs of the Caldwell Parish Police Jury as defined in Note 1 to the financial statements. All federal award programs received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the schedule.

Basis of Accounting

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note I to the Police Jury's financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Other Reports



Hulsey, Harwood & Sheridan, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Caldwelt Parish Police Jury Columbia, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Caldwell Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise Caldwell Parish Police Jury's primary government financial statements and our report thereon dated June 28, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Caldwell Parish Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Caldwell Parish Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Caldwell Parish Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting

A deficiency m internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Caldwell Parish Police Jury
Columbia, Louisiana
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance, etc.
December 31, 2010

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Caldwell Parish Police Jury's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members of Caldwell Parish Police Jury, management, pass-through entities and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Although the intended use of this report may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, it is issued by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

HULSEY, HARWOOD & SHERIDAN, LLC

Halsey, Harwood & Shoridan

June 28, 2011

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Hulsey, Harwood & Sheridan, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with *OMB Circular A-133*

Caldwell Parish Police Jury Columbia Louisiana

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Caldwell Parish Police Jury with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2010. The Caldwell Parish Police Jury's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Caldwell Parish Police Jury's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Caldwell Parish Police Jury's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 (equire that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major tederal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Caldwell Parish Police Jury's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Caldwell Parish Police Jury's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Caldwell Parish Police Jury complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Internal Control over Compliance

The management of Caldwell Parish Police Jury is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Caldwell Parish Police Jury's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Caldwell Parish Folice Jury's internal control over compliance.

Caldwell Parish Police Jury
Columbia, Louisiana
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance
in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
December 31, 2010

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Caldwell Parish Police Jury, management, federal awarding agencies, pass-through entities and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Although the intended use of this report may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, it is issued by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

HULSEY, HARWOOD & SHERIDAN, LLC

Holay, Harnood & Sheridan

June 28, 2011

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses unqualified opinions on the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Caldwell Parish Police Jury. Due to the omission of the financial statements of the component units listed in note 1 to the financial statements, the auditor's report expresses an adverse opinion on the aggregate discretely presented component units. The component units issue separate financial statements.
- 2. No significant deficiencies were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Caldwell Parish Police Jury were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies in internal control over major federal award programs are reported in the Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the Caldwell Parish Police Jury expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. No audit findings relative to the major federal award programs are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133.
- 7. The following program was tested as a major program:
 - a. United States Department of Homeland Security Passed through the Louisiana Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness - Public Assistance Grant -CFDA No. 97.036.
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing between Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. The Caldwell Parish Police Jury was determined not to be a low-risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

No reportable findings resulted from the audit of the financial statements.

C. FINDINGS - SINGLE AUDIT

No reportable findings resulted from the Single Audit.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

			Planned Corrective
	Description	Corrective	Action/Partial
	of	Action Taken	Corrective
Ref. No.	Finding	Yes, No, Partially	Action Taken
2009-1	Need to monitor budgets.	Yes	N/A